

# AGENDA

A meeting of the Access and Inclusion Committee will be held on Cammeraygal Land at the Ros Crichton Pavilion Council Chambers, 200 Miller Street, North Sydney at 5:30 PM on Tuesday 25 February 2025. The agenda is as follows.

## Therese Cole CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



North Sydney Council is an Open Government Council. The records of Council are available for public viewing in accordance with this policy, with the only exception being made for certain confidential documents such as legal advice, matters required by legislation not to be divulged, and staff matters.

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### 1. Opening of Meeting

### 2. Acknowledgement of Country

### **RECOGNITION OF THE CAMMERAYGAL PEOPLE**

We respectfully acknowledge the Traditional Custodians of the land and waters of North Sydney local government area, the Cammeraygal people.

### 3. Apologies

### 4. Confirmation of Minutes

The Minutes of the previous meeting held on 29 October 2024, copies of which had been previously circulated, were taken as read and confirmed.

### 5. Disclosures of Interest

# 6. Welcome - Brendan Metcalfe, Director State Rezoning, NSW Department of Planning, Housing, and Infrastructure

Brendan Metcalfe is the Director State Rezoning, NSW Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.

Throughout my urban planning career I've grown expertise in urban design, master plans, planned precincts, comprehensive local environmental plans, planning proposals and development control plans.

Currently I lead a group of talented and passionate planners who manage the North District of Greater Sydney at the Department of Planning Industry and Environment. source: LinkedIn

Council's submission on the TOD addressed to Mr Metcalfe, dated 30 August 2024, is attached.



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Mr Brendan Metcalfe Director, State Rezoning Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Locked Bag 5022 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

EB (CPE)

30 August 2024

Dear Mr Metcalfe

#### SUBMISSION ON THE NSW GOVERNMENT'S CROWS NEST TRANSPORT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT (TOD) REZONING PROPOSAL

Thank you for the opportunity to provide feedback on the NSW Government's Crows Nest TOD rezoning proposal, exhibited between 16 July – 30 August 2024. On 26 August 2024, North Sydney Council (Council) considered a report on the matter and resolved:

**1. THAT** Council endorse the submission to the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure on the Crows Nest Transport Oriented Development (TOD) rezoning proposal (Attachment 1).

**2. THAT** the CEO be delegated authority to make further submissions on any issues that arise following the conclusion of the exhibition period.

**3. THAT** Council endorses the submission of the Access and Inclusion Committee (now Attachment 2) and provides support for the Minister for Planning and any department staff to attend the next meeting of the Committee.

North Sydney Council recognises the urgency of the housing crisis, the complexity of the causes and solutions and is committed to careful planning for population growth and delivering affordable housing. The rezoning proposal has the potential to deliver some high-quality mixed-use towers, affordable housing and local services, close to exceptional public transport and health infrastructure.

"Switching off" infill affordable housing bonuses under the Housing SEPP and draft low and mid-rise housing reforms is supported on the basis that the precinct has now undergone a final masterplanning process led by the Department.

Council's submission at Attachment 1 identifies further opportunities to improve the design and function of buildings earmarked for uplift and to reduce some of the overshadowing and other environmental impacts of those buildings on Crows Nest, St Leonards and surrounds. Council is willing to work with the Department to

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Access and Inclusion Committee - 25 February 2025 Agenda

refine the planning amendment and Design Guide to ensure the Crows Nest TOD becomes an exemplar of "density done well". Note, for example, our advice on Liveable Housing Design.

Concern is raised in the submission, however, at the extensive, rapid rezoning of the precinct for predominantly residential purposes. The combined effect of the NSW Government's Crows Nest TOD rezoning package, the St Leonards Crows Nest 2036 Plan and Build-to-Rent (BTR) provisions enables an estimated reduction of 11,000 planned jobs capacity in the precinct in the North Sydney LGA alone.

Such a reduction makes no sense for a Strategic Centre in the North District that is so well located and serviced by public transport. It will significantly compromise the planned, long-term economic function of the centre and create further environmental, social and economic impacts as the growing population is obliged to travel further for employment. Long term trends in relation to "work from home" are not fully understood. There are clear risks to fundamentally changing state government's approach to planning for jobs growth in the absence of an updated region plan and "locking in" such a high proportion of land for residential purposes at one point in time. Accordingly, an exemption from 'Built-to-Rent' provisions, retaining the E2 Commercial Core zone and revised non-residential FSR development standards are sought.

Council also calls on the Department to work with us on the land use mix and design of the Crows Nest Metro Site A and other measures to protect sunlight to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road. Design Excellence will only be achieved through better collaboration with local government.

Concern is also raised at the lack of funded plans to deliver the necessary open space, recreation, cultural and social infrastructure to support the growing population. Introduction of NSW Government's Housing and Productivity Contribution has come at the expense of local infrastructure, which suffers from a lack of funding options. It is not reasonable for the rezoning package to rely on Council to deliver major public open space upgrades to Hume Street Park, for example, if there is no mechanism to fund it. The submission calls for the preparation of an updated social impact assessment and identification of adequate funding mechanisms to deliver essential services and facilities for the growing community.

Recommendations are also made with respect to active transport and road network, the timely provision of education facilities and ensuring service constraints to potable water, sewer and electrical infrastructure are addressed.

Please find attached North Sydney Council's submission to the Department on the Crows Nest TOD rezoning proposal. The submission comprises of 29 key moves, detailed comments and requested amendments to the State-led Rezoning Proposal and Design Guide, and a copy of a letter to the Minister for Planning and Public Spaces from the North Sydney Access and Inclusion Committee.

Thank you again for the opportunity to comment.

Yours faithfully

N. M'Cany

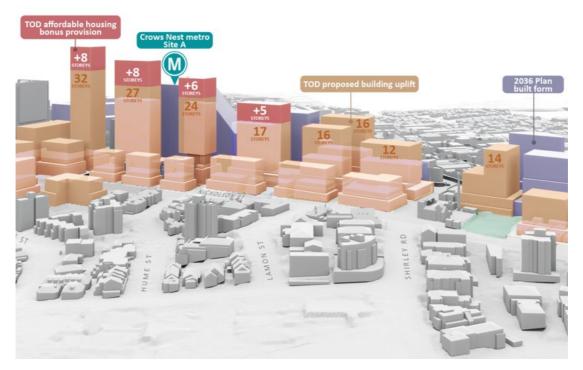
NEAL MCCARRY MANAGER STRATEGIC PLANNING

# North Sydney Council

Submission to the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure

# Crows Nest Transport Oriented Development (TOD) rezoning proposal

Submission date: 30 August 2024



Source: North Sydney Council

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## 1. Introduction

North Sydney Council is committed to supporting strong economic, social and environment outcomes for Crows Nest, St Leonards and surrounding suburbs. Council's review of the Crows Nest TOD rezoning package has been approached with the following objectives:

- support well-designed, higher density commercial, mixed-use and residential development around St Leonards Station and Crows Nest Metro station that have good separation distances and carefully transition to Willoughby Road and surrounds to the east, and Wollstonecraft to the west to protect sunlight and residential amenity
- support contributions to affordable housing held in perpetuity where impacts to additional height and density can be justified and managed
- recommend amendments to the EIE rezoning proposals and Design Guide provisions that will ensure the Crows Nest precinct will be an exemplar of 'density done well', particularly in relation to built form design, long term economic function of the centre, environmental performance, health and wellbeing of the community and active transport measures
- identify gaps in the rezoning package, particularly in relation to funding mechanisms and strategies to support the population growth with critical open space, social infrastructure and recreation facilities
- ensure the planned density is supported by adequate utility capacity and a road network that supports the safety and amenity of pedestrians and cyclists
- consider how the state government could work more closely with local government and the community on any future plans for our local government area.

Overall, the Crows Nest rezoning package has the potential to deliver some high-quality mixed-use towers that will result in greater housing supply, including affordable housing, and local services close to exceptional public transport and health infrastructure. Given the extent of uplift, switching off the additional infill affordable housing pathway is supported. This submission outlines proposed amendments to the rezoning proposal and Design Guide aimed at achieving the above objectives.

Concern is raised however, at the extensive, rapid rezoning of the precinct for predominantly residential purposes and continued application of the NSW Government's build-to-rent provisions in commercial centres. This will significantly compromise the long-term economic function of the St Leonards Strategic Centre – one of only a few major centres in Metropolitan Sydney supported by metro and heavy rail - overturning a decades long policy position of the NSW Government.

Similarly, concern is raised at the lack of open space, recreation, cultural and social infrastructure plans to support the estimated 16,000 new residents in the precinct. A funding mechanism to deliver Hume Street Park upgrades – as envisaged by Sydney Metro, the 2036 Plan and this Crows Nest TOD – is acutely needed. A social impact assessment should be undertaken as a priority. We would welcome the opportunity to work with the Department to address these issues.

This submission outlines the following:

- **Section 2** summarises the 'Key Moves' that aim to enable the Crows Nest TOD precinct support density done well
- **Section 3** provides detailed comments on the Explanation of Intended Effect for the Crows Nest TOD Precinct, Design Guide and associated technical documents

## 2. Key moves

These 'key moves' aim to enable the Crows Nest TOD precinct support density done well.

| Section  | Kou movo   |
|--|--|
| Section  | Key move   |
| 3.1<br>Infrastructure                                  | <b>NSC1</b> Call upon the State Government to ensure a funding mechanism is in place to support population growth with essential open space, community facilities, access and public domain improvements.  |
|  | <b>NSC2</b> Establish an infrastructure taskforce to fund, prioritise and ensure the timely delivery of necessary infrastructure to support the existing and incoming population.  |
| 3.2 Built form<br>design,<br>character and<br>heritage | <b>NSC3</b> Protect afternoon sunlight to Ernest Place and Willoughby<br>Road by undertaking shadow analysis at spring and autumn equinox<br>to refine building heights and/or other controls to sculpt the tower<br>forms in the precinct.                              |
|  | <b>NSC4</b> Reduce proposed building heights in 'Block 3' to provide an appropriate transition to Willoughby Road and the Five-Ways intersection.  |
|  | <b>NSC5</b> Apply a maximum FSR to all properties within the 'Focus for accelerated rezoning' area to provide greater consistency.   |
|  | NSC6 Incorporate important recommendations from the Urban<br>Design Report into the Design Guide and add critical design<br>provisions (such as minimum lot size, maximum tower length, tower<br>setback and public domain upgrade) to achieve the proposed<br>outcomes. |
|  | <b>NSC7</b> Work with Council to carefully amend the EIE rezoning proposal and Design Guide to address a suite of errors, omissions and inconsistencies to height, FSR and built form controls.  |
|  | <b>NSC8</b> Provide clear setback controls for developments above heritage items and near the Five Ways intersection.  |
| 3.3 Site-specific matters                              | NSC9 Defer the Crows Nest Metro 'Site A' from the rezoning proposal and collaborate with Council to refine the land use mix.   |
|  | NSC10 Should the 'affordable housing non-residential FSR reduction bonus' be pursued on Crows Nest Metro 'Site A', amend the built form controls to provide separate towers and reduce the overshadowing impact to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road.                     |
|  | NSC11 Defer 290 Pacific Highway from the rezoning proposal to resolve built form controls and delivery mechanisms of proposed open space along Sinclair Street.  |

| 3.4 Planning for<br>future<br>employment    | NSC12 As a principle, protect and enhance the long-term<br>employment capacity of the St Leonards Strategic centre and Crows<br>Nest Precinct to support the growing population of the North<br>District.   |
|---|---|
|   | NSC13 Retain the non-residential FSR from the 2036 Plan to protect the precinct's commercial role.  |
|   | NSC14 Note the cumulative impact of the Affordable Housing and Build-to-Rent provisions is estimated to lose 11,000 planned local jobs.   |
|   | NSC15 Either turn off the Build-to-Rent provisions on land zoned E2 Commercial Core or apply minimum non-Residential FSR controls that are slightly under the maximum FSR controls that apply to each site. |
| 3.5 Affordable housing                      | NSC16 Retain mandatory affordable housing to be held in perpetuity as a TOD principle.  |
|   | NSC17 Key sites with bonus uplift are not supported, due to the unacceptable negative economic, social and amenity impacts.   |
| 3.6 Liveable housing design                 | NSC18 Incorporate liveable housing design standards into the Design Guide to be a requirement for all new developments.   |
| 3.7 Community resilience                    | NSC19 Undertake a social impact assessment a matter of priority.  |
|   | NSC20 Work with North Sydney Council to address existing and future funding gaps in social infrastructure that cannot be funded through Council's existing local infrastructure contributions plan.         |
|   | NSC21 NSW Government to release plans to meet the increased demand for schools.   |
| 3.8 Arts and culture                        | NSC22 Work with North Sydney Council to address existing and future funding gaps in cultural infrastructure that cannot be funded through Council's existing local infrastructure contributions plan.       |
| 3.9 Parks, open<br>spaces and<br>recreation | NSC23 Identify a funding mechanism to enable the timely expansion of Hume Street Park as a priority.  |
| 3.10<br>Environmental<br>sustainability     | NSC24 Incorporate design standards into the Design Guide to ensure all new developments are to use only electricity for all energy requirements associated with normal operations.                          |

| 3.11 Transport         | NSC25 Prioritise pedestrian safety and connectivity with reduced speed limits, traffic calming treatments and pedestrian signal prioritisation at traffic signals.  |
|------------------------|---|
|                        | NSC26 Deliver safe and connected cycleways to promote cycling and encourage young people to cycle to school.  |
|                        | NSC27 Implement parking maximums to reduce car ownership and deliver the aims of Transit Oriented Development.  |
| 3.12 Utilities         | NSC28 A detailed analysis is undertaken to capture the full scope of<br>the upgrade to infrastructure and services to support the increase in<br>housing supply and recognise how this financial burden will not be<br>borne solely by Council and its residents. |
| 3.13<br>Implementation | NSC29 Ensure Council's future participation in planning our centres and greater community involvement.  |

## 3. Issues and recommendations

### 3.1 Infrastructure funding and delivery

#### **KEY MOVES**

- NSC1 Call upon the State Government to ensure a funding mechanism is in place to support population growth with essential open space, community facilities, access and public domain improvements.
- NSC2 Establish an infrastructure taskforce to prioritise and ensure the timely delivery of necessary infrastructure to support the existing and incoming population.

#### ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### A1 Infrastructure funding

A population increase of approximately 16,000 people is forecast across the St Leonards and Crows Nest precinct. Without an adequate infrastructure contributions framework to deliver essential supporting infrastructure and facilities the stated objective within the EIE of *delivering housing supported by public places, vibrancy and community amenity* will simply not be met.

#### A2 State Infrastructure

Development in the precinct will be required to pay a Housing and Productivity Contribution (HPC) of \$10,000 per additional dwelling, to help fund State infrastructure across Greater Sydney. This payment is made directly to the State Government prior to construction commencing. In announcing the 8 TOD Tier 1 precincts, the State Government committed to directing \$520 million from that fund to be shared across the 8 precincts. Details on the timing and actual infrastructure that will be funded in the Crows Nest precinct are unknown at this time nor the governance arrangements and project selection process.

When the draft Special Infrastructure Contribution (SIC) was first exhibited (mid 2019) it was accompanied by an itemised project list for the precinct. Whilst North Sydney Council did not necessarily agree with the all the projects identified, their inclusion at least ensured that the contributions accumulated could only be expended on these projects within the precinct. When the St Leonards Crows Nest 2036 Plan was finalised in August 2020, a SIC requiring the payment of \$15,000 per additional dwelling was formalised. The (legal) determination of the SIC included a truncated Infrastructure Schedule totalling some \$116.5 million dollars to be accumulated and spent within the precinct. An extract is provided below. This identified road crossing improvements, education, open space (including reference to Hume Street Park) and pedestrian and cycle improvements.

|    | Infrastructure   | Attributable cost |
|----|--|-------------------|
| 1. | Road crossing improvements – to<br>improve connectivity and pedestrian<br>safety   | \$4,888,722       |
| 2. | Education – additional school places<br>required by projected population<br>growth in the special contributions area   | \$22,708,961      |
| 3. | Open space – provision of open space<br>through creating new or expanded<br>parks such as Hume Street Park and a<br>new park in St Leonards South                    | \$78,369,237      |
| 4. | Pedestrian and cycle improvements –<br>to enhance and expand cycleways and<br>pedestrian paths along critical links<br>such as Willoughby Road and Chandos<br>Street | \$8,891,776       |
| 5. | Planning and delivery  | \$1,722,880       |
|    | TOTAL  | \$116,581,576     |

Figure A.1 - Extract Environmental Planning and Assessment (Special Infrastructure Contribution – St Leonards and Crows Nest) Determination 2020

The SIC for St Leonards and Crows Nest was subsequently repealed when the HPC order was made in October 2023. As a result, there is little certainty that funds levied and accumulated through the HPC will be spent within the precinct. Given the intensity of development proposed the need for the timely delivery of supporting infrastructure is paramount.

It is also noted that Council at its meeting of 24 June 2024, it resolved;

**2. THAT** Council call on the State Government to provide a special infrastructure contribution for the Crows Nest Accelerated TOD Precinct to fund and deliver essential community infrastructure for the existing, planned, and additional planned population including open space, road upgrades, community facilities etc, and upgrades to essential services.

The re-zoning of lands, as proposed by the EIE, will result in significant land value uplift to individual landowners due to the increased development capacity. The imposition of a SIC on new development (to fund necessary supporting infrastructure within the precinct) can be better factored into development feasibility models if done at the time of re-zoning. This will help ensure necessary infrastructure is delivered within the precinct to support the current and growing community.

It is also noted that the NSW Government has a range of funding mechanisms available to provide or enhance regional infrastructure such as schools and State roads. It is inappropriate to fund such infrastructure from development levies, if it comes at the expense of local infrastructure, which suffers from a lack of funding options.

#### A3 LOCAL INFRASTRUCTURE

The North Sydney Local Infrastructure Contributions Plan (2020) allows Council to levy new development to help fund local infrastructure such as Open Space and Recreation facilities, Community facilities, public domain works and active transport. These funds are able to be levied to help meet the increased demand created by new development. Importantly, under the relevant legislation, in an 'in-fill' environment like North Sydney the cost of new and upgraded facilities cannot usually be attributed entirely to the incoming population. As a result, Council is unable to fully fund projects from funds levied under s7.11 and needs to find alternate sources of funding such as grants or general revenue, to deliver new and upgraded facilities.

This challenge has been further exacerbated due to the 'cap' of 20,000 on new residential development that was imposed in 2011 - a figure has not been the subject of review or indexation in over 13 years.

To help address the need to deliver appropriate and necessary supporting infrastructure, North Sydney Council has previously been able to negotiate Voluntary Planning Agreements at the time of consideration of site-specific amendments to LEP planning controls. This has led to Council being able to secure public benefits (such as a new arts facility, open space, monetary contributions towards facilities and the like) that it would otherwise have been unable to provide. However, since the imposition of a SIC (now replaced with the HPC) landowners have been unwilling to contribute towards these wider public benefits citing feasibility reasons because of the additional State imposed levies. Given that the EIE will result in a precinct wide uplift to development potential the imposition of a SIC would provide an income source for the delivery of supporting infrastructure within the precinct.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Reinstate a SIC to apply to the St Leonards Crows Nest precinct with all levies accumulated to be spent within the precinct.
- Establish a multi-agency taskforce or program to fund and prioritise the timely delivery of necessary supporting infrastructure.

## 3.2 Built form design, character and heritage

| KEY MOVES |   |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| NSC3      | Protect afternoon sunlight to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road by undertaking shadow<br>analysis at spring and autumn equinox to refine building heights and/or other controls<br>to sculpt the tower forms in the precinct.                                  |  |
| NSC4      | Reduce proposed building heights in 'Block 3' to provide an appropriate transition to<br>Willoughby Road and the 5-Ways intersection.   |  |
| NSC5      | Apply a maximum FSR to all properties within the 'Focus for accelerated rezoning' area to provide greater consistency.  |  |
| NSC6      | Incorporate important recommendations from the Urban Design Report into the Design<br>Guide and add critical design provisions (such as minimum lot size, maximum tower<br>length, tower setback and public domain upgrade) to achieve the proposed outcomes. |  |
| NSC7      | Work with Council to carefully amend the EIE rezoning proposal and Design Guide to address a suite of errors, omissions and inconsistencies to height, FSR and built form controls.   |  |
| NSC8      | Provide clear setback controls for developments above heritage items and near the Five Ways intersection.   |  |
| ISSUE     | S AND RECOMMENDATIONS   |  |

#### 3.2.1 BUILDING HEIGHT

**B1** Protect afternoon sunlight to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road by undertaking shadow analysis at spring and autumn equinox and refining building heights and/or other controls to sculpt the tower forms in the precinct

The importance of vibrant local restaurants and cafes along Willoughby Road and Ernest Place to the character, amenity and local economy of Crows Nest is recognised by the EIE, Design Guide and supporting Urban Design Study. Willougby Road and Ernest Place is the heart of Crows Nest.

Protecting afternoon sunlight to Willoughby Road and Ernest Place is important. It is one of the few public areas in Crows Nest that receive sunlight during after school hours.

Over the years, successive state government decisions on the height and scale of the Crows Nest Metro Site A over station development, and surrounding towers on the Pacific Highway under the 2036 Plan, the Crows Nest TOD and Crows Nest TOD affordable housing bonus provisions have incrementally – and cumulatively, blocked afternoon sunlight to the Willoughby Road dining areas and Ernest Place.

Council's own solar analysis indicates that Willoughby Road and Ernest Place currently has direct sunlight until at least 5.30 – 5.45pm during spring and autumn equinoxes (See Section 3.3). Once the Crows Nest Metro Site A and Crows Nest TOD towers are constructed, as currently proposed, Ernest Place will begin to be overshadowed some time between 4.10-4.25pm onwards.

No shadow studies have been released to support the Crows Nest TOD rezoning proposal.

It is recommended that Council work with the Department and their consultants to undertake shadow analysis at spring and autumn equinox and identify opportunities to improve sunlight to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road.

#### B2 Reduce proposed building heights to 'Block 3' of the Pacific Highway

Willoughby Road has been identified (2036 Plan & NSDCP 2013) as a key high-quality character area that is to maintain its current scale and density. This is reinforced within the urban design principles in the Design Guide emphasise that *"Willoughby Road is important and is to be protected. New development is to ensure minimal overshadowing and avoid unreasonable visual impact to the public domain"*. As the character and function of Willoughby Road are vital to the community, any impacts arising from the proposed changes must be minimised and carefully mitigated. In particular, the transition between new high-density developments and the existing low-density, fine-grain development along Willoughby Road requires meticulous consideration.

#### 437-475 Pacific Highway (Building 1)

Building 1, which is located adjacent to properties fronting Willoughby Road is proposed to have its building height increased from 8 storeys (as per the 2036 Plan) to 16 storeys (refer to Figure B2.1 and B2.2).

Further to this, the EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height to 59m to allow a 16storey building. However, the proposed metre height limit (59m) is inconsistent with other sites which are also anticipated to accommodate a 16-storey building (56m).

This increase would significantly alter the scale of this sensitive transition area, impacting on the character and amenity of the Willoughby Road streetscape. Figure B2.3 illustrates the view southwards along Willoughby Road, where the proposed 16-storey building would be seen directly behind the fine-grain 2-storey retail shops, creating a bulky visual impact that detracts from the existing character of Willoughby Road. In comparison, the previously proposed 8-storey building height in the 2036 Plan offers a more appropriate height transition, providing a more respectful interface and preserving the high-quality amenity of Willoughby Road.

#### 328-348 Pacific Highway (Building 2) and 312-326 Pacific Highway (Building 3)

Buildings 2 and 3, located on the south-western side of Pacific Highway, are proposed to increase in height from 8 storeys (as per the 2036 Plan) to 16 and 12 storeys (refer to Figures B2.1 and B2.2).

These height increases are out of scale with the character of Willoughby Road and the heritage value of the Five-Ways Intersection. They will negatively impact the visual amenity of Willoughby Road, reducing the opportunity for a visual break between the proposed towers along Pacific Highway (see Figures B2.2 and B2.3).

Additionally, these sites feature a row of well-established heritage façades, which, along with the iconic Five Ways Intersection, serve as a gateway to Crows Nest Village (see Figures

B2.2 and B2.4). These low-scale, fine-grain retail shops are key to the local character that sets Crows Nest apart from other high-density suburbs.

To protect this local character and provide appropriate scaled development over this group of heritage façades, it is recommended to retain the consistent 8-storey building height from the 2036 Plan, with a 4m setback above the podium, as advised in the Crows Nest TOD Urban Design Report. This approach would largely conceal the buildings behind the development on the north-eastern side of Pacific Highway, create a visual break, respond to the heritage façades, and preserve the fine-grain local character (refer to Figure B2.3).

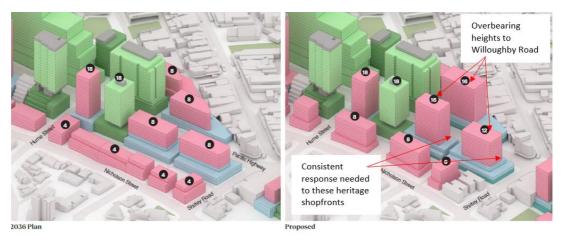


Figure B2.1: Building heights comparison between 2036 Plan and Crows Nest TOD at Block 3 (Source: Urban Design Report marked up by NSC)

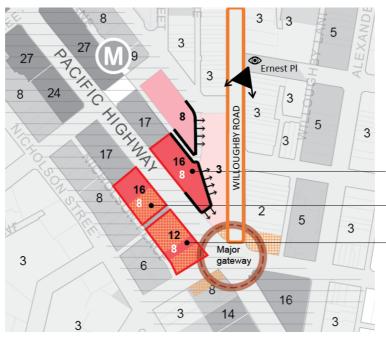


Figure B2.2: Building heights recommendation at Block 3

#### Building 1:

Reduce the building height to <u>8st</u> to provide a proper transition towards Willoughby Road.

#### Buildings 2 & 3:

Reduce the building height to <u>8st</u> to provide a visual break, <u>minimise</u> the visual impact from Willoughby Road and protect the local character.

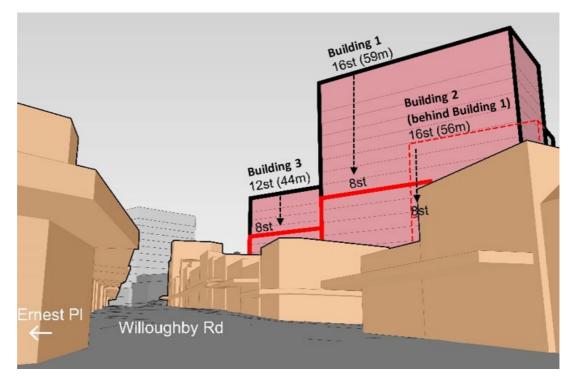


Figure B2.3: Buildings 1, 2 & 3 - View southwards along Willoughby Road



Figure B2.4: Heritage façade along Pacific Highway at Crows Nest

#### **Recommendations:**

- Work with Council to carefully shape and locate towers to improve afternoon sunlight to Willoughby Road and Ernest Place before finalising building heights and FSR
- Reduce the maximum height limit on 437-475 Pacific Highway Building 1 to 8-storeys
- Work with Council to carefully design the 5-Ways 'Block 3' (including Buildings 2 and 3) which are likely to better support a maximum 8-storey buildings as per the 2036 Plan
- Include a 4m above podium setback along Pacific Highway for 312-348 Pacific Highway in the Design Guide as advised in the Crows Nest TOD Urban Design Report

# B3 Realign proposed building heights in metres to correlate with building heights in storeys

The EIE includes proposed building height controls specified in metres, which is a supported approach as it provides clear height limits and helps avoid unnecessary clarification or adjustments during the preparation of development proposals. These heights are generally based on the recommended built form in terms of storeys within the Urban Design Report.

However, it has been observed that some sites have been allocated additional building height that is not necessary and is misaligned with the proposed building heights in storeys under this Package (Figure B3.1). These discrepancies are described in detail in the following subsections.



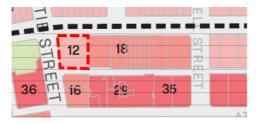
Figure B3.1 – LEP height of building map - misaligned height in metres

#### 1 Chandos Street

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height at 1 Chandos Street to 64m (the equivalent of 18 storeys), consistent with the remaining sites along the southern side of Chandos Street between Christie Street and Mitchell Street. However, the height limit is inconsistent with the anticipated number of storeys for the site, which is identified under the EIE Package and former 2036 Plan as 12 storeys.

Other sites that are envisaged to accommodate 12 storeys have been afforded a maximum height of 43m. Accordingly, a maximum 43m height limit should be applied to this site.

Furthermore, increasing the height limit to that proposed on this site would have detrimental impacts on solar access to Christie Street Reserve, which is inconsistent with the desired solar access outcomes of the EIE Package.



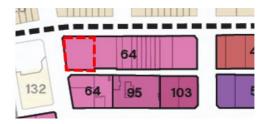


Figure B3.3 - Proposed building heights diagram (height in storeys) Figure B2.4 - Proposed LEP HOB map (height in metres)

#### 2 Atchison Street & 77-83 Christie Street

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height at 2 Atchison Street and 77-83 Christe Street to 64m (the equivalent of 18 storeys). However, the proposed height limit is inconsistent with the anticipated number of storeys for these sites, which are identified under the EIE Package and former 2036 Plan as 16 storeys for 77-83 Christie Street and 29 storeys for 2 Atchison Street.

It is further noted that North Sydney Council's Planning Study for Precincts 2 & 3 envisaged that all of these sites accommodating a consistent 16 storey built form. This issue was raised when Council made representations in response to the draft versions of the 2036 Plan, which was in part heavily based on the outcomes of Council's Planning Study for Precincts 2 & 3.

To ensure a more consistent approach to development potential as originally envisaged, it is recommended that the Urban Design Report be amended to reflect a 16 storey built form outcome across all three sites.

Sites that are envisaged to accommodate 16 storeys, have been afforded a maximum height of 56m. Accordingly, a maximum 56m height limit should be applied to these sites.

#### 360-376 Pacific Highway

This site is subject to a bonus height provision enabling a building to a maximum height of 86m (22 storeys) if 15% affordable housing is provided.

Based on the floor-to-floor height assumptions within the Package, and the anticipated number of storeys, a maximum building height of 78m would apply. This indicates that the bonus height allocated to the site is excessive and would lead to increased amenity impacts on surrounding development.

#### 378-390 Pacific Highway

This site is subject to a bonus height provision enabling a building to a maximum height of 106m (30 storeys) if 15% affordable housing is provided.

Based on the floor-to-floor height assumptions within the Package, and the anticipated number of storeys, a maximum building height of 103m would apply. This indicates that the bonus height allocated to the site is excessive and would lead to increased amenity impacts on surrounding development.

#### 34-38 Oxley Street

The Urban Design Report identifies that these sites are to accommodate an 8 storey built form. The sites are currently subject to a 26m height limit and a minimum non-residential FSR of 1:1.

Based on the Package's floor-to-floor assumptions, an 8 storey built form cannot be erected on this site. It is recommended that the height limit be increased on these sites to 30m to reflect the desired outcome.

#### 20-34 Clarke Street

The Urban Design Report identifies that these sites are to accommodate an 8 storey built form. The sites are currently subject to a 20m height limit and a minimum non-residential FSR of 0.5:1.

Based on the Package's floor-to-floor assumptions, an 8 storey built form cannot be erected on these sites. It is recommended that the height limit be increased on these sites to 30m to reflect the desired outcome.

#### 58-64 Atchison Street

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height at 58-64 Atchison Street to 54m (the equivalent of 16 storeys). This proposed height limit is inconsistent with other properties adjacent to the site which have the same number of anticipated storeys, maximum FSR and minimum non-residential FSR controls, which have a 56m height limit. Accordingly, a maximum 56m height limit should be applied to this site.

#### 50 Rocklands Road & 198 Pacific Highway

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height at 50 Rocklands Road & 198 Pacific Highway to 59m (the equivalent of 17 storeys). This proposed height limit is unlikely to be achieved, as both of these sites are only 12m in width and have a combined depth of approximately 45m, it would be impossible to erect a new building to the height proposed once the need to apply appropriate separation distances above the podium level are taken into account. Further, there is no capacity to incorporate these sites with the property at 220 Pacific Highway which was redeveloped within the last 10-15 years and is strata subdivided. It is therefore recommended that there be no change in height to this site, which should remain at 16m. In addition, to avoid any confusion, the Urban Design Report should be amended to reflect a 4 storey built form outcome.

#### 246-258 Pacific Highway

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum at 246-258 Pacific Highway to 29m (the equivalent of 8 storeys). However, this height limit is contrary to that suggested within the Urban Design Report which suggests a 14 storey building is to be accommodated on the site. A further review of the Urban Design Report suggests that no additional uplift is anticipated on this site. To avoid any confusion, the Urban Design Report should be amended to reflect an 8 storey built form outcome.

#### 398 Pacific Highway

Whilst the EIE does not seek to increase the existing maximum building height of 16m at 398 Pacific Highway, the Urban Design Report suggests a 27-storey tall building (approximately 92m) is to be accommodated on the site, consistent with the adjacent site at 402-420 Pacific Highway. A further review of the Urban Design Report suggests that no additional uplift is anticipated on this site. To avoid any confusion, the Urban Design Report should be amended to reflect the retention of a 4-5 storey built form outcome.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Reduce LEP building heights in metres at 1 Chandos Street, 2 Atchison Street and 77-83 Christie Street to match the proposed building heights in storeys. 437-475 Pacific Highway also does not match but is recommended to be reduced to 8 storeys (see above)
- The Urban Design Report be revised to apply a maximum of 16 storeys to 2 Atchison Street
- Reduce LEP building heights with affordable housing bonus at 360-376 Pacific Highway and 378-390 Pacific Highway to align with the proposed building heights in storeys; note comments at Section 3.5
- Increase the LEP building heights at 34-38 Oxley Street, 20-34 Clarke Street and 58-64 Atchison Street to align with the proposed maximum height in storeys
- Remove any proposed LEP building height changes to 50 Rocklands Road & 198 Pacific Highway and amend the Urban Design Report to reflect a 4 storey built form outcome.
- The Urban Design Report be revised to apply a maximum of 8 storeys to 246-258 Pacific Highway
- The Urban Design Report be revised to apply a maximum of 4-5 storeys at 398 Pacific Highway
- The Design Guide be revised to include the height of buildings in storeys map.

#### B4 Amend floor-to-floor height assumptions to ensure realistic measurements

The EIE, Design Guide and Urban Design report include maximum "floor-to-floor height assumptions". Inclusion of such a provision is supported as it provides greater clarity as to what is expected to be delivered. However, some of the assumptions are either too generous or unrealistic, which may cause unnecessary clarification or adjustments during the preparation of development proposals. Table B4.1, below outlines Council's recommendations in relation to the proposed floor to floor height assumptions.

| TABLE B4.1: Analysis of floor-to-floor assumptions |                |                              |  |
|--|----------------|------------------------------|--|
| Maximum floor height                               | Crows Nest TOD | Council Suggestion           |  |
| Ground floor (all uses)                            | 5m             | Ground floor commercial: 5m  |  |
|  |                | Ground floor residential: 4m |  |
| Above ground floor (residential)                   | 3.2m           | 3.2m                         |  |
| Above ground floor (commercial)                    | 3.8m           | 3.8m                         |  |
| Rooftop service zone (2-20 storeys)                | 2m             | 3m                           |  |
| Rooftop service zone (21-40 storeys)               | 4.5m           | 4.5m                         |  |

The proposed maximum floor to floor height set for the ground floor level of 5m is regardless of use. The Package applies to land intended to be used solely for non-residential purposes, mixed use purposes and solely residential purposes.

A 5m floor to floor height for is too excessive when the entire development is to be used for residential premises. The Apartment Design Guide suggests a 3.7m floor-to-floor height for residential ground floor within local centres to provide flexibility and conversion to non-residential uses.

The proposed floor-to-floor height of 2m for the rooftop service zone for buildings between 2-20 storeys is insufficient to accommodate lift overruns and other rooftop structures required to service the building. It is recommended that the roof top service zone for 2-20 storey buildings be increased to 3m.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Provide different maximum floor height controls for ground floor commercial and residential uses: 5m for commercial use and 4m for residential use.
- Increase the maximum floor to floor height control for the rooftop service zone for 2-20 storey buildings to 3m.

#### 3.2.2 FSR AND NON-RESIDENTIAL FSR CONTROLS

#### **B5** Reduce ground floor GBA-GFA efficiency assumption to 50%

The EIE, Urban Design Report and Design Guide apply some assumptions with respect to the translation of Gross Building Area (GBA) to Gross Floor Area (GFA) to establish appropriate FSR and Non-residential FSR controls. The inclusion of this translation is supported in principle as it increases clarity in the application of the FSR and Non-residential FSR controls. However, the efficiency assumption of 65% for the ground floor level in relation to non-residential floor space is overly optimistic. This is due to the practical requirements for vehicle entry, fire egress, driveways, and other essential service functions at ground level. A more appropriate rate is 50% for such uses and has historically been considered best practice in applying non-residential FSR controls where only the ground floor level of a mixed use building is to comprise non-residential development to ensure active street frontages.

#### **Recommendations:**

• Reduce the GBA-GFA efficiency assumption for ground floor (non-residential) to 50%, which is the standard industry rate.

#### B6 Apply a maximum FSR to all properties within the "Focus for accelerated rezoning" area

Most sites within the Precinct have a maximum FSR control applied to them, are generally consistent with the outcomes envisaged under the 2036 Plan and as revised under the proposed EIE in relation to additional analysis undertaken. However, there are a number of sites where a maximum FSR has not been applied.

It appears that a maximum FSR has not been applied to those properties which have been redeveloped in the recent past. However, it is unclear as to why all the other sites which are not proposed to have a maximum FSR applied, but gain uplift through increased maximum heights have been specifically excluded.

Applying maximum FSR controls across all sites in the Precinct provides a higher level of clarity and transparency as to the expected outcomes on each site in a consistent fashion.

Specific sites are addressed below:

#### 7-17 Sinclair Street

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height to 29m at 7-17 Sinclair Street, consistent with the remainder of properties zoned *R4 High Density Residential* on the north-eastern side of Sinclair Street. However, this property has not received a maximum FSR requirement, consistent with the other *R4 High Density Residential* zoned properties on the north-eastern side of Sinclair Street (which is proposed to be 2:1). It is therefore recommended that a 2:1 FSR control is applied to 7-17 Sinclair Street to ensure that any redevelopment on this site is consistent with the remainder of the street.

#### 1 Chandos Street

The EIE does not seek to impose a maximum FSR control over 1 Chandos Street. This represents an inconsistent approach to the application of this control in the Precinct.

The 2036 Plan proposed a maximum FSR of 9:1 for this site. However, upon applying the proposed setback controls within the Package, an FSR of 8.3:1 is achievable based on the GBA to GFA assumptions (except for ground level non-residential floorspace, which has been reduced to 50%). It is therefore recommended that an 8.3:1 FSR is applied to this site.

#### 11 Chandos Street

The EIE seeks to increase the maximum building height to 64m at 11 Chandos Street, consistent with the remainder of properties zoned MU1 Mixed Use on the southern side of Chandos Street. However, this property has not received a maximum FSR requirement, consistent with the other properties zoned MU1 Mixed Use on the southern side of Chandos Street, which is proposed to be 6.5:1. It is therefore recommended that a 6.5:1 FSR control be applied to 11 Chandos Street to ensure that any redevelopment on this site is consistent with the remainder of the street.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Apply a maximum FSR of:
- o 2:1 to 7-17 Sinclair Street, consistent with adjoining properties.
- o 8.3:1 to 1 Chandos Street consistent with built for outcomes for this site.
- o 6.5:1 to 11 Chandos Street consistent with the 2036 Plan and adjoining properties.

#### **3.2.3 OTHER BUILT FORM CONTROLS**

**B**7

Misaligned setbacks between 3D views, sections and setbacks map and unsupported proposed setback changes to NSDCP2013

Both the Urban Design Report and Design Guide, illustrate the desired setbacks for land throughout the Precinct. However, a number of discrepancies have been identified between the proposed setbacks depicted in the 3D views, cross-site sections, and the setbacks map. It is important to ensure that the setback controls outlined in the Design Guide are accurately and consistently reflected in all visual representations.

Additionally, the proposed setback controls seek to introduce several modifications in comparison to the 2036 Plan and North Sydney Development Control Plan (NSDCP 2013). Upon review, it is evident that some of the proposed setbacks are not supported as they undermine the desired character of the area and negatively impact on local amenity.

Further details on these issues are provided in the accompanying list and diagram (see Figure B7.1).

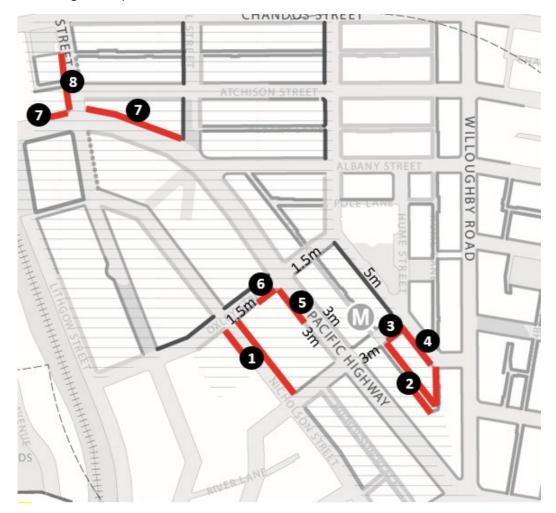


Figure B7.1 - Propose setback controls map - misalignments and unsupported changes

Misaligned setbacks:

<u>1.</u> <u>Nicholson Street:</u> The proposed setback diagram shows a 3m setback along each side of Nicholson Street, while the sections indicate a 6m setback. It is requested

that the setback diagram within the Design Guide be amended to reflect a 6m setback.

Unsupported setbacks:

- 2. Clarke Lane and Hume Lane: A nil setback is proposed to both sides of the laneways. The 2036 Plan sought a 1.5m reverse podium setback along its north-eastern side, while remained silent with regards to its south-western side. NSDCP 2013 specifies a 1.5m whole of building setback to the north-eastern side of the laneways and a varied setback to the south-western side adjacent to the Crows Nest Metro site to align with the SSD Concept Approval. Implementing a 1.5m setback, especially along their north-eastern side would align with the setback further north along Hume Lane, creating a consistent street frontage. Considering the significant foot traffic generated from the Metro Station and the potential through-site link at Hume Lane, a 1.5m setback is essential for pedestrian amenity.
- 3. <u>Hume Street:</u> A nil setback is proposed between Clarke Lane and Clarke Street, while a 1.5m setback is proposed between Pacific Highway and Clarke Lane (Metro Site C frontage). NSDCP 2013 requires a consistent 2.5m setback along Hume Street for an aligned frontage and a direct pedestrian connection to Hume Street Park. Therefore, a 2.5m setback is recommended for this location.
- 4. Clarke Street: A nil setback is proposed between Hume Street and Hume Lane, and 5m between Hume Street and Oxley Street. Whilst the 2036 Plan was silent, NSDCP 2013 requires a 3m setback (except for Crows Nest Metro Site C which has a 1.2m setback) to allow space for outdoor dining and landscaping. While the 5m setback is welcomed between Hume and Oxley Streets, a 3m setback should apply as it will still enable the ability to provide landscaping and pedestrian activity. In addition, implementation of a 5m setback could adversely impact on the redevelopment potential of these sites, as the depth of the lots would be reduced to approximately 22m.
- 5. Pacific Highway: A 3m setback is proposed on both sides of Pacific Highway between Oxley Street and Hume Street, except for the northern end of the western side, where a 0m setback is proposed. Both the 2036 Plan and NSDCP 2013 recommend a 3m setback along the entire Pacific Highway frontage for this block to provide a consistent street frontage and sufficient footpath space for pedestrians near the Metro Station. Therefore, to maximise pedestrian amenity, it is recommended that continuous 3m setback be applied.
- 6. Oxley Street: A nil setback is proposed at this location. The adjoining block along Oxley Street across Pacific Highway has a 1.5m setback. Given the large site area, providing a continuous 1.5m setback would not negatively impact development feasibility and would achieve a consistent streetscape along the length of the Oxley Street green link, a regional cycling link. The 1.5m setback can also support additional landscaping, providing a comfortable environment for active transport users.

- 7. Pacific Highway: A 3m setback is proposed along Pacific Highway, west of Mitchell Street. The 2036 Plan and NSDCP 2013 suggests a 3m reverse setback for the lower two ground levels in this section to allow for footpath widening and to accommodate reasonable development floorplates given the limited width of the sites. It is recommended that a reverse 3m setback be reinstated for these sites.
- <u>8.</u> Christie Street: A nil setback is proposed along the western side of Christie Street. Whilst the 2036 Plan was silent with regard to any setbacks along this side of the street. NSDCP 2013 requires a 3m reverse setback along the western side of Christie Street to provide additional space for footpath widening near the railway station and to maintain a consistent street frontage.

#### **Recommendations:**

• Amend the proposed setback control diagram to correct any misalignment with the section diagram and incorporate Council's recommendations.

#### B8 Misaligned podium heights between 3D views, sections and street wall heights map and unsupported proposed podium height changes to NSDCP 2013

Several discrepancies are noted between the proposed podium height controls in the 3D views, sections, and control map. It is crucial that the Design Guide accurately reflects these controls.

Additionally, some proposed podium heights differ from those under the 2036 Plan and the NSDCP 2013, and are not supported. Details are provided in the accompanying list and diagram (see Figure B8.1) below.

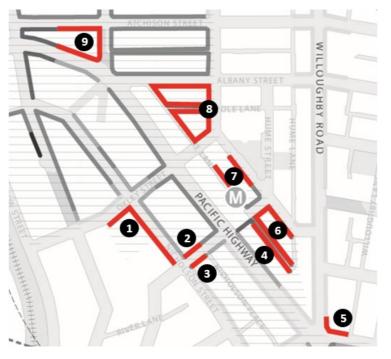


Figure B8.1 - Proposed street wall heights map - misalignments and unsupported changes

Misaligned street wall heights:

- 1. <u>Nicholson Street and Oxley Street (Block 4)</u>: The street wall height diagram shows a 2-storey street wall, whereas the 3D view and section indicate a 3-storey street wall.
- 2. <u>Hume Street (Block 4)</u>: The street wall height diagram shows a 4-storey street wall, while the 3D view indicates a 3-storey street wall.
- 3. <u>Hume Street (Block 3)</u>: The street wall height diagram shows a 4-storey street wall, however, the 3D view indicates a 2-storey street wall.
- <u>4.</u> <u>Clarke Lane (Block 3)</u>: The street wall height diagram shows a 6-storey street wall, while the 3D view indicates a 2-storey street wall and the section shows a 4-storey street wall.

Unsupported street wall heights:

- 5. Falcon Street and Willoughby Road: The street wall height diagram shows a 2-storey street wall, but NSDCP2013 specifies 3 storeys. The site includes a heritage-listed building with a 3-storey street wall.
- <u>6.</u> <u>Clarke Street, Hume Street and Clarke Lane:</u> The proposed 4-storey street wall with an 8-storey building height contrasts with the 2036 Plan's recommendation of 2 storeys. Due to the site's topography, NSDCP2013 suggests 3 storeys along Clarke Street and Hume Street, and 2 storeys along Clarke Lane. Aligning with NSDCP2013 is recommended for a smoother transition to Willoughby Road.
- <u>7.</u> <u>Clarke Street and Clarke Lane:</u> The proposed 4-storey street wall is higher than the 2-storey street wall suggested by NSDCP2013, which supports a more human-scaled streetscape and larger footpath setback for outdoor dining.
- 8. Oxley Street, Albany Street, Clarke Lane and Pole Lane: The proposed 6-storey street wall exceeds the 3-4 storeys of existing buildings as per NSDCP2013. Most sites here are recently built and already comply with the 2036 Plan. The podium heights should be adjusted to match NSDCP2013.
- 9. Pacific Highway, Mitchell Street and Atchison Street: The site and the adjacent site at 617-621 Pacific Highway has a proposed 6-storey podium height. Given the block's westward slope, it is suggested to reduce the proposed podium height to 4 storeys for better alignment along Pacific Highway.

#### **Recommendations:**

• Amend the proposed street wall height control diagram to correct misalignments with the 3D views and section diagrams and incorporate Council's recommendations.

# **B9** Clarify the above podium setback controls for development over heritage items near the Five Ways intersection

The Package acknowledges the significant heritage elements enhancing the Five Ways intersection. The Urban Design Report suggests that new developments that are proposed to be erected and incorporate the retention of the heritage item, should be designed sensitively and to highlight the heritage façades. Specifically, it recommends:

• Incorporating large reverse setbacks for the first 1-2 storeys above the podium level over heritage items along Pacific Highway

 Providing consistent upper podium setbacks for any adjoining proposed development around the Five Ways Intersection to accentuate the intersection with strong heritage elements

While these design considerations are supported, the specific details and dimensions for these setbacks have not been included in the Design Guide. This lack of guidance makes it unclear how to implement these recommendations effectively.

#### **Recommendations:**

• Provide detailed controls, including dimensions for above podium setbacks, for developments incorporating heritage items and developments near the Five Ways intersection.

#### **3.2.4 LOCAL CHARACTER**

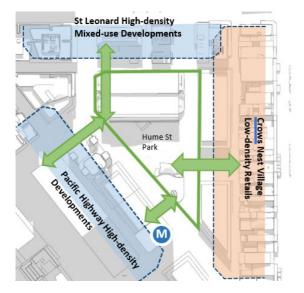
B10

# Identify the public domain opportunities and the funding mechanisms for Hume Street Park

Hume Street Park, located outside the Metro Station, is an ideal open space for residents, workers, and visitors to enjoy sunlight and activities. The recently opened through-site link connects the park with Willoughby Road and Ernest Place, enhancing access to local retail and activities. The longer term vision to close vehicular traffic to Hume Street and relocation of the above ground carpark and indoor sports facility at its northern end and childcare from its southern end, will enable the space to be better utilised for recreational purposes. Furthermore, as a junction between the high-density developments along the Pacific Highway and St Leonards local centre, and the high-quality lower scale Crows Nest Village, Hume Street Park has great potential to be the key open space for the Crows Nest Precinct (see Figure B10.1).

The proposed uplift under the Package is concentrated along the Pacific Highway and is generally considered to avoid additional shadow impacts over Hume Street Park. More than 50% of the park area receives solar access from 10am to 3pm in mid-winter, ensuring a high-quality future open space for the community. This is generally consistent with the requirements of the 2036 Plan and NSDCP 2013.

It is evident that the proposed uplift to the Lot 4B development site in the Willoughby LGA, will have a significant impact on Wadanggari Park, located on the southern side of Pacific Highway atop the railway line. The resulting increase in density on this site will cause additional shadowing, especially between 2pm and 3pm in mid-winter (see Figure B10.2), resulting in this Park only achieving 50% solar access between 12pm and 1pm. Before 11am and after 2.30pm, the park will be fully shaded.



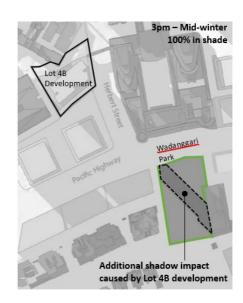


Figure B10.1 – Hume Street Park

Figure B10.2 – Wadanggari Park

This situation reinforces the need to deliver a high-quality, recreational space with high levels of solar access. Hume Street Park is well located within the heart of Crows Nest to serve both the local community and visitors. It is also capable of receiving high levels of solar access, due to the need to protect the low-rise character of Willoughby Road to the east. Accordingly, public domain opportunities and related funding mechanisms for upgrade, expansion and embellishment of Hume Street Park need to be considered and included in the Design Guide.

#### **Recommendations:**

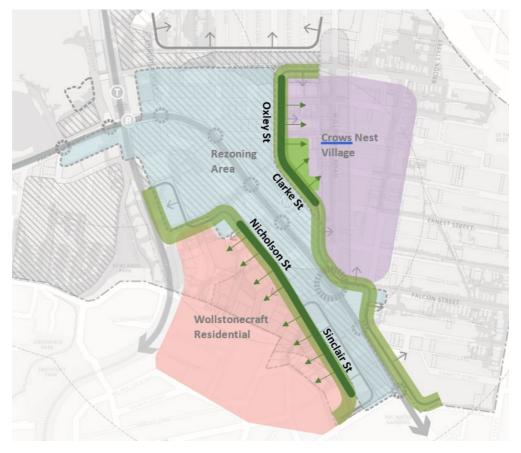
• Add clear objectives and provisions in the Design Guide to identify the public domain opportunities and related funding mechanisms to rejuvenate Hume Street Park.

#### B11 Identify public domain upgrade opportunities at transition boundaries

The Urban Design Report highlights the challenges in managing the interface between new developments and existing areas where no changes are proposed, particularly towards Crows Nest Village (east) and the Wollstonecraft residential area (southwest).

The dense urban character of the Precinct limits opportunities for delivering new open spaces, making it challenging to provide adequate amenities for a denser population. Therefore, imposing larger whole of building setbacks along certain streets at the sensitive transition boundaries is crucial. These setbacks can contribute to the provision of connected linear parks with tree canopies, landscaping, and areas for social interaction, softening the interface at transition zones.

The proposed setback controls, which include increased setbacks at these important interfaces, are supported. However, the rezoning package lacks clear recommendations for public domain improvement along these large setback zones. The proposed setbacks of 6m along Nicholson Street and 5m along Oxley Street and Clarke Street create excellent



opportunities for additional landscaping and tree canopies to soften the boundaries where land use and character change.

Figure B11.1 – Sensitive transition boundaries

#### **Recommendations:**

• Include clear provisions in Design Guide for public domain improvements at transition boundaries along Nicholson Street, Sinclair Street, Oxley Street and Clarke Street, utilising the proposed setbacks to create landscaped areas with tree canopies and spaces for social interaction.

#### B12 Protect existing heritage items

#### 290 Pacific Highway

The proposal downplays the heritage value of the 290 Pacific Highway site (former NSG and AGL showroom), recognising only the Pacific Highway facade. However, the assessment of the current development proposal, now under appeal, indicates that additional original fabric exists, though masked by recent alterations.

The proposed building envelope for 290 Pacific Highway does not consider its relationship to the existing heritage item, the Crows Nest Fire Station, and 306 Pacific Highway, all of which are heritage-listed. The proposed envelope is taller than the current development proposal before the court, impacting both the existing heritage item and the proposed urban park fronting Sinclair Street.

See Section 3.2 for further details.

**Five Ways Intersection** 

Whilst the Package acknowledges the heritage listing of four of the five corners of the Five Ways Intersection, it does not introduce any specific controls which would mitigate potential impacts.

#### B13 Consideration for potential heritage listing or retention

South of the Five Ways Intersection: The building on the south-eastern corner of the Five Ways Intersection (formerly known as 423 Pacific Highway), while superficially altered, appears materially intact. As has been recommended by Council previously (during the rezoning process for this site), to be conserved and restored as part of any new development on the triangular site bounded by Pacific Highway, Alexander Street, and Falcon Street. Given the visual prominence of this site and the Five Ways intersection, and surrounding Heritage context its retention would represent a more appropriate response.

# **B14** Lack of shadow analysis to understand the additional shadow impact caused by the proposed changes to the Wollstonecraft residential area

The Package proposes a significant increase in density across the Precinct, making it crucial to understand the additional shadow impact on the surrounding neighbourhoods and public open spaces.

The Urban Design Report includes solar studies with heat maps that compare the impacts of the 2036 Plan, the proposed base controls under the Package, and the proposed affordable housing incentives under the Package. However, these heat maps are limited to impacts on the Wollstonecraft residential area and are limited to ground, making the full extent of the shadow impact on the residential area unclear. Additionally, the Urban Design Report clearly states that the included solar study is cumulative, suggesting that further analysis should be conducted on a site-by-site basis to confirm impacts.

The absence of clear shadow analysis for the Wollstonecraft residential area and the existing and proposed open spaces makes it challenging to clearly understand and assess the additional shadow impacts caused by the proposed uplift.

#### **Recommendations:**

 Provide clear and further shadow analysis on the Wollstonecraft residential area and the key open spaces and streetscapes identified in the solar access map from the Design Guide.

#### **3.2.5 DESIGN GUIDE**

The Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide contains a vision, principles, objectives and provisions to direct future development in the area. This Design Guide will be crucial for assessing future projects, noting that it will prevail over any controls contained within Council's DCP, in the event of any inconsistencies.

Whilst the Design Guide includes a broad range of Precinct-wide guidance, there are a number of essential matters of consideration identified under the Urban Design Report which are missing. Additionally, there are a number of critical design provisions which need to be incorporated to ensure the desired future outcomes are achieved, and some of the proposed provisions seem unrealistic and need further consideration and refinement.

The following comprises a detailed list of requested amendments to the Design Guide.

**B15** Clarify whether the Apartment Design Guide (ADG) applies to the Crows Nest Precinct Ref: Relationship to Other Plans and Planning Instruments (Design Guide - Section 1.5)

#### B16 Clarify what land the Design Guide is to apply to

Ref: Relationship to Other Plans and Planning Instruments (Design Guide - Section 1.5)

Whilst Section 1.1 of the Design Guide states that the Design Guide is to apply to the "Focus for accelerated rezoning" area identified within Figure 1, the proposed guidelines appear to be able to be applied on a much wider scale to throughout the Precinct. This is evident in that Section 3 talks about "Precinct wide Design Guidelines" and includes controls that extend beyond the "Focus for accelerated rezoning" (e.g. solar access requirements).

### **B17** Reintroduce 'Transition Between Character Areas' to the Design Guide

Ref: Urban Design Principles (Design Guide - Section 2.3)

The Urban Design Report includes 8 key moves, which are incorporated into the Design Guide as the 'Urban Design Principles'. However, the key move relating to the 'transition between character areas' (see Figure B18.1) has been omitted from the Design Guide.



**Transition Between Character Areas** 

It is acknowledged that at the edges of a character area, development should respond to the adjacent character to create an appropriate transition between the two.

Figure B18.1 – Key Moves from Urban Design Report

#### **B18** Align the Objectives within the Design Guide to those within the Urban Design Report Ref: Key themes and objectives (Design Guide - Section 2.4)

The Urban Design Report (page 44) outlines objectives for land use, movement, environment, and built form. While these are addressed in the Design Guide, some key objectives from the Urban Design Report have been omitted, including:

#### Land Use

- Align expected land uses with appropriate development controls and desired future street character
- Continue to engage Aboriginal stakeholders in planning and design processes

**Environment** 

• Support setbacks for active uses and provide opportunities for tree planting

#### Built Form

- Transition heights from new development to surrounding heritage conservation areas
- Recognise and celebrate historical and contemporary Aboriginal culture in the built environment, whilst also acknowledging the diverse cultures and histories and current urban landscape of the Precinct
- B19Add Reference to Supporting Regional and Local Economy in Land Use ObjectivesRef: Key themes and objectives (Design Guide Section 2.4)

The Urban Design Report (page 43) states "The utilisation of land for different purposes, creating a balanced mix of residential and non-residential to create long-term activation for the area and support the regional and local economy."

This reference to supporting the regional and local economy is missing in the Design Guide. It is important to include this aspect in the Land Use Objectives (page 10) to align with the Urban Design Report's goals. Also refer to Section 3.4 to this report regarding the importance of retention and promotion of employment floor space in this locality.

#### B20 Reinforce Provisions 2 and 3 to protect employment floorspace within the commercial core

Ref: Land use (Design Guide - Section 3.3)

The diagram on page 15 of the Design Guide shows the Commercial Core as consisting of both MU1 Mixed Use and E2 Commercial Centre zones. Whilst Land Use Provision No. 2 seeks to protect employment floorspace through the inclusion of appropriate nonresidential FSR controls, reliance on the E2 Commercial Centre zones under relevant council LEPs to prohibit all forms of residential accommodation will not necessarily result in the protection of employment floor space. As discussed in Section 3.4 to this report, the Build to Rent provisions under the Housing SEPP, would enable this employment floorspace capacity to be converted to residential accommodation, unless a non-residential FSR control was also imposed. Depending on what solution is arrived at, the provisions may need to be revised to reflect the final outcome.

B21 Correct the land use on the land use map

Ref: Land use (Design Guide - Section 3.3)

The land use map contains a number of errors in relation to the extent of the Crow Nest Village (local centre) and the key.

The Map incorrectly labels the mixed-use zones along the east side of Alexander Street between Falcon Street and Devonshire Street as residential areas. In addition, a residential area generally located between zigzag Lane, Chandos Street, Aleander Street and Albany Street is shown as part of the local centre (refer to Figure B22.1)

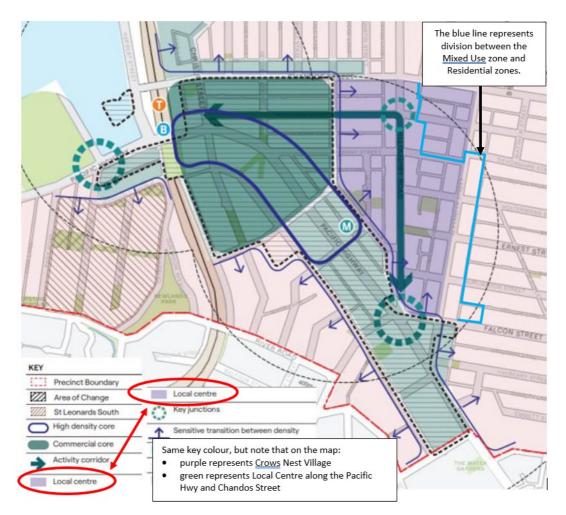


Figure B22.1 - Land use map from Design Guide

This error needs to be corrected to accurately reflect the intended land use.

#### B22 Add minimum lot size control

Ref: Land use (Design Guide - Section 3.3)

To support site amalgamation, ensure sufficient tower separation, and prevent site isolation, it is recommended that a minimum lot size provision be incorporated. The suggested provision is as follows:

• A minimum lot size of **1,500sqm** for developments of 16 storeys and above along the Pacific Highway, south-east of Oxley Street.

#### B23 Add a maximum tower length control for towers along Pacific Highway

Ref: Built form (Design Guide - Section 3.4)

Buildings should be carefully designed and positioned to minimise the impact of their height and bulk on surrounding residential areas. Given the proposed density increase along the Pacific Highway, which will significantly impact upon the Wollstonecraft residential area, incorporating a maximum tower length control for the sites along Pacific Highway into the Design Guide is essential. This would also prevent the creation of long walls to streets, thereby creating canyons that would reduce pedestrian amenity through the reduction in solar access and increased wind environments.

The Urban Design Report suggests a 40m separation between towers along Pacific Highway (see Figure B24.1) to enhance sensitivity to the local character and context.

Maximise tower separation

06

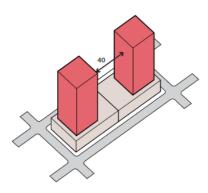


Figure B24.1 - Built form design recommendations - Urban Design Report

To preserve amenity for Wollstonecraft residents and pedestrians, it is recommended that a new provision be provided within the Design Guide requiring:

• No part of a building located above the podium, and which exceeds **18 storeys** in height, may have a horizontal width of more than **45m**.

B24

#### Amend floor-to-floor height assumptions

Ref: Built form (Design Guide - Section 3.4)

Amend floor-to floor height assumptions are follows:

- provide different maximum floor height controls for ground floor commercial and residential uses. 5m for commercial use and 4m for residential use.
- increase the maximum floor height control for rooftop service zone (2-20 storeys) to 3m.
- B25 Reduce the GBA-GFA efficiency assumption for non-residential ground floor uses to 50%

Ref: Built form (Design Guide - Section 3.4)

This is a more accurate assumption that will improve the accuracy of FSR controls.

#### B26 Add heritage controls for future development

Ref: Built form (Design Guide - Section 3.4)

The Design Guide does not include adequate and clear design guidance for future development on and adjoining existing heritage items within the Precinct. In particular, it does not adequately address the desired outcomes for heritage items located along the Pacific Highway between Shirley Road and Oxley Street, which has the potential to adversely impact the significance of these heritage items and result in excessive bulk and scale.

#### B27

#### Amend the solar access map to reflect protected areas

Ref: (Design Guide - Section 3.4.1)

The proposed solar access map fails to correctly identify the full extent of Hume Street Park, which includes the road reserve of Hume Street. This road reserve is zoned as RE1 in the North Sydney Local Environmental Plan (NSLEP2013) and is expected to be transformed into part of Hume Street Park in the long term. The solar access map should be updated to reflect this consolidated space accurately.

Additionally, no solar access protection is being proposed for any future Holterman Street Park, as identified in the 2036 Plan. The NSDCP2013 includes a solar access protection control for this future open space. It is recommended to add Holterman Street Park to the solar access protection areas.

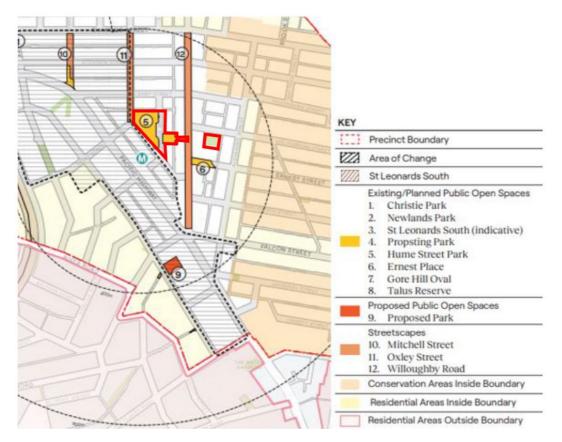


Figure B28.1: Extract of Figure 8 to the Design Guide and extent of missing public open spaces where solar access is to be protected.

#### B28

#### Reconsider the overshadowing requirement

Ref: (Design Guide - Section 3.4.1)

The Design Guide outlines solar access requirements to various public open spaces throughout the Precinct. Strict technical compliance with these requirements will not be able to be achieved for sites located directly adjacent to those public open spaces, if seeking to apply the additional uplift proposed. This results in the controls unfairly impacting upon the ability of these sites to be developed to their full potential, and is contrary to the objectives of the EP&A Act.

This issue was specifically looked at when Council revised NSDCP 2013 to implement the desired outcomes of the 2036 Plan. The NSDCP2013 requires "development on land located directly adjacent to the identified public spaces may result in a net increase in overshadowing of that space, but only if that development strictly complies with key built form envelope controls that apply to that land under both NSLEP 2013 and this DCP."

It is recommended that a similar requirement to that used within NSDCP 2013 be incorporated into the Design Guide, to ensure that development directly adjacent to those open spaces can be developed to their potential under the revised controls.

B29

#### Add public domain upgrade provisions for Hume Street Park Ref: Landscape and Environment (Design Guide - Section 3.5)

See comments at B10.

B30

Include public domain upgrade provisions for the transition boundaries at Nicholson Street, Sinclair Street, Oxley Street and Clarke Street

Ref: Landscape and Environment (Design Guide - Section 3.5)

See comments at B11.

#### B31 Include tower setback controls

Ref: Setbacks (Design Guide - Section 3.7)

The cross sections from the Urban Design Report for opportunity blocks detail minimum tower setbacks along Nicholson Street and Sinclair Street (see Figure B32.1), which are reflected in the 3D models and align with the proposed FSR. However, these setback controls are not reflected in the Design Guide. To ensure the intended design outcomes are met, it is essential to include these minimum tower setback controls within the Design Guide.

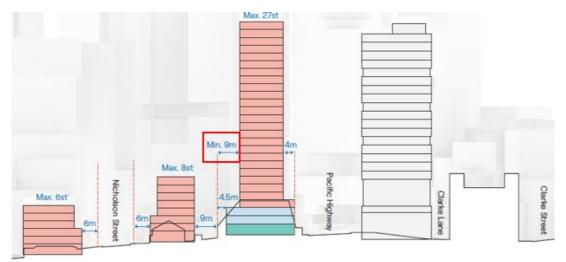


Figure B32.1 – Block 4 section – Urban Design Report

# **B32** Provide detailed above podium setback requirements for developments over heritage items and near the Five Ways intersection

Ref: Setbacks (Design Guide - Section 3.7)

As indicated in the comments at B9 to this report, additional details are required to clarify and provide certainty of the extent of setbacks anticipated where new development is proposed to be erected and incorporate the retention of heritage items. **B33** Amend the proposed setback control diagram to correct any misalignment with the section diagram (from Urban Design Report) and incorporate Council's recommendations listed in the comments at B7 of this report. Ref: Setbacks (Design Guide - Section 3.7)

B34

Amend the proposed street wall height control diagram to correct misalignments with the 3D views and section diagrams (from Urban Design Report) and incorporate Council's recommendations in the comments at B8 of this report. Ref: Street Wall Heights (Design Guide - Section 3.8)

#### **Recommendations:**

 Refine Design Guide to incorporate essential recommendations from the Urban Design Report, add critical design provisions, and revise existing provisions to address B15 to B34

### 3.3 Site-specific matters

#### **KEY MOVES**

- NSC9 Defer the Crows Nest Metro 'Site A' from the rezoning proposal and collaborate with Council to refine the land use mix.
- NSC10 Should the 'affordable housing non-residential FSR reduction bonus' be pursued on Crows Nest Metro 'Site A', amend the built form controls to provide separate towers and reduce the overshadowing impact to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road.
- NSC11 Defer 290 Pacific Highway from the rezoning proposal to resolve built form controls and delivery of proposed open space along Sinclair Street.

#### 3.3.1 CROWS NEST METRO 'SITE A'

#### The proposed TOD changes

The soon-to-be-opened Crows Nest Sydney Metro Station serves as a key catalyst for revitalising the area, enhancing its distinctive characteristics, and providing new experiences and services for both current and future residents.

The EIE Package does not seek to amend the base built form controls for this site which are to maintain:

- a MU1 Mixed Use zoning;
- a maximum height of RL 180 (to allow a 27 storey commercial building);
- a maximum FSR of 11.5:1; and
- a minimum non-residential FSR of 10:1\*.

The site is also identified as one of the affordable housing incentive sites. If a minimum of 15% affordable housing is delivered on the site, then the minimum non-residential\* FSR may be reduced to a minimum of 1:1.

This change aims to facilitate additional residential development, including affordable housing. While the proposed building height and FSR will remain consistent with the 2036 Plan and the approved State Significant Development Application (SSDA) envelope, this proposed incentive provision if adopted would significantly reduce the employment capacity offerings and negatively impact on the long-term activation of the Precinct as well as the regional and local economy.

#### The history of the site proposal

In 2018, a concept SSDA was lodged for the Crows Nest Metro Over Station Development (OSD), comprising the development of three sites integrated with the future Crows Nest Station. Since then, various schemes for the sites have been developed. The resulting built form envelope for the Crows Nest Metro OSD was approved in December 2020 and was subsequently incorporated within NSLEP 2013 at the time. Table C1.1 below provides a summary of the development of the site proposal for Site A.

| TABLE C1.1                 | TABLE C1.1 Comparison of Development Proposals for Site A |                         |                                |                          |                                    |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Site A                     | Concept<br>SSDA<br>(2018)                                 | The 2036 Plan           | Approved<br>Envelope<br>(2020) | Crows Nest TOD<br>(2024) |                                    |  |  |  |
|                            |   | (2020)                  |                                | Base                     | Affordable<br>Housing<br>Incentive |  |  |  |
| Building                   | RL 183  | 27 storeys              | RL 180                         | RL 180                   | RL 180                             |  |  |  |
| Height                     | (27 storeys)  |                         | (21 storeys)                   | (27 storeys)             | (27 storeys)                       |  |  |  |
| FSR                        | 9.67:1  | 11.5:1                  | 11.5:1                         | 11.5:1                   | 11.5:1                             |  |  |  |
| Non-<br>residential<br>FSR | 0.7:1   | 10:1                    | 10:1                           | 10:1                     | 1:1                                |  |  |  |
| Uses (tower)               | Residential<br>(2 towers)<br>Approx. 350<br>units         | Commercial<br>(1 tower) | Commercial<br>(1 tower)        | Commercial<br>(1 tower)  | Residential<br>(1 tower)           |  |  |  |

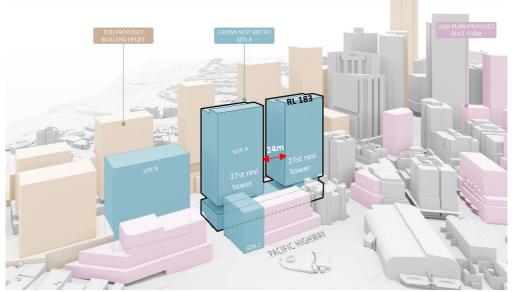


Figure C1.1 Concept SSDA (2018) – two residential towers

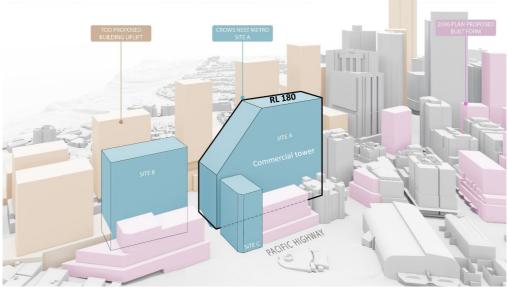


Figure C1.2: Approved Envelope (2020) - one commercial tower

#### Key concerns of the development proposals

- **Concept SSDA (2018):** The proposed concept scheme included a mixed use development up to 27-storeys in height, with a commercial base and two residential towers with 24m tower separation (refer to Figure C1.1) above. The key concerns raised by Council at the time in relation to the Concept SSDA included:
  - the proposed built form being out of scale with the fine-grain nature and village atmosphere of Crows Nest
  - o the extent of overshadowing impacts to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road
  - o the limited employment opportunities and public benefits for the area.
- Approved building envelope (2020): In 2020, the NSW Government finalised the 2036 Plan and subsequently amended NSLEP 2013, by implementing the approved built form envelope in terms of building height, FSR and Non-residential FSR for the Crows Nest Station OSD SSDA (refer to Figure C1.2). The proposed increase in non-residential FSR was supported as it provided a significant boost in employment floor space compared to the original SSDA scheme. The main concerns raised by Council in relation to the approved building envelope were:
  - the bulk and massing of the built form negatively impacting the village atmosphere of Crows Nest
  - o the overshadowing impacts to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road
  - the domination of the continuous long and tall façade with no gaps or articulation, creating an uncomfortable environment for pedestrians.
- **Crows Nest TOD (2024):** Whilst the currently exhibited EIE Package, does not seek to amend the approved built form envelope, Site A is identified as one of the affordable housing incentive sites. In particular, the non-residential FSR may be reduced from 10:1 to 1:1 as long as 15% of the residential component comprises affordable housing. The

Package suggests that the built form for Site A will remains as a single tower with a significantly long unbroken façade parallel to the Pacific Highway (refer to Figure C1.3). The key concerns arising from the implementation of the proposed affordable housing incentives on Site A include:

- the scale and massing of the building diminishing the village character of Crows Nest
- $\circ$   $\$  the overshadowing effect to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road
- the extensive length of the façade, which lacks any breaks or articulation, overwhelms the street frontage and creates an unwelcoming experience for pedestrians
- the significant decrease in employment floor space, thereby restricting employment opportunities to a highly accessible site and could negatively affect the long-term economic vitality of the region and local area.

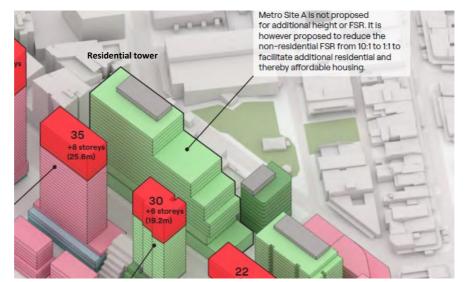


Figure 1.3: Crows Nest TOD (2024)

#### C1 Retain employment floorspace at Site A

Capturing employment opportunities at major transportation hubs is vital. The Crows Nest and St Leonards area stands out as one of five precincts in Sydney Metropolitan area that has both a Railway Station and a Metro Station, making it a prime location for commercial development.

The EIE, Urban Design Report and Design Guide all emphasis the necessity to preserve floorspace for future employment, highlighting the potential for the new Metro to stimulate the commercial market. The objective of the Crows Nest Precinct includes creating future employment opportunities by leveraging the increased transport capacity of the new Sydney Metro Station.

However, the proposed changes to the Metro Site will potentially convert previously designated commercial uses to residential uses if the affordable housing bonus provisions

| TABLE C1.2: Comparison of proposed non-residential FSR and potential GFA for Site |               |              |               |             |             |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Metro Site A  | Approved Enve | elope (2020) | Crows Nest TO | Loss        |             |  |  |  |
|   | Non-res FSR   | Non-res GFA  | Non-res FSR   | Non-res GFA | Non-res GFA |  |  |  |
|   | 10:1          | 38,810sqm    | 1:1           | 3,881sqm    | - 34,929sqm |  |  |  |

are taken up. This shift will significantly reduce the commercial offering within the Precinct and adversely affect the long-term economic prospects of the area. Refer to Section 3.4.

#### C2 Alternative solution for delivering affordable housing

It is noted that the EIE designates Lot 4B on Herbert Street, St Leonards as part of the TOD Accelerated Rezoning Area. This site, adjacent to St Leonards Railway Station and Royal North Shore Hospital (RNSH) and owned by the State Government, is proposed to accommodate a mixed-use development, a large portion of which is to be allocated to residential accommodation. In particular, the EIE Package suggests that a 62-storey mixeduse building should be erected on Lot 4B. Any such development on this land would be subject to a minimum provision of 10% affordable housing.

As discussed in Section 3.5, solving the affordable housing crisis requires a broad approach beyond just encouraging private sector involvement. If Lot 4B is developed as proposed, the State Government could set a strong example by providing a significant proportion—ideally 30% or more—for key worker housing on this site. This would affirm a commitment to affordable housing on government-owned land and align with existing government goals.

As an alternative, it is recommended that the affordable housing component for Lot 4B next to the Railway Station could be further increased as an offset in the protection of the commercial space on Site A to the Crows Nest Metro Station OSD. This approach would strategically ensure a balanced provision of both commercial and affordable housing close to major transport nodes in the Precinct.

#### Amend the planning controls for Metro Site A if residential towers are proposed

If the affordable housing incentives are to be implemented as proposed, the associated planning controls need to be refined to ensure a desirable outcome in terms of amenity for the future residents on Site A and to existing and future residents adjoining the site.

The following recommendations would align with a future residential use of the site if this policy position was pursued by the NSW Government:

- Zoning: Retain the existing zoning regime MU1 Mixed Use
- Height of Building (HOB): Retain the existing maximum height control of RL 180, with consideration given to reducing the building heights at the site's northern end to reduce the shadow impact to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road
- **FSR**: Reduce the maximum FSR from 11.5:1 to 10:1, given residential use GBA-GFA efficiency is much lower than commercial uses, and the need to include additional separation and articulation treatments to provide adequate privacy, amenity, solar access, ventilation for residential uses.
- Non-residential FSR: Increase the minimum non-residential FSR to 2:1 to better reflect a consistent application of this quantum of non-residential floor space on

adjacent sites along the Pacific Highway (reduced from the adopted 10:1 from the 2036 Plan, noting the draft 2036 Plan at the time suggested 3:1 non-residential FSR)

#### C4 Reconfigure the Crows Nest metro Site A built form to minimise adverse impacts

The Urban Design Report highlights the challenge that the "new Metro station will bring change to Crows Nest. Managing the impacts of this change requires consideration of the scale of new buildings, overshadowing, pedestrian movements and demand on public spaces."

The currently approved building envelope presents several significant concerns. The anticipated massing will be visually prominent from several key local viewpoints, including Ernest Place, Hume Street Park, Willoughby Road, and the Pacific Highway. The site and controls would enable a continuous 117-metre long tower wall parallel to the Pacific Highway, lacking any meaningful gaps or articulation, which would contribute to significant overshadowing of Ernest Place and Willoughby Road and conflicts with the emerging character of St Leonards and the need to maintain the existing village character of Crows Nest.

If affordable housing incentive provisions are to be taken up, it is essential to reconsider the built form as a result of the changed use of the building. In particular, it is recommended that at least two physically separated towers above a common podium be provided, with maximum tower length and/or minimum tower separation controls be imposed to minimise potential impacts on the surrounding neighbourhood and public domain, and future residents in terms of privacy, solar access and ventilation.

#### C5 Reduce shadow impact to the heart of the community at Ernest Place and Willoughby Road

Willoughby Road is the vibrant heart of the Crows Nest Village, known for its fine-grain built form, boutique shops, cafes, and restaurants. It's often called the "Surry Hills of the north." Ernest Place is a popular urban plaza, surrounded by coffee shops and retail premises connecting with the Crows Nest Community Centre. Its lawn area gets decent sunlight and is used by various community groups throughout the day and into late afternoon and early evening during spring and autumn equinox (see Figures C5.1 and C5.2).



Figure C5.1: Ernest Place looking east at 5.45pm, 27 March



FigureC5.2: Ernest Place looking west at 5.45pm on 27 March

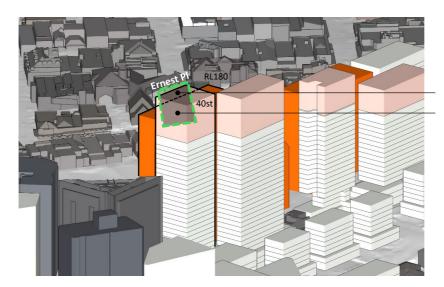
Council has previously advised the Department that the approved Crows Nest metro Site A building envelope has unacceptable overshadowing of Ernest Place and Willoughby Road. Ernest Place currently receives sun up to 5.30-5.45pm at equinox (Figures C5.1 and C5.2). The approved Site A building envelope begins casting shadows on this important open space at 4.10-4.25pm. Sculpting of the envelope would reduce shadows to Ernest Place.

#### 448 Pacific Highway

The EIE Package proposes height increases for some sites along the Pacific Highway, adjacent to the Metro Station. Additionally, bonus heights are permitted for four sites along Pacific Highway if the affordable housing incentives are taken up. The most significant height increase for 448 Pacific Highway, St Leonards, which rises from 30 storeys under the 2036 Plan to 32 storeys under the EIE Package and then to 40 storeys (an additional 10 storeys) if the affordable housing incentives are taken up.

If the affordable housing incentives are taken up at 448 Pacific Highway, it will create additional overshadowing impact to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road, beyond the anticipated impacts of the envelope to Site A of the Crows Nest Metro OSD (refer to Figure C5.3). This additional overshadowing impact is unacceptable as the approved Crows Nest Metro OSD building envelope already creates significant shadow impacts and visual impacts to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road within the Crows Nest village.

It is recommended that the State Government collaborate with Council to refine the planning controls for 448 Pacific Highway and Site A to the Crows Nest Metro OSD to reduce the overshadowing impacts to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road.



Overshadowed by the 40 storeys future development at 448 Pacific Highway Overshadowed by Metro Site A approved SSDA building envelope

Figure C5.3: Sun eye diagram at 4.10pm on 21 Sep - Ernest Place

#### **Recommendations:**

• Defer any amendments to 448 Pacific Hwy and engage in collaboration with the Council to ensure alignment with the long-term vision for the Precinct.

- Maintain the 2036 Plan's 10:1 non-residential FSR with and without the introduction of an affordable housing bonus.
- If the affordable housing bonus proceeds and results in a significant reduction of the nonresidential FSR, reconfigure the built form and building envelope to minimise impacts on the surrounding areas and public domain and provide adequate amenity to future residents. The following recommendations align with the residential use of the towers:
  - Retain the maximum building height as within the approved SSDA building envelope
  - Reduce the FSR from 11.5:1 to 10:1, given residential use GBA-GFA efficiency is much lower than commercial uses, and addition separation and articulation treatment are required to provide adequate privacy, amenity, solar access, ventilation for residential use.
  - Increase the non-residential FSR to 2:1 to reflect the requirement at adjacent sites along the Pacific Highway (reduced from the adopted 10:1 from the 2036 Plan, noting the draft 2036 Plan at the time suggested 3:1 non-residential FSR)
  - Break the long façade wall and provide towers at site with sufficient building separations. If two towers are envisioned, the minimum building separation between the towers should be 24m
  - No part of a building located above the podium should have a horizontal width of more than 45m
- Collaborate with Council to refine the planning controls for 448 Pacific Highway and Site A SSDA building envelope to the Crows Nest Metro OSD to reduce the overshadowing impacts to Ernest Place and Willoughby Road.
- Apply a reduced parking rate to reduce the on-site parking spaces

#### 3.3.2 290 PACIFIC HIGHWAY

C6 Defer any amendments to 290 Pacific Highway, until a more resolved position can be reached as to how this site may be redeveloped to the benefit of the wider community.

290 Pacific Highway, Crows Nest is located on the south-western side of the Pacific Highway approximately 40m south-east of the Five Ways Intersection.

The site is "L" shaped, with a 24.4m frontage to the Pacific Highway, a 36.6m frontage to Sinclair Street, a depth of 91.5m and an area of 2,789sqm. The front portion contains two commercial buildings.



Figure C2.1 Aerial Photo

Figure C2.2 Extract of NSLEP 2013 Zoning Map

This site currently has a split zoning, with the front portion fronting the Pacific Highway (1,117sqm) being zoned *MU1 Mixed Use* and the rear portion fronting Sinclair Street (1,672sqm) being zoned *R2 Low Density Residential*.

That part of the site which is zoned *MU1 Mixed Use* has a maximum building height of 16m and a minimum non-residential FSR of 0.5:1. The majority of the site is also identified as a heritage item (formerly applying only to 286 Pacific Highway, which excluded 290 Pacific Highway, a 560sqm parcel fronting the Pacific Highway).

#### Proposed Outcomes

With regard to this site, the EIE proposes:

- Retain the existing zoning regime.
- Apply a maximum FSR of:
  - 6:1 to that part zoned *MU1 Mixed Use*.
  - 2:1 to that part zoned R2 Low Density Housing.
- Apply a minimum non-residential FSR of 2:1 to that portion of the site zoned *MU1 Mixed Use*.
- Apply a maximum height of 50m (14 storeys) to that portion of the site zoned *MU1 Mixed Use*.
- Retain a maximum height of 8.5m to that portion of the site zoned *R2 Low Density Housing*.

The EIE also suggests that the rear portion of the site which is currently zoned *R2 Low Density Housing* and fronts Sinclair Street is to:

- be used as a future public open space; and
- provide vehicular access to the MU1 Mixed Use zoned portion of the site.

#### **Desired Outcomes**

The proposed controls in the EIE are contrary to the recommendations of the Urban Design Report, which states:

"The adjacent property [290 Pacific Highway] also has capacity to develop as mixeduse to a similar height and density. This site has been split in two, with the portion at the front identified as a heritage item and the portion at the rear flagged as an indicative location to provide much needed open space. If open space is delivered, the controls will thus only apply to the front of the lot, shown as 14 storeys with a total FSR of 6:1 to match the surrounding developments. If open space is not provided to the rear of the lot, the site remains subject to the 2036 Plan controls that showed 8 storeys and an FSR of 4:1.

The use of this site for open space is to be considered indicative only and is not to be rezoned for open space. Any site in this general area may be considered for open space. This site has simply been identified as a high opportunity location for the purpose of demonstrating a vision for the precinct".

If the recommendations of the Urban Design Report had been incorporated into the EIE as originally intended, then the EIE should be seeking to apply the base controls to the site (i.e. a maximum height of 31m, a maximum FSR of 4:1, and a minimum non-residential FSR of 2:1) with the inclusion of a site specific incentive provision to allow a maximum height of 50m and a maximum FSR of 8:1 over that portion of the site zoned *MU1 Mixed Use* only, but only if a public open space is to be delivered over that portion zoned *R2 Low Density Residential*.

Unfortunately, the Urban Design Report does not specify any built form controls for the rear portion of the site, should the base case be pursued. This omission introduces uncertainty regarding the development intensity allowed for the rear section when open space is not provided. Addressing this ambiguity is crucial to ensure that the development aligns with the Urban Design Report's intent and avoids potential issues during the development approval process.

#### Utility for Public Open Space

As discussed at section 3.9 to this submission the ability to deliver a substantial, high quality public open space on the subject site is compromised in the context of the cumulative uplift proposed under the Package. If a public open space is to be provided in this location, then further investigation is required to determine how this space may be positively integrated with the immediately adjacent properties and how it can be better integrated with existing and desired pedestrian movements (e.g. is a through site link need to improve access to the space). The need to maintain vehicular access to that portion zoned *MU1 Mixed Use* will also heavily compromise the quantum and amenity of this space. In order to deliver a 6m wide vehicular accessway (required based the proposed quantum of development to be permitted), an area of approximately 1,300sqm would be left over, which is 200sqm short of the desired amount suggested within the Urban Design Report.

Further investigations should be undertaken to see if the existing right of carriageway to Shirely Street can be better utilised to provide access to the subject site, which could then enable an approximately 1,600sqm space to be delivered.

#### Zoning / Permissibility

If the site to is retain its *R2 Low Density Residential* zoning, a "recreational area" would be permitted on that part of the site currently zoned *R2 Low Density Residential*. However, the provision of any vehicular access to the *MU1 Mixed Use* portion would be prohibited.

Rezoning the land to *RE1 Public Recreation* would retain the permissibility for a future open space over this portion. However, vehicular access to the *MU1 Mixed Use* portion of the site would remain prohibited.

Consideration could be given to rezoning the *R2 Low Density Residential* portion to *MU1 Mixed Use*, which could address the permissibility issues for both aspects of the site. However, there is potential that a public open space may not be delivered over the portion fronting Sinclair Street, unless some other planning mechanism is put in place to ensure that this is achieved (e.g. removal of the maximum FSR requirement, planning agreement).

If a public recreation outcome is preferred, then to remove any doubt, it should be rezoned to *RE1 Public Recreation*. Consideration could be given to inclusion of a new clause within *Schedule 1 – Additional Permitted Uses* of NSLEP 2013 or a local provision within Part 6 of NSLEP to address any future vehicular access issues, if required.

If a recreational outcome is not preferred, then consideration should be given to rezoning the rear portion of the site to *R4 High Density Residential* as this would provide a better interface to the residential development on the south-western side of Sinclair Street. However, issues regarding permissibility of the vehicular access would still need to be addressed as pointed out above.

A *MU1 Mixed Use* zoning is not necessary over that part of the site fronting Sinclair Street, as it could result in incompatible uses being undertaken adjacent an established residential interface and undesirable built form relationships to the adjacent residential development.

#### <u>FSR</u>

The application of a maximum FSR of 2:1 across that portion of the site zoned *R2 Low Density Housing*, should be removed.

An FSR requirement is not necessary if it is to be used for public open space under its current zoning, or an RE1 Public Recreation zoning.

If the site were to be rezoned to *R4 High Density Residential*, then a maximum FSR of 2:1 may be appropriate, but only if it has an 8 storey height limit and similar setback controls, consistent with that proposed to the south east of the site.

However, as discussed below, a reduced height limit over this portion of the site may be more appropriate to provide a better transition down to the heritage items fronting Shirley Street, similar to that proposed along Nicholson Street. If this approach is pursued, then a reduced maximum FSR may be required if the setback controls are to remain consistent with those proposed along Sinclair Street, south-east of the site.

#### <u>Height</u>

It is not proposed to amend the height controls across that portion of the site currently zoned *R2 Low Density Residential* which is to retain its existing 8.5m limit.

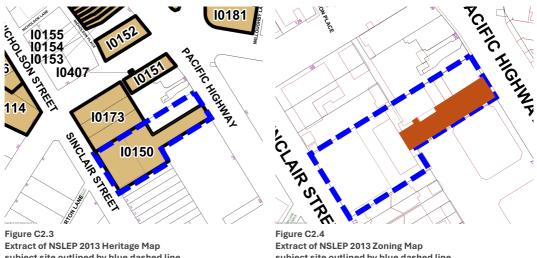
This results in an irregular height profile when moving along Sinclair Street and from the Pacific Highway down to the prevailing 3-4 storey built forms south-west of Sinclair Street.

If the site is to be rezoned to RE1 Public Recreation, then the existing height limit should be revised to ensure that nothing greater than a single storey can be achieved over this portion of the site.

However, if this portion of the site is to be redeveloped for alternative purposes, then a maximum 6 storey height limit should be applied. This would ensure that there is an appropriate transition in height between the proposed 8 storey height limits south-east of the site to the four storey and heritage context to the north-west and the proposed 14 storeys to the north-east on the Pacific Highway to the prevailing 3-4 storey built forms south-west of Sinclair Street.

#### Heritage

As indicated, the majority of the subject site is heritage listed (refer to Figure C2.3). The listing predominantly relates to the existing building fronting the Pacific Highway, with the rear portion, which forms an open air at-grade car park, comprising the curtilage to the original use of the site.



subject site outlined by blue dashed line Heritage item extent highlighted in tan and marked "I0150"

subject site outlined by blue dashed line extent of original commercial building outlined in brown

The Package downplays the heritage value of this site, suggesting that it is effectively limited to the Pacific Highway façade only.

During the current and ongoing Land and Environment Court Appeal to the deemed refusal of a Development Application for the redevelopment of this site for a mixed use development, additional research and analysis of the heritage aspects indicates that additional original fabric exists to a far greater extent than first acknowledged, though masked by recent alterations. This expansion of the physical aspects which are deemed to have heritage significance warrants a revised consideration of the future development potential of this site.

In addition, the Package's proposed building envelope for the site does not consider its relationship to the existing heritage item on the site and neighbouring heritage listed items including the Crows Nest Fire Station and 306 Pacific Highway. The proposed envelope has the potential to adversely impact on both the existing heritage item on the site, any potential public open space fronting Sinclair Street and nearby heritage items.

#### Summary

Whilst the proposed controls within the Package reflect the outlined incentivised public open space outcome, it should be revised to reflect the base outcome with the inclusion of a local clause to allow the incentivised outcome, subject to meeting several criteria.

Whilst the reversing of the approach may appear to be a relatively easy task to undertake, there are various other matters that have not been adequately addressed in terms of zoning and permissibility, heritage context, vehicular access, quantum and quality of open space and alternative outcomes for the rear portion of the site fronting Sinclair Street.

Given the potential various outcomes that could be considered, it is recommended that this site be deferred from the EIE, and only addressed once future more refined options have been prepared and subject to public consultation. Council will be happy to assist the Department in determining an appropriate outcome for this site in line with the higher level objectives of the Package.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Defer any amendments to this site, until a more resolved position can be reached as to how this site may be redeveloped to the benefit of the wider community.
- But if proceeded with, the EIE is to be revised to:
- Apply a maximum building height of 31m to that part zoned *MU1 Mixed Use*;
- Apply a maximum FSR of 4:1 to that part zoned MU1 Mixed Use;
- Apply a minimum non-residential FSR of 4:1 to that part zoned *MU1 Mixed Use*;
- Ensure a maximum FSR is not applied to that portion zoned *R2 Low Density Residential*.
- If required, include a local provision that will permit the use of that part of the land zoned R2 Low Density Residential to provide vehicular access to the portion zoned MU1 Mixed Use.
- Include a local incentive provision that allows an increase to the maximum building height to 50m and a maximum FSR of 8:1, but only if a public open space of at least 1,000sqm is provided over that portion zoned *R2 Low Density Housing* and a through site link is provided between the Pacific Highway and Sinclair Street.

### 3.4 Planning for future employment

estimated to lose 11,000 planned local jobs.

# KEY MOVE NSC12 As a principle, protect and enhance the long term employment capacity of the St Leonards Strategic centre and Crows Nest Precinct to support the growing population of the North District. NSC13 Retain the non-residential FSR from the 2036 Plan to protect the commercial role. NSC14 Note the cumulative impact of the Affordable Housing and Build-to-Rent provisions is

NSC15 Either turn off the Build-to-Rent provisions on land zoned E2 Commercial Core or apply minimum non-Residential FSR controls that are slightly under the maximum FSR controls that apply to each site.

#### ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 3.4.1 LONG TERM EMPLOYMENT CAPACITY OF THE STRATEGIC CENTRE

As a principle, the employment function of the St Leonards Strategic Centre and Crows Nest Precinct should be protected and enhanced

The EIE, Urban Design Report and Design Guide all contain statements that seek to "protect and strengthen" the area's commercial role, particularly within the commercial core of St Leonards. This is consistent with the identification of the Precinct as a "Strategic Centre" within the Eastern Economic Corridor under the Sydney Regional and District Plans.

The Crows Nest Precinct is identified as Sydney's 5th most important employment centre, currently providing employment for approximately 43,500 workers (2021 ABS Census) and includes approximately 350,000sqm of office stock. The 2036 Plan sought to increase the employment capacity by approximately 120,000 sqm to accommodate an additional **16,500** workers, consistent with the targets under the Sydney Regional and North District Plans.

The EIE Package suggests that the proposed amendments will result in a **reduction** in the additional employment floor space capacity under the 2036 Plan by approximately **28,900sqm to yield approximately 89,700sqm** (n.b. these figures are based on the Department's estimate of full uptake of the proposed affordable housing incentives within the EIE). There is no indication as to how many workers this revised floorspace is likely to accommodate and how it relates to the Sydney Regional and North District Plans' employment targets has been provided.

It is noted that the EIE Package concentrates on delivering more dwellings within the Precinct in response to the State Government's commitment to meeting the targets under the National Housing Accord. This need to increase dwelling density is generally supported by detailed justifications within the Package. Conversely, however, there is a general lack of detailed justification for, or consideration of the potential impact of, reducing employment floor space capacity to the North District. Whilst the dwelling targets have been revised for the Precinct, there has been no corresponding comprehensive review and amendment to the employment targets.

#### Economic Impact Assessment provides limited justification or analysis

The proposed reduction in potential employment floorspace capacity is largely premised on changes in employment market trends, particularly in relation to the rise of "work from home" (Economic Impact Assessment, Atlas 2024). The long-term trends in relation to "work from home" are not fully understood as this sphere of employment is still evolving. Indeed, all NSW public servants have recently been directed back to the office.

There is clearly risk in fundamentally changing employment lands policy across the board in Sydney when longer term trends are yet to be fully understood.

Further population increases in the North District requires more employment capacity in well-connected centres, not less

Accordingly, pursing reduction strategies now will not necessarily assist in delivering more employment floorspace in the longer term, as it fails to recognise that there will still be a need to deliver such floorspace as the overall population increases. This is particularly important, as the EIE Package ignores the potential significant increase in resident population within and surrounding the Crows Nest TOD Precinct, resulting from the future Low and Mid-rise Housing Reforms anticipated to be implemented by the end of the year.

There is no detailed analysis to determine exactly what level of floorspace will be required in response to the increased population within the locality. This is important, especially in the absence of the any revised employment targets released by the State Government, to align with the revised dwelling targets recently released.

The increasing of residential development within proximity of mass public transport is supported in principle, as it enables residents to more easily travel to employment centres, without a reliance of private transportation. However, it is likely to come at the detriment of providing employment and community-based activities in highly accessible areas.

The success of commercial centres is particularly influenced by its degree of accessibility for workers. The St Leonards / Crows Nest centre is soon to be served by 2 heavy rail-based services and is also well connected by district and regional bus services. The only other commercial centres to have such a high level of accessibility in NSW include Sydney City, Parramatta, North Sydney and Chatswood. This demonstrates the importance of St Leonards / Crows Nest as an employment centre.

By further restricting the employment capacity of the Centre, it has the potential to displace these employment opportunities to other centre locations which may not have a similar level of accessibility and could result in increased reliance on private transportation in a constrained road network.

It is therefore important to protect the employment capacity in those areas which are closest to the transport nodes, with the provision of increased residential capacity surrounding those nodes.

Once the employment capacity has been transferred to residential uses, it is very unlikely that it could ever revert back to commercial purposes.

Given the extent of residential uplift being provided for immediately around the commercial core of St Leonards, there is no need to erode the existing capacity of employment floor space. As the local population increases over time, it will generate a need for employment floor space, which would have to be accommodated elsewhere.

Employment capacity loss is greater than the EIE package estimate

There are two matters whereby the planned employment capacity of the Centre could be significantly eroded:

- Affordable housing incentives within the EIE: -3,150<sup>+</sup> jobs; and
- Application of Build-to-Rent (BtR) provisions under the Housing SEPP: -8,000<sup>+</sup> jobs

Cumulatively, Council estimates these matters could result in a **net reduction** of the employment floorspace capacity of between **165,300 – 174,600 sqm** equating to **over 11,000 potential jobs lost** next to St Leonards train and Crows Nest metro stations.

These matters are addressed in the following subsections.

#### **Recommendations:**

• That as a principle, the NSW Government policy does not result in a net reduction in the quantum of planned employment floor space capacity within the Precinct.

#### D2 Retain the proposed non-residential FSR from the 2036 Plan at a minimum

The Urban Design Report highlights a key objective for St Leonards and Crows Nest is to "Protect and strengthen the area's commercial role supported by complementary uses to capitalise on renewed confidence in the commercial market." Additionally, the report underscores the need to preserve floor space for future employment, leveraging the opportunity provided by the Metro to stimulate the commercial market.

#### Non-residential FSR has been reduced on some sites compared to the 2036 Plan

Under the review process, it has been observed that the non-residential FSR for some sites has been <u>reduced</u> compared to the 2036 Plan (see Figure D2.1). While increasing housing supply is a priority for NSW and the proposed uplift aims to address this objective, it should not come at the expense of the non-residential FSR crucial to the Precinct's commercial vitality. Increased density is anticipated to drive additional demand for retail and commercial services. Therefore, to uphold the Precinct's designated commercial role, it is essential to retain the non-residential FSR as specified in the 2036 Plan. Council opposes any reduction in non-residential capacity for St Leonards and Crows Nest.

#### 1 Chandos Street and 601 Pacific Highway

Furthermore, the proposed LEP non-residential FSR map fails to include non-residential FSR for 1 Chandos Street and 601 Pacific Highway. The 2036 Plan specified a minimum 3:1 non-residential FSR and 20:1 for these sites respectively – this provision, however, has been <u>removed</u> in the Crows Nest TOD rezoning package.

As a significant provider of commercial floor space, 601 Pacific Highway, along with the Metro Site, play a crucial role in the Precinct's commercial framework. Recent State policy

changes, which allow the conversion of commercial land in E2 zones to Build to Rent (BTR) or rental residential purposes, could impact the delivery of commercial uses at 601 Pacific Highway and affect the Precinct's overall commercial offer.

Therefore, it is essential to include the minimum non-residential FSR controls on the map to ensure the preservation and promotion of non-residential uses within this key commercial core area.



Figure D2.1 – LEP non-residential FSR map – reduction in non-residential FSR

#### **Recommendations:**

- Amend the LEP non-residential FSR map to retain the non-residential FSR controls as specified in the 2036 Plan, at a minimum.
- Ensure that the LEP non-residential FSR map includes controls for 1 Chandos Street and 601 Pacific Highway that reflect those contained previously in the 2036 Plan.

#### **3.4.2 AFFORDABLE HOUSING INCENTIVES**

Affordable housing incentives estimated to lose between 3,150 – 3,800 planned jobs capacity and create poor built form outcomes

Non-residential FSR under the affordable housing bonus scheme

The EIE Package, does not appear to have accurately addressed the implications of the bonus affordable housing provisions, whereby the non-residential floorspace requirement is reduced and replaced with residential accommodation and affordable housing.

Table D3.1 below demonstrates that if the affordable housing incentives are taken up to their maximum potential, then the proposal will result in a **loss of 47,257 to 56,596sqm** of planned commercial floorspace, equating to between **3,150 – 3,800 jobs**. This is significantly more than that suggested under the EIE Package of 28,900sqm.

| TABLE D3.1: Pote                          | ential Loss | in Employ             | ment Floor S                            | Space from .            | Affordable                               | Housing In              | centives               |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Site                                      | Zoning      | Site<br>area<br>(sqm) | Base Case<br>(2036 Plan or<br>Proposed) |                         | Affordable Housing<br>Incentive<br>(EIE) |                         | Loss                   |
|   |             |                       | Non Res<br>FSR req.                     | Floor<br>space<br>(sqm) | Non-Res<br>FSR req.                      | Floor<br>space<br>(sqm) |                        |
| 58-64 Pacific<br>Hwy<br>(Lane Cove LGA)   | E2          | 1,458                 | 5:1<br>(5.1:1<br>max)                   | 7,290<br>(7,436)        | 2.5:1                                    | 3,645                   | - 3,645<br>(-3,791)    |
| 448-456 Pacific<br>Hwy<br>(Lane Cove LGA) | E2          | 1,686                 | 4:1<br>(6:1 max)                        | 6,744<br>(10,116)       | 0.5:1                                    | 843                     | - 5,901<br>(- 9,273)   |
| Crow Nest<br>Metro – Site A               | E2          | 3,881                 | 10:1<br>(11.5:1<br>max)                 | 38,810<br>(44,630)      | 1:1                                      | 3,881                   | - 34,929<br>(- 40,750) |
| 402-420 Pacific<br>Hwy                    | MU1         | 2,127                 | 2:1                                     | 4,254                   | 1:1                                      | 2,127                   | - 2,127                |
| 378-390 Pacific<br>Hwy                    | MU1         | 1,309                 | 2:1                                     | 2,618                   | 1.5:1                                    | 1,963                   | - 655                  |
| 360-376 Pacific<br>Hwy                    | MU1         | 2,317                 | 2:1                                     | 4,634                   | 2:1                                      | 4,634                   | 0                      |
| Subtotal                                  |             |                       |   | 64,350<br>(73,688)      | Subtotal                                 | 17,093                  | - 47,257<br>(-56,596)  |
| Total Loss of Employment Floorspace       |             |                       |   |                         |  | - 47,257<br>to 56,596   |                        |

Of that potential loss, **37,711 to 43,532sqm** (or 77% of the total) would occur within the North Sydney LGA.

Poor built form outcomes from varying non-residential FSR requirements along the Pacific Highway

It is questioned why there has been a reduction to the non-residential FSR amount for some of the properties identified for the affordable housing bonus. It is noted that there was a consistent non-residential FSR requirement (2:1) for those properties at 360-420 Pacific Highway. However, the proposal seeks to apply to a stepped non-residential FSR requirement, which will result in awkward built form relationships between buildings along the Pacific Highway. This issue is further exacerbated when also considering the property at 448-456 Pacific Highway which has a different non-residential FSR as well, incongruous with those further to the south-east. The proposed controls will result in some buildings having either 1, 2 or 3 storeys of non-residential development within the same podium heights.

Better planning outcomes are achieved when the entirety of a podium is used for single uses, such as non-residential uses, with residential located in the levels above. This is largely due to podiums comprising larger and deeper floor plates which are less compatible with residential development and the ability to improve amenity of residential dwellings in the levels above afforded by increased setbacks and access to daylight.

Should the affordable housing incentives be pursued, then it is strongly recommended that there be no reduction to the non-residential FSR as originally envisaged under the 2036 Plan and that at least a minimum 2:1 non-res FSR is applied to 448-456 Pacific Highway. This would also ensure that employment floorspace is retained in close proximity to the mass transport nodes.

#### **Recommendations:**

- As above, amend the LEP non-residential FSR map to retain the non-residential FSR controls as specified in the 2036 Plan, at a minimum.
- Ensure non-residential FSR requirements along the Pacific Highway support full podium non-residential floor space
- A minimum non-residential FSR of 2:1 be applied to 448-456 Pacific Highway

#### 3.4.3 BUILD TO RENT

## **D4** Build-to-Rent provisions that continue to apply to the Precinct estimated to lose an additional 8,000 planned jobs capacity

The BtR provisions under the Housing SEPP enable residential accommodation to be accommodated with the *E2 Commercial Centre* zone, despite any prohibition under a Council's LEP. Both North Sydney's and Lane Cove's LEPs currently prohibit all forms of residential accommodation within the *E2 Commercial Centre* zone, with some minor exceptions (via clause 2.6 and Scheule 1 of their LEPs).

When applying the BtR provisions under the Housing SEPP, it does not remove the need to comply with any other requirements under an LEP including any non-residential development standards that may also apply to the land.

The majority of sites which are proposed to retain their *E2 Commercial Centre* zoning within the "Focus for accelerated rezoning" area, already have or are proposed to have a non-residential FSR control applied to them, with the exception of the following sites, which have no controls applied to them at all:

- 601 Pacific Highway, St Leonards (North Sydney LGA);
- 1 Chandos Street, Leonards (North Sydney LGA);
- 558 Pacific Highway, St Leonards (Lane Cove LGA);
- 59-67 Chandos Street & 46-50 Nicholson Street, St Leonards (Lane Cove LGA);

If the BtR provisions were to be taken up on the above four sites, and an assumed ground level activation only with non-residential uses (i.e. 0.5:1), it could have the potential to result in **the loss of** approximately **118,000 sqm** of planned employment floorspace capacity, equating to **8,000 jobs** through this avenue alone (refer to Table D4.1).

| TABLE D4.1 Potential Loss in Employment Floor Space from Build-to-Rent |           |               |         |            |         |         |  |
|--|-----------|---------------|---------|------------|---------|---------|--|
| Site   | Site area | Base Case     |         | Build-Rent | Loss    |         |  |
|  | (sqm)     | (2036 Plan or |         |            |         |         |  |
|  |           | proposed)     |         |            |         |         |  |
|  |           | Non-Res       | Non-Res | Non-Res    | Non-Res |         |  |
|  |           | FSR req.      | floor   | FSR req.   | floor   |         |  |
|  |           | (max)         | space   |            | space   |         |  |
|  |           |               | (sqm)   |            | (sqm)   |         |  |
| 601 Pacific Hwy  | 2,844     | 20:1          | 56,800  | 0.5:1      | 1,422   | -55,458 |  |
| 1 Chandos St   | 1,150     | 9:1           | 10,350  | 0.5:1      | 575     | -9,775  |  |
| 558 Pacific Hwy  | 1,823     | 10.1:1        | 20,053  | 0.5:1      | 912     | -19,141 |  |
| 59-67 Chandos St   | 2,302     | 15:1          | 34,530  | 0.5:1      | 1,151   | -33,379 |  |
| &  |           |               |         |            |         |         |  |
| 46-50 Nicholson St   |           |               |         |            |         |         |  |
| Subtotal   | 121,733   | Subtotal      | 4060    |            |         |         |  |
| Total Loss of Employment Floorspace                                    |           |               |         |            |         |         |  |

It is worth noting that this loss alone, equates to almost the entire employment floorspace uplift (120,000sqm) envisaged under the 2036 Plan.

#### D5 Options to protect the planned employment function of St Leonards Strategic centre and Crows Nest Precinct

The cumulative impact of Affordable Housing Bonus provisions and Built to Rent is estimated at estimated at **an overall loss of 165,257sqm – 174,596sqm** of planned employment floor space capacity – equivalent to over **11,000 jobs lost**.

This means the growing population of the North District will have to travel further for work, raising significant economic, social and environmental issues for future generations.

There are two potential options available to address this issue.

• Option 1 – Turn off Build-to-Rent provisions under the Housing SEPP (Preferred)

To ensure that employment floorspace capacity is protected, the BtR provisions under the Housing SEPP could be turned off for land zoned *E2 Commercial Centre* within the Crows Nest TOD Precinct.

Pursuing this Option would negate the need to apply minimum non-residential FSR controls to *E2 Commercial Centre* zoned land on such land (outlined in Option 2). It would protect over 8,000 planned jobs capacity.

This is Council's preferred approach.

Option 2 – Apply appropriate Non-Residential FSR controls to all land zoned E2
 Commercial Core

Applying a minimum non-residential FSR that essentially matches the maximum FSR to all land zoned E2 Commercial Core will reinforce the employment objectives of the zone and protect the planned employment capacity.

This mechanism was previously introduced in the 2036 Plan and has been included again in the EIE package on certain sites.

Nonetheless, if this option is pursued, to avoid the need to automatically require a cl.4.6 variation, any minimum non-residential FSR requirement should not be exactly the same as any maximum FSR requirement.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Amend the Housing SEPP to exclude the Build-to-Rent provisions from applying to land zoned E2 Commercial Core within the Crows Nest TOD Precinct and concurrent removal of all non-residential FSR controls from land zoned E2 Commercial Centre within the Crows Nest TOD Precinct; or
- Apply minimum non-residential FSR controls to all land zoned E2 that are slightly under the maximum FSR controls that apply to each site

### 3.5 Affordable housing

#### **KEY MOVE**

NSC16 Retain mandatory affordable housing to be held in perpetuity as a TOD principle.

### NSC17 Key sites with bonus uplift are not supported, due to the unacceptable negative economic, social and amenity impacts.

Following a period of significant housing market change, affordable housing (and housing affordability in general) is a high-profile priority nationally, for all levels of government, including North Sydney Council.

Council has demonstrated commitment to affordable housing in the LGA for more than 40 years, through advocacy, partnerships with social/community housing providers, as well as utilisation of assets and resources for affordable housing delivery (Affordable Housing Study: Background Report. Stubbs, 2019). These commitments are demonstrated through the actions contained within Council's Local Strategic Planning Statement and Local Housing Strategy. Council has recently affirmed its commitment to advocacy and the provision of more diverse and affordable housing policy, planning and implementation. Council also continues its dedication to affordable housing delivery in partnership with affordable housing providers, including most recently for a 12 unit boarding house in Cammeray, which commenced construction in July 2024.

Preceding the Crows Nest TOD Precinct, the St Leonards Crows Nest 2036 Plan (2036 Plan) identified the need to encourage a range of dwelling typologies to cater to the diverse community in St Leonards and Crows Nest, including a desire to see more affordable housing in the area. The 2036 Plan also highlighted the importance of preserving employment lands and ensuring commercial uses are protected into the future.

Pleasingly, the Explanation of Intended Effect (EIE) for the Crows Nest TOD Precinct proposes mandatory affordable housing provisions (of 10%-15%), to be held in perpetuity and managed by a registered community housing provider (CHP), for all new residential development in the Precinct. In addition, six key sites have been identified to receive a potential further bonus of increased height, increased floor space ratio (FSR) and reduced minimum non-residential FSR, but only if a minimum of 15% affordable housing is provided. Of these key sites, four are located within North Sydney LGA with the remaining two within the Lane Cove LGA.

A balanced solution must link housing provision with liveability. This includes increased employment opportunities, the delivery of appropriate built form with quality amenity (contained within a development and for its neighbouring surrounds) and adequate access to green open space, without unacceptably impactful negative trade-offs.

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.5.1 MANDATORY AFFORDABLE HOUSING IN PERPETUITY

### The mandatory provision of affordable housing for residential development in perpetuity within the Crows Nest TOD must be retained as a key principle.

It is acknowledged that to maintain a liveable, well-functioning and prosperous city, access to affordable housing supply is essential. The core of cities contain the greatest opportunity for productivity, but provide the least accessibility to affordable housing. In Sydney's context, the productivity and economic costs is estimated to equate to a \$10b/year loss arising from the unaffordability of appropriate housing in relative proximity to workplaces, with younger, working age people (including essential workers) seeking opportunities elsewhere (Chronically Unaffordable Housing. Committee for Sydney, 2023).

The Crows Nest TOD Precinct contains a health and education innovation cluster, creating parallel demand for housing for essential workers. It is broadly recognised that there is an increased disparity of housing tenure for younger essential workers under the age of 40 years old, who are more likely to be renting than older essential workers, and whose proportion of house purchase has been declining since 2011 (Tracking the housing situation, commuting patterns and affordability challenge of essential workers. Gilbert, Nasreen & Gurran, 2023). Further, essential workers increasingly face dislocation from where they can afford to live compared to where medical precincts are located which misaligns with shiftwork and public transport links at irregular hours. Therefore, these essential workers are increasingly making choices to relocate or work outside of their key expertise, thereby consequently losing that key skill. The mandatory provision of affordable housing in State policy is long overdue and will positively contribute to affordable housing choice for lower-moderate income households, including early career essential workers.

Conversely, the cost of inaction regarding affordable housing is too great, especially where the divide between wages and housing costs is ever increasing. While the solution to affordable housing supply does not lie only in what the market is incentivised to provide, in this instance the State Government must demonstrate political will and proceed with the mandatory requirement to provide affordable housing within the Crows Nest TOD Precinct.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Mandatory affordable housing must be retained as a TOD principle
- Affordable housing supply in perpetuity must be retained as a TOD principle
- In-fill affordable housing bonuses contained within the Housing SEPP must be switched off for the Crows Nest TOD Precinct

#### 3.5.2 STATUTORY MECHANISMS GIVING EFFECT TO AFFORDABLE HOUSING

#### E2 Clarity needed regarding the mandatory affordable housing percentage requirements

The EIE contains minimal detail regarding how the proposed affordable housing percentage requirements will be applied, merely referencing the requirement of "affordable housing contributions of 10-15%".

Whilst it is clear that the affordable housing incentive provisions sites require the provision of at least 15% affordable housing to take advantage of any related density bonuses, it is unclear if all other residential developments in the Precinct must provide a minimum of 10% affordable housing; 10%-15%; or some other arrangement. It is interpreted that the intent of the EIE was to apply a 15% affordable housing requirement for the affordable housing incentive sites and 10% for all other residential development within the Precinct, however, further clarity is required in this regard.

In addition, it is uncertain how this percentage will be applied. Will it be applied based on the quantum of dwellings or floorspace? And if based on floorspace, will it apply to the total floorspace or on that related to the residential accommodation component.

It is challenging to provide meaningful comments on a proposal that lacks sufficient detail, and such detail (by way of draft legislation) is necessary when considering the impact of a proposed policy, especially in conjunction with bonuses that enable the exceedance of the new base planning controls. Accordingly, it is recommended that Council seeks clarity and certainty regarding the expectations of the quantum of affordable housing to be delivered for new developments, as well as the opportunity to respond to any draft written instrument giving effect to the EIE and subsequent amendments to *North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013*, before they come into force.

It is further recommended that whatever requirement is selected then, the requirement is set as a minimum. Where that minimum results in a part dwelling or fraction of a whole square metre, then the actual provision is to be rounded up.

Further, to ensure that the delivery of affordable housing is not eroded, that the requirements are not made capable of being varied under Clause 4.6 of a council's LEP.

#### Clarity needed regarding the statutory mechanisms to create affordable housing

Section 2.6 of the EIE reads in part as though the affordable housing contribution must be provided as a physical dwelling/product on site. However, the EIE also separately suggests, through the term "levy" that the affordable housing contributions may be delivered as a monetary contribution.

It is therefore necessary that the DPHI provide additional detail and clarity regarding how they intend affordable housing is to be created and delivered (stock, levy and/or in- kind arrangements) within the Crows Nest TOD Precinct. An analysis of the two potential options is considered below.

#### Physical Delivery

Requiring the physical provision of affordable housing as part of the redevelopment of a site is the preferred solution. This ensures that affordable housing is delivered immediately within the locality close to mass public transportation, a critical criteria for essential workers.

Physical delivery may require greater rounding up than a per metre rate.

There also needs to be some qualification as to the degree of mix of affordable housing (i.e. mix of studio, 1-bed, 2-bed, 3 bed apartments) is to be provided. Affordable housing ought to be suitable to the needs of all occupants, therefore dwelling mixes need to include consideration of lone person households as well as families, to ensure equity is maintained.

#### Monetary Levy

This approach would be easiest for the developer, enabling a one off payment at time of approval. However, it would automatically jeopardise the delivery of the affordable housing in the long term. This is due to the delayed increase in supply of affordable housing and widening cost divide which may prevent the actual provision of such housing within the Precinct.

The EIE package does not contain any details of the financial impacts associated with the delivery of the quantum of affordable housing proposed. Accordingly, it is unclear what sort of monetary contribution would be required. The absence of such data and analysis would such that the delivery of physical affordable housing is the preferred solution.

However, if this approach is not pursued, then the levy needs to be subject to an appropriate indexation, to ensure that an equivalent product can be delivered in the locality on parity with that envisaged. Of particular note is that property prices often move at much different rates to construction costs which are closer aligned with the Consumer Price Index. There is a real risk with this option, that the capacity to deliver actual affordable housing, will be eroded over time.

#### E4 Affordable housing incentive mechanism

The EIE identifies six sites, where if at least 15% of the residential component comprises affordable housing, then they would be entitled to density bonuses including, increased height, increased FSR, reduced non-residential FSR, over and above the general uplift that will occur as a result of the Crows Nest TOD. Four of the key sites are located within the North Sydney LGA, with the two remaining in the Lane Cove LGA.

While the proposed requirements to deliver affordable housing in the Precinct are supported in principle, the extent of the affordable housing bonus mechanisms as proposed creates concerning impacts to employment land and built form outcomes relative to the delivery of affordable housing yield as discussed in Section 3.4.

#### Relationship to employment lands

The North District Plan contains planning priorities to provide housing supply, choice and affordability with access to jobs, services and public transport, as well as actions to leverage the Crows Nest Metro Station to deliver additional employment capacity and grow jobs in the centre. As mentioned above, the 2036 Plan seeks to both increase opportunities for affordable housing and to preserve commercial centres into the future.

These priorities and actions work together harmoniously. Whereas the EIE seeks to move away from these principles, particularly on the Metro site where proposed affordable housing bonuses come at a significant loss of non-residential floor space ratio. Consideration needs to be given to the implications of creating a non-residential FSR reduction bonus that may weaken the employment function of the 5<sup>th</sup> largest commercial market in NSW. The net potential loss of commercial use in a strategic centre is shortsighted and counter to the creation of a liveable city, where people wish to live <u>and</u> work.

The EIE indicates significant uplift for the Precinct. Indicative development yield figures provided in the EIE Urban Design Report indicate dwelling estimates as a result of land already zoned (3,182) and dwellings estimates subject to re-zoning (3,255). The calculations do not include base figures and contain some exclusions (for example, developments built since 2020) and some inclusions (for example, affordable housing incentives applied). DPHI have since clarified the following with Council: the 2036 Plan projected 6,683 new dwellings while the Crows Nest TOD identifies an additional 1,762 new dwellings, therefore the total new dwelling capacity is 8,445. Based on this, assuming maximum residential uptake and 10% mandatory affordable housing, the precinct can potentially deliver 844 affordable housing dwellings, without the need to provide further incentives that derogate non-residential floor space.

#### Unacceptable amenity impacts

The impacts of the affordable housing incentive bonuses for the four key sites on the southwestern side of the Pacific Highway opposite the Sydney Metro station, have been modelled to analyse the shadow impact of the various proposed building heights (Figure E4.1 and E4.2).



Figure E4.1:NSC model of proposed affordable housing bonus heights (Source: North Sydney Council)

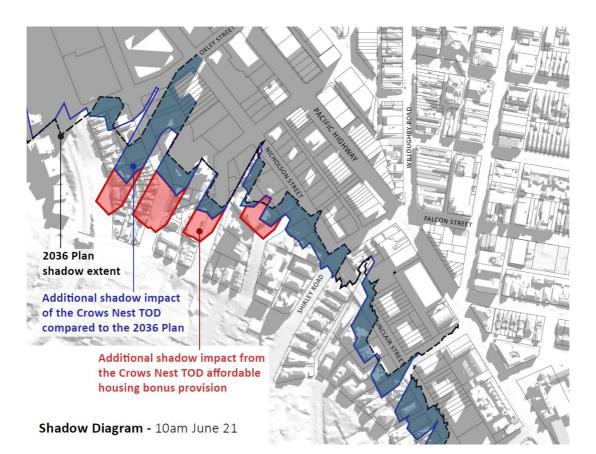


Figure E4.2: Shadow diagram - comparative analysis of shadow extent (10am at Mid-Winter - Source: North Sydney Council)

There is some moderate shadow impact from the proposed building heights (illustrated by the solid orange line) under the EIE in comparison to the 2036 Plan outcomes (illustrated by the solid purple line). However, it is the cumulative extent of shadow arising from application of the affordable housing incentives component on the four sites to the southwest, dominating Nicholson Street and beyond, that is cause for serious amenity concerns (illustrated by the red dotted line).

#### Council asset at Nicholson Street

Council currently maintains social/affordable housing assets on Nicholson Street, to the south and west of the incentive sites. Despite increased development potential being proposed over this Council asset, it is unlikely to be redeveloped in the short to medium term. Having regard to its potential redevelopment timeframes, any proposed development or excess uplift that diminishes the amenity for those residents is strongly opposed in the short or long term. The potential beneficial outcomes of some additional affordable housing units as a result of the proposed bonus is off-set by the cumulative shadow impact on these residential areas, and is not supportable.

Demonstrably, Council is best placed to develop a response to local strategic planning needs. Continuous State Government policy overriding local place-based strategic planning and provisions makes it increasingly challenging to effectively plan for and provide for local

needs. Council's commitment to crafting a locally responsive approach to affordable housing is affirmed.

Should the State Government proceed with the introduction of incentive development standards in exchange for 15% affordable housing (base 10% + an additional 5%) then the minimum 15% requirement must not be diluted.

#### The role of State Government land

The EIE nominates Lot 4B located on Herbert Street, St Leonards as part of the TOD Accelerated Rezoning Area. This site adjoins the Royal North Shore Hospital (RNSH) site and is owned by the State Government. The EIE states that the RNSH campus has several nonpublic facing masterplans and while Lot 4B is not featured in the masterplans, the lot adjoins RNSH and is nevertheless identified as suitable for residential purposes and if used as such, it ought to include a key worker/affordable housing proportion. The Crows Nest TOD Precinct EIE identifies a 62 storey mixed use development for Lot 4B, with a proposed 10%-15% affordable housing component available for key workers.

The solution to the chronic affordable housing shortage relies on a multi-faceted approach, not only policy drivers that incentivise the private sector to deliver supply. If Lot 4B is to be developed as proposed, there is an opportunity for the State Government to lead from the front, bringing online appropriately located key worker housing to support the operation of the RNSH health and education precinct and at a robust quantity of 30% or more on this site. This approach would not only set an exemplar for the provision of affordable housing in NSW on Government owned land, and aligns with previously stated government policy objectives for affordable housing provision.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Clarity is provided regarding how mandatory affordable housing provisions are calculated
- Clarity is provided regarding the intended statutory mechanisms to create affordable housing
- A balanced solution linking housing to liveability. Key sites with bonus uplift are not supported, due to the unacceptable negative economic, social and amenity impacts. All residential developments in the Crows Nest TOD Precinct should feasibly be able to deliver a minimum mandated 10% affordable housing within the parameters of the proposed base uplift with the EIE
- Council requests the opportunity to respond to draft written instrument giving effect to the EIE for the Crows Nest TOD Precinct and proposed subsequential amendments to *North Sydney Local Environmental Plan 2013*
- Land that is State Government owned ought to deliver a minimum 30% affordable housing to align with previously stated policy objectives

## 3.5.3 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS VIA THE STATE SIGNIFICANT DEVELOMENT (SSD) PATHWAY CONTAINING AFFORDABLE HOUSING

## **ES** SSD proposals currently under assessment ought to meet the affordable housing in perpetuity requirements as outlined in the EIE

The EIE states that the proposed changes to the development controls along the Pacific Highway corridor seek to "preserve the high-quality character around Five Ways intersection as key gateway into the precinct". Whilst this high-level intention is strongly supported, concern is raised with regard to the potential impacts from a recent application (Application SSD-66826207) under assessment for a mixed use development at this location (i.e. land bound by the Pacific Highway, Falcon Street and Alexander Street and commonly referred to as the Fiveways site). This proposal which includes the utilisation of the height and FSR bonuses under the Housing SEPP, including in-fill affordable housing, does not align with this intention.

The subject site was recently granted (December 2023) significant development uplift generally in accordance with the 2036 Plan and a merit assessment of its impacts on the surrounding locality. The EIE currently on exhibition does not propose to change any development standards in relation to this site, nor is the site identified as an affordable housing bonus site in the EIE. In addition, the EIE clearly articulates that the bonus provisions of the Housing SEPP will not apply to developments in the Crows Nest TOD Precinct.

As the EIE forms a rezoning proposal, and is now on exhibition, the intention of the State led outcomes for the Precinct must be considered in the context of the assessment of SSD-66826207. The proponent is to receive the benefit of the Housing SEPP bonus uplift, which is not intended to apply to the wider Precinct which maybe considered by some as unfair. It is recommended that any affordable housing on the Fiveways site be required to be provided in perpetuity, consistent with the outcomes expressed in the EIE. In the context of the significant uplift recently applied to the site and the need for any SSD Application to consider and respond to its strategic context, it is reasonable for the State Government to require the applicant to provide affordable housing in perpetuity.

Similarly, the site at 378-390 Pacific Highway is well advanced in the process of submitting a State Significant Development Application (SSD – 70617459). The exhibited EIE appears to 'switch-off' the bonus provisions for this site currently available under the Housing SEPP. The applicant has however recently indicated their intention to formally lodge their application. Any additional affordable housing provided on this site must be provided in perpetuity also.

#### **Recommendations:**

 Affordable housing be provided in perpetuity at the mixed use development currently under assessment at Five Ways, 391-423 Pacific Highway, 3-15 Falcon Street and 8 Alexander Street, Crows Nest (SSD-66826207) and 378-390 Pacific Highway, Crows Nest (SSD – 70617459).

### 3.6 Liveable housing design

#### **KEY MOVE**

## NSC18 Incorporate liveable housing design standards into the Design Guide to be a requirement for all new developments.

Liveable housing design standards enable elderly people, people with disability, families with young children and those with temporary mobility injuries to more easily access accommodation.

NSW is one of two states that have not yet signed up to silver LHD standards despite significant community support and clear evidence demonstrating the strong benefits and marginal costs

New developments in the Crows Nest Precinct should be required to adhere to silver LHD standards

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.6.1 LIVEABLE HOUSING DESIGN

#### E1 Liveable housing design standards to be a requirement in all new developments

For the past two years, the NSW Government is one of only two state governments that have refused to sign up to the Silver Liveable Housing Design (LHD) standards in the National Construction Code. LHD standards enable elderly people, people with disability, families with young children and those with temporary mobility injuries to more easily access accommodation. Currently, the NSW Apartment Building Code only requires that 20% of apartments in new development meet silver LHD standards. To ensure the consistent application of a modern home standard and to best capitalise on the precinct's proximity to high quality healthcare, transport and education facilities, silver LHD standards should be a requirement in **all** new developments in the Crows Nest Precinct.

Across Australia there has been a clear aspiration to become a more inclusive society, resulting in a move towards LHD being incorporated into legislation. As previously stated, NSW is one of only two state governments across Australia that refused to sign up to the silver LHD standards. This is despite NSW's own 2021-2025 Disability Inclusion Plan stating that "where public authorities have a role in planning for, assessing or providing housing for NSW communities, universal housing design principles could be outlined ... and make reference to the liveable housing design guide". Support for the initiative, driven by vocal advocacy campaigns such as the 'Building Better Homes Campaign', indicates a clear desire for LHD standards to be incorporated in NSW.

Liveable housing design standards to be embedded into the 'Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide'

The current 'Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide' does not provide any specific guidance or requirements for new developments to achieve LHD standards, nor does it establish accessibility as a key theme or objective.

To ensure consistent application of LHD standards, accessibility should be included as a key theme in the Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide with related objectives to ensure development adheres to LHD standards.

#### Improving workforce participation through Liveable Housing Design

According to ABS statistics, almost one in five Australians (18.3%) reported living with disability. More than half of those with disability aged 15-64 years participated in the labour force (53.4%)- well below the workforce participation of those without a disability (83.2%).

A dwelling that is accessible immediately attracts 18% of people who may not have otherwise been able to access these developments. Modern home standards facilitated through LHD allows for flexibility when seeking work, providing means for a person to easily work from home. This reduces the barriers to workforce participation for people who experience challenges in easily accessing their workplace.

Accessible accommodation near the high-quality healthcare, transport and education facilities available in the Crows Nest Precinct also reduces barriers to workforce participation by allowing a person to address health issues that would prevent them from working, allowing them to easily travel to and from work, and to more easily attain skills and qualifications to further their careers.

#### Developing for the future

Embedding LHD standards improves the utilization of each new dwelling across its lifespan, future proofing its use and utility. Research published in the Journal of the American Planning Association (Smith, Rayer & Smith, 2008) found that conservatively, a new home built today with a minimum of four different households over its lifetime is 65% likely to have an occupant with a permanent disability. If we include visitors, the likelihood rises to 91%.

These figures do not include other groups for whom accessibility is a priority, such as older people, families with young children and those with temporary mobility injuries- all of whom would benefit from the consistent implementation of LHD standards across the lifespan of a dwelling. Given that older people and young families are amongst the most common demographic groups in the area, designing with these demographics in mind is imperative. This is particularly important for older people as embedding LHD allows older people to age in place and remain independent in their homes for longer periods.

#### Viability of Liveable Housing Design

There is a perception that developing to LHD standards is expensive. This perception is an oft quoted justification for the absence of these features in new developments. However, recent modelling by the Australian Building Codes Board showing that these standards will only add about 1% to the cost of a new build. These models are supported by international research such as the recent meta-study on the cost of universal housing design conducted

by the University of Hasselt Faculty of Architecture and Arts (lelegems & Vanrie, 2023), which showed that for a new build, the added cost ranges from 0.94%-3.93%. While these figures do indicate that there is a marginal additional cost associated with implementing liveable housing design standards, the cumulative benefits gained from the implementation of LHD standards are likely to offset some, if not all of these costs through increased workforce participation are likely to offset some, if not all these additional costs.

Some benefits, including future proofing and workforce participation have already been highlighted above. Other benefits include:

- Social Inclusion: Liveable housing design allows people with accessibility requirements to participate fully in family and community life, enhancing their quality of life and reducing social isolation
- Enhanced Safety and Health Benefits: Liveable housing design features such as non-slip surfaces, well-lit corridors and accessible emergency exits reduce the risk of accidents and injuries, particularly for children, the elderly and people with disabilities
- Aging in Place: Liveable housing design supports the concept of aging in place, allowing individuals to live independently in their homes for longer. This is particularly important as the population ages and the demand for accessible housing increases

#### **Recommendations:**

- Include requirements that all new developments in the Crows Nest Precinct meet silver standards per Liveable Housing Australia's Design Guidelines
- Include 'Accessibility' as a key theme in the Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide and establish related objectives to ensure development adheres to liveable housing design standards

#### 3.6.2 NORTH SYDNEY COUNCIL ACCESS AND INCLUSION COMMITTEE (AIC)

## AIC submission on the Crows Nest TOD seeking further information and commitment from the NSW Government on accessible planning and design

The AIC is comprised of community members with lived experience with disability- either as a person with a disability and/or a carer of a person with a disability. The Committee has reviewed the Crows Nest TOD proposals and advised it is disappointed by the lack of commitment or acknowledgement of accessibility and inclusion in the exhibited plan for the Crows Nest/St Leonards Precinct.

The AIC believes that the Crows Nest/St Leonards Precinct presents an opportunity for the NSW Government to be world leaders in setting new and better standards for accessibility and inclusion. To support in achieving these higher standards, the AIC is seeking further information and commitment from the NSW Government on a range of matters outlined in its submission at Attachment 1.

#### **Recommendations:**

To consider the submission from the Access and Inclusion Committee at Attachment 1

### 3.7 Community resilience

#### **KEY MOVES**

NSC19 Undertake a social impact assessment a matter of priority.

NSC20 Work with North Sydney Council to address existing and future gaps in social infrastructure that cannot be funded through Council's existing local infrastructure contributions plan.

NSC21 NSW Government to release plans to meet the increased demand for schools

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.7.1 SOCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE

G1 Note the 2036 Plan priorities and findings of the supporting technical study

The 2036 Plan identified the following Planning Priorities, relating to its key themes of 'Infrastructure and Collaboration' and 'Liveability':

- Planning Priority N1: Planning for a city supported by infrastructure
- Planning Priority N3: Providing services and social infrastructure to meet people's changing needs
- Planning Priority N4: Fostering healthy, creative, culturally rich and socially connected communities

In line with these planning priorities and supported by findings from the Social Infrastructure and Open Space Study commissioned by the Department (ARUP 2018), the 2036 Plan contained specific commitments of funding to support planned social infrastructure and open space projects in the Crows Nest Precinct to ensure that the forecasted population increase is appropriately supported. The Urban Design Guide for the Crows Nest Precinct outlines that "ensuring the controls prescribed in the (2036) Plan are meeting the future needs and aligning with the latest in policy and strategic objectives for the precinct". It goes on to state that "these (Planning) Priorities and objectives (highlighted above) are still relevant and have been utilized within this report as the basis for change.".

The current TOD proposal contains none of these commitments to Social Infrastructure, with the \$520 million that the State government has indicated are likely to be directed towards transport and open space infrastructure. Local Councils are instead being directed to the Housing and Productivity Commission (HPC) to fund local social infrastructure projects. There is currently no guarantee that funding secured from future development in the Crows Nest through the HPC will be reinvested in the precinct. This lack of specific commitment to both precinct specific funding and to the completion of specific social infrastructure projects runs the risk of these key resources not being adequately implemented. Failure to implement adequate social infrastructure in the Crows Nest Precinct will negatively impact the stated objectives of the TOD Program to 'deliver housing that is supported by attractive public spaces, vibrancy, and community amenity.

#### G2 Benchmark social infrastructure to identify the current gap

Findings from the ARUP study suggests that there is a critical need for additional social infrastructure, stating that "existing social infrastructure has no spare capacity to address the additional population growth within the corridor as informed by the consultation process". Crucially, these recommendations were made within the scope of the original forecasted growth in the 2036 Plan, prior the addition of 3255 new homes outlined in the TOD proposal. Given the additional growth outlined in the TOD, it is expected that the infrastructure required has grown beyond the recommendations of the ARUP study. Noticeably and alarmingly, no technical study on social infrastructure was provided with the TOD proposal to address this growth.

In the absence of a technical study, this submission will utilise the '2036 (high residential target)' and '2036 (high GSC jobs target)' provided by NSW DP&E as baseline figures to accommodate the additional population growth associated with the TOD (see Figure G2.1). The ARUP study also provided benchmarking data to identify gaps in existing social infrastructure resources (see Figure G2.2).

By utilising population indicators for 2036 with benchmarking data and comparing it to existing social infrastructure resources, it is possible to identify gaps where further investment in social infrastructure is required. Figure G2.3 attempts to build upon the assessment of future needs analysis completed in the ARUP study to reflect the growing need associated with an increase in population growth due to the TOD. Note that estimates attained from this analysis are based purely on residential population and do not account for additional use by those employed in the area. Figures for rates of use by those employed in the area were not available and thus were not used, however their lack of inclusion likely skews the analysis to under-represent the actual social infrastructure requirements.

It is acknowledged that the data utilised in this analysis is dated to 2018 and is likely no longer accurate in 2024. It is also noted that there has been infrastructure progress achieved since the data was collected (e.g. NSC has negotiated an Arts Centre at 617 Pacific Highway and a coworking space at 100 Christie St, and St Leonards Primary School is currently in the planning phase) which may impact the accuracy of the estimated infrastructure required.

However, what the analysis overwhelmingly shows is the extensive gap in social infrastructure resources required to adequately service the anticipated population growth associated with the TOD. These resources are vital for fostering a healthy, vibrant, connected and inclusive community. They support the physical, emotional and social wellbeing of residents and contributes to the overall sustainability and resilience of the community.

| Year   | Total<br>dwellings | Total population | Total employment                   | Source   |
|--|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 2016 (existing)  | 7,600              | 15,800           | 47,000                             | Transport Performance and Analytics LU16               |
| 2017 (existing - SJB analysis as at April 17<br>inc including DAs, sites under construction,<br>and advanced planning proposals) | 10,200             | 17,000           | 46,469<br>(SJB, SGS, 2016<br>LU16) | SJB & SGS analysis                                     |
| 2036 (base projections)  | 13,600             | 25,800           | 54,000                             | Transport Performance and Analytics LU16, SGS analysis |
| 2036 (mid range residential target)  | 15,100             | 30,200           | -                                  | SJB Planning analysis                                  |
| 2036 (high residential target)   | 19,300             | 38,600           | -                                  | SJB Planning analysis                                  |
| 2036 (mid range jobs target achievable with<br>Sydney Metro)   | -                  | -                | 57,500                             | SGS analysis   |
| 2036 (high GSC jobs target)  | -                  | 8                | 63,500                             | North Draft District Plan, GSC, 2016                   |
| Employment beyond 2036 (high target + allow +10%)  | -                  | -                | 70,000                             | NSW DP&E for long term planning purposes               |

Figure G2.1- Dwelling, population, employment projections for St Leonards and Crows Nest

| Infrastructure type                               | Benchmark standard   | Source  |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| Halls and centres                                 |  |   |  |
| Youth centre                                      | 1:10-30,000 people   | Draft Development Contributions Guidelines (2009)       |  |
| Multi-purpose community/<br>neighbourhood centres | Small – 1:3,500-6,000 people<br>Large – 1:15-20,000 people | Draft Development Contributions Guidelines (2009)       |  |
| Meeting halls                                     | Small – 1:10,000 people<br>Large – 1:20-30,000 people      | Draft Development Contributions Guidelines (2009)       |  |
| Community Service Centre                          | 1:60,000 people  | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| Local Community Centre                            | 1:6,000 people   | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| District Community Centre                         | 1:20,000 people  | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| Libraries   |  |   |  |
| Library - Branch                                  | 1:10,000 people  | Draft Development Contributions Guidelines (2009)       |  |
|   | 1:33,000 people  | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| Library - Central                                 | Central - 1:20-35,000 people                               | Draft Development Contributions Guidelines (2009)       |  |
|   | District - 1:40,000 people                                 | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| Arts and culture                                  |  |   |  |
|   | 1:30,000 people  | Growth Centres Development Code                         |  |
| Child care and education*                         |  |   |  |
| Long day care centres                             | 1: place per 10 children 0 - 4                             | Lane Cove Children and Family Social Plan (2010 - 2014) |  |
| Occasional care centres                           | 1 place: 10 children 0 - 4                                 | Lane Cove Children and Family Social Plan (2010 - 2014) |  |
| Family day care                                   | 1 place: 10 children 0 - 4                                 | Lane Cove Children and Family Social Plan (2010 - 2014  |  |
| Outside of school hours care                      | 1 place; 15 children 5 - 12 years                          | Lane Cove Children and Family Social Plan (2010 - 2014  |  |

Figure G2.2- Benchmarks for social infrastructure

| Service                 | Existing Infrastructure | Estimated Infi | Estimated Infrastructure Required |  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Youth Centre            | 0                       | Additional     | 1-3                               |  |
| Multi-purpose Community | Small- 4                | Small          | 2-4                               |  |
| Centres                 | Large- 0                | Large          | 1-2                               |  |
| Community Centres       | Local- 0                | Local          | 6-7                               |  |
|                         | District- 1             | District       | 1                                 |  |
| Library                 | Branch- 1               | Branch         | 2                                 |  |
|                         | Central- 0              | Central        | 1-2                               |  |
|                         | District- 0             | District       | 1                                 |  |
| Arts and Culture Centre | 0                       | New            | 1                                 |  |
| Childcare Centre*       | 16                      | Additional     | 8-12                              |  |
| Schools                 | Primary- 1              | Primary        | 2                                 |  |
|                         | Secondary- 2            | Secondary      | 1                                 |  |

Figure G2.3- Social Infrastructure Assessment of Future Needs Analysis

\*The ARUP study indicated that existing childcare services did not have additional spaces remaining. The 'estimated infrastructure required' figure was sourced by calculating the number of children aged 0-4 in 2036 and assumes an average of 30 places per childcare centre

## The lack of social infrastructure will impact the mental health and wellbeing of the community

A lack of social infrastructure development has been conclusively proven to have significant adverse effects on a population, and disproportionately impacts vulnerable groups such as the elderly, people with disabilities and low-income families. These adverse effects can be seen in a variety of different areas. Social infrastructure supports community engagement, education and overall well-being and when these services are absent, communities experience lower satisfaction and diminished social cohesion (Grum & Grum, 2020). Inadequate infrastructure can also lead to reduced physical activity levels, particularly amongst older adults, associated with poorer health outcomes (Jiang, Xia et al., 2022). Lack of social infrastructure facilities can exacerbate social isolation, especially for the previously mentioned vulnerable groups (Greed, 2022). And access to educational facilities is critical for enabling workforce participation for parents. A lack of these resources can limit job opportunities and economic advancements for residents (Greed, 2022).

Insufficient consideration of social infrastructure in the exhibited TOD plan and related documents demonstrates a deviation from the Planning Priorities outlined in the 2036 Plan

and fails to meet the stated goals of the TOD program by failing to '*deliver housing that is supported by attractive public spaces, vibrancy, and community amenity.*' Further consideration, planning and investment is required to sufficiently address this critical need.

#### **Recommendations:**

- The Department conduct further technical studies on social infrastructure to accurately capture social infrastructure requirements based on current population and estimations of future growth.
- Undertake an updated social impact assessment and social infrastructure study with North Sydney Council as a matter of priority
- Utilise the data accrued as a result of future technical studies to inform the allocation of funding and resources to ensure that social infrastructure requirements in the Crows Nest Precinct are sufficiently met.

#### G3 NSW Government to release plan for meeting demand for new schools

There is concern that the growing community will not be adequately serviced by early childhood, schools and tertiary facilities.

In 2018, during the release of the draft 2036 Plan, the community wanted more information on the identification of a school site. In response, the 2036 Plan states on page 4: "*The Department of Education is actively investigating new early childhood, schools and tertiary education facilities in the precinct.*" It is also listed as a key objective of the precinct:

"Investigate and secure locations for education establishments to service the precinct. This includes early childhood, schools, and tertiary education facilities that may be needed to deliver education services".

2036 Plan (page 9. NSW Government 2020)

It is further identified as an action for investigation to be supported via SIC funding (page 42) and discussed again on pages 43 – 45 of the 2036 Plan.

Six years have elapsed since the community called for more information on a school site and the rezoning of land is now imminent. It is surprising then that the EIE rezoning package is silent on plans to deliver education facilities.

As the NSW Government would appreciate, providing services and social infrastructure to meet people's changing needs is of critical importance to Council and the community. If the Department intends to proceed to rezone land to the scale proposed under the EIE by the end of the year, plans to deliver this important infrastructure should be released soon.

#### **Recommendations:**

• The NSW Government release plans for meeting the demand for new early childhood, schools and tertiary education facilities in the precinct.

### 3.8 Arts and culture

#### **KEY MOVE**

#### NSC22 Work with North Sydney Council to address existing and future gaps in cultural infrastructure that cannot be funded through Council's existing local infrastructure contributions plan.

The provision of social and cultural infrastructure is integral to meet the needs of the high number of new residents who will be looking to St Leonards and Crows Nest for provision of services.

The provision of key social and cultural infrastructure is missing in the Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide and the current TOD proposal has zero commitment to cultural infrastructure. It is essential that the TOD considers how the infrastructure funding will extend to community and cultural infrastructure for the precinct. This includes: Arts and Cultural Centres, Halls and Community centres and Libraries. From a cultural planning perspective, the social and creative benefits provided by offering these kinds of spaces have a direct positive impact on community.

With a projected increase of 16,000 residents in the precinct, there will be a clear need for a range of social and cultural infrastructure to support connected and engaged residential communities. This means supporting residential centres with targeted cultural infrastructure to support both creative production and consumption. There is a significant lack of cultural infrastructure across the lower North Shore with community engagement consistently indicating this as an unmet community need.

The gaps for cultural and social infrastructure were identified as part of the St Leonards and Crows Nest Station Public Infrastructure and Open Space Study as performed by Arup in 2018.

There are currently little to no cultural facilities in the precinct. These spaces are necessary to "provide opportunities for diversifying the economic base, enable the community (residents and workers) to engage in creative activities including visiting galleries and attending workshops and provide an outlet for local creative expression" (ARUP, 2018). By undertaking a public art and placemaking strategy and by providing publicly accessible creative space there will be a shared benefit to residents and business owners. It is important to note that the ARUP study found that "the assessment of need assumes that existing social infrastructure has no spare capacity to address the additional population growth within the corridor as informed by the consultation process", further reiterating the need to consider additional infrastructure as the population increases.

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### H1 Need for Arts and Cultural spaces to be included as necessary infrastructure.

The ARUP study highlights the need for an exhibition space/gallery in the Precinct as well as the need for affordable studio, workshop and gallery spaces is integral.

Cultural production spaces, that is spaces used to make cultural products by crafts-people, music and theatre producers and visual artists are currently scarce in the precinct and are

under threat across the country. Suitable, affordable premises that are fit for purpose should be considered as part of the new builds.

A number of halls and centres with multiple functions were identified as required for the Precinct based on the benchmarking review. This includes the need for a district community centre, a number of community centres, small meeting halls, large meeting halls and a youth centre.

A Central Library and multiple branch libraries were identified as needs from the benchmarking review. The consultation highlighted that a 1,000m2 a branch library is proposed within the Precinct, however there was recognition that, with additional population in the Precinct and the role of St Leonards as a Strategic Centre, there may be a need for a Central Library with the flexibility to host a number of programs and spaces (including hall spaces considered above). The libraries on the periphery of the Precinct may contribute to the network of library spaces available to the community in the Precinct. The study suggested that a library facility may be hosted at the community space designed as part of the Sydney Metro Station which Council strongly advocated for, but unfortunately did not eventuate. The North Sydney Council LGA already falls short of the current State Library floor area benchmarks by 500 square metres based on the current population. Given the proposed increase, library space should be at least 4000 square metres across the LGA and much higher if we factor in non residents who work in the area.

As noted in the ARUP study, the provision of a library, which could serve as a multi-use, flexible community space is not only an opportunity for the precinct, but a necessity. Flexible/ co-located community spaces that incorporate library services would provide more flexibility to be able to address demand for recreation, working and social gathering spaces, as well as meeting and activity rooms for organised events.

Since the ARUP study was published in 2018, NSC has negotiated an Arts Centre at 617 Pacific Highway, however this facility will not be sufficient to meet the needs of future population.

There are examples of how collaboration to provide creative spaces through development can achieve positive results and shared value. Development should include flexible art spaces and groupings to become co-working precincts with shared community audiences and participants. An example such as Footscray Community Arts showcases several examples of this, including spaces that provide renewal and community development and spaces that provide employment and add vibrancy. Inner West Council's collaboration with AMP on the Marrickville Metro is an example of mutually beneficial outcomes from a public art perspective.

Considering examples of "art washing", where recent developments have been touted as creative hubs and employed artists to promote them, but then have not guaranteed any genuine creative outcomes after approval, it is important that commitments to the creative sector are locked-in to approvals and represent sustainable, long-term outcomes.

#### **Recommendations:**

• Funding is provided for cultural and social infrastructure and an updated creative and social infrastructure study is undertaken to assess gaps based on population projections.

### 3.9 Parks, open spaces and recreation

#### **KEY MOVE**

## NSC23 Identify a funding mechanism to enable the timely expansion of Hume Street Park as a priority.

Current open space areas in Crows Nest / St Leonards are beyond capacity, a situation that will only worsen as density of residential development increases.

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.9.1 OPEN SPACE AND RECREATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE

#### Insufficient open space to meet current and future needs of the residential population.

**Figure 11.1** reworks the Open Space map in the SJB *Urban Design Report* pg. 29 to provide a more accurate reflection of existing and future proposed (unfunded) open space in the precinct.



Figure I1.1 Existing Open Space and Proposed Future Open Space in the Precinct reworks the Open Space map in the SJB *Urban Design Report* pg. 29, providing a more accurate reflection of existing and future proposed (unfunded) open space in the precinct. Current open space at Hume Street Park (2) is limited, and the lack of funding attached to future proposed open space at locations 1 (childcare centre), 3 (indoor sports centre) & 4 (car park) highlight the currently reality of a precinct that lacks both quality and quantity of open space.

#### Hume Street Park

Whilst espousing the benefits of Council's Hume Street Park expansion master plan, the TOD documents appear to incorrectly conclude that there is sufficient existing open space to cater for the forecast density increase, based on the existing Hume Street Park meeting the > 1500m2 area requirement stated. (Refer *Crows Nest Precinct Design Guide* pg21 and the Open Space map in the SJB *Urban Design Report* pg 29).

Whilst the existing area of Hume Street Park, (inclusive of the recently completed Stage One expansion area) exceeds 1500m2, the current park area is already under extreme pressure and over capacity. The intensity of use from the existing level of development is such that it is difficult to maintain the park and particularly the grass areas, in good condition. Existing pathways within the park are expected to be over capacity with the imminent opening of the Metro station, and this will also bring additional pressure, even before the additional uplift proposed in the TOD.

The m2 provisions for open space needs to serve the core TOD area are clearly insufficient and will not alleviate the current over capacity issues, nor serve projected growth. The m2 provision are also described based on a density of **60** dwellings per hectare, whereas dwellings per hectare for the Crows Nest TOD is likely to be at least **380** dwellings / hectare. Much of the open space quoted in the headline figures in the key to the Open Space map in the SJB Urban Design Report pg. 29 (below), do not directly relate to the core mixed used precinct and / or TOD accelerated Rezoning Area.

> PRECINCT EXISTING OPEN SPACE METRICS: 99,116m<sup>2</sup> open space > 1,500m<sup>2</sup> 8,032m<sup>2</sup> open space < 1,500m<sup>2</sup> \* 6.5sqm per person

> > \* based on approx. population of 15,300

A minimum park size of at least the area proposed in the Hume Street Park expansion master plan, near the TOD is required to adequately serve the TOD precinct proposed densities. This will also assist to alleviate pressures on the nearby smaller parks such as Ernest Place, which is also suffering from overuse. There are clear synergies with the adjacent Willoughby Road 'eat-street' with the proposed parkland providing a much-needed breakout space for this vibrant commercial precinct and a buffer with the adjacent highdensity residential area of the TOD immediately to the west.

Hume Street Park is the best and most feasible site for development of a substantive park east of the Pacific Highway with easy access to the TOD precinct, and directly opposite the new Metro Station. Without a larger open space area where the intensity of use is dissipated, grass will not grow, and solar access is more difficult to achieve. Apartment dwellers of all ages need the opportunity to come out and sit in the sun, particularly in the cooler months, not only at lunch time but also in the morning and afternoon and after work if time permits. Grass is needed for children to play on, and for apartment dogs and their owners to enjoy. The Hume Street masterplan concept is an ambitious project and would be cost prohibitive for Council to deliver alone.

#### Holtermann Street car park

The TOD also relies on the proximity of the accelerated rezoning area to a planned/proposed open space on the site of the Holtermann Street car park. This space was identified by the State Government as part of the finalisation of the St Leonards/Crows Nest 2036 Plan in August 2020.

In 2021, Council endorsed the Draft Holtermann St car park design concepts. In addition to a multi-storey underground car park, the proposed redevelopment of the site would deliver a new 1500 square metre public park, an all-abilities children's playground, and a pedestrian link to Ernest Plaza. These design plans to create more public open space at street level on this site were driven and funding, for design only, provided by the State Government.

The St Leonards/Crows Nest 2036 Plan acknowledged that the current level of provision of open space in this precinct (0.4 hectares per 1000 people) was well below the standard ratio for provision of open space in Sydney of 2.83 hectares per 1000 people, and that more open space was needed given the planned significant growth.

However, no funding was provided for construction of this project, and the increased densities resulting from the accelerated rezoning area in the TOD will further exacerbate the lack of open space in this area. Substantial public investment is required to transform the Holtermann Street car park site into useable, useful, and high quality public open space.

#### St Thomas' Rest Park

Located on the eastern edge of the TOD precinct, St Thomas' Rest Park is currently the most significant open space available for passive recreation, children's play, and social/family gatherings in the Crow Nest area. The value of the Rest Park goes beyond its value for recreation – it is also the site of the first cemetery on the northern side of the harbour. Recreational use of this park currently respects and is consistent with its heritage significance, and further intensification of use is not considered appropriate.

#### Sinclair Street Site

The TOD identifies a site on Sinclair Street as a potential new public open space. Council acknowledges and supports the need for additional open space in this area, but notes that the site's capacity to deliver a substantial, high quality public open space is compromised. Sinclair Street is located on the southwestern side of the Pacific Highway site earmarked for uplift development. Although shadow modelling indicates that most of the site will be in the sun from 12pm, providing good amenity for lunchtime users, solar access will be non-existent throughout the morning and limited by 3pm. This limited solar access means this space is more suitable for development as a plaza with perimeter planted gardens, as natural grass surfaces which could provide a respite from the dense urban character of the area are unlikely to thrive. This has flow on impacts regarding water infiltration and urban heat island effects.

Figure I1.2. shows the impact of over-shadowing on the proposed open space in Sinclair Street (on 21 June 2024).

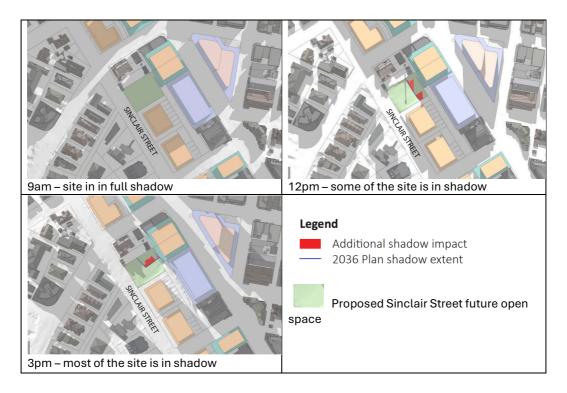


Figure 11.2 The Sinclair Street site is surrounded by residential developments, making it less suitable to cater for muchneeded active recreation facilities such as basketball ½ courts due to noise issues. Separation of the site from retail and commercial spaces and dining experiences located within Crows Nest further reduces the desirability of this location for new open space, and the requirement to provide vehicular and service access through the open space to the portion of the site fronting the Pacific Highway site will comprise the future site design and the site's ability for this site to provide high quality open space.

There is a body of evidence and research and methodologies in respect to providing adequate open space and recreational facilities in high density residential areas, such the RAB model as developed by the University of Technology. Links provided below that warrant consideration and support the need for adequate open space to support a growing population.

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/375088902\_Planning\_for\_Open\_Space\_and\_Recreat ion\_in\_High-\_Density\_Areas\_Report\_1\_Guidelines\_Review

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/375119702\_Planning\_for\_Open\_and\_Recreational\_S pace\_in\_High\_\_Density\_Areas\_Report\_2\_The\_RAB\_Model

#### **Recommendations:**

- That the Hume Street Park expansion project be clearly articulated as a deliverable of the TOD Precinct Plan, together with the allocation of appropriate funding.
- That funding allocation for delivery of new open space in the Crows Nest precinct is prioritised as follows: 1 Hume Street Park expansion, 2 Holtermann Street car park, subject to further investigation and review of Council assets and landholdings, 3 Sinclair Street site.

## The TOD documents are not clear on the mechanism to fund the necessary expansion of open space in Crows Nest / St Leonards.

Council's master plan for Hume Street Park proposes a contiguous parkland area of 8,500m2 providing a green heart to the centre of Crows Nest / St Leonards, and directly adjoining (east side of) the TOD precinct. Implementation of Stage 1 has increased the open space in Crows Nest by 1,200m2 (the existing Hume Street Park was 1,500m2) and created an important pedestrian link between the Willoughby Road commercial centre and the Crows Nest Metro.

Further expansion of Hume Street Park, including closure and pedestrianisation of Hume Street and relocation of the childcare centre and the indoor sports centre (from street level) could deliver an additional 6,200m2 of parkland at the site.

The proposed master plan meets many of the stated objectives in the TOD with respect to open space, including:

- *"Promote legibility between key public spaces and infrastructure with key sightlines and corridors.* [ 3.9. Movement pg. 30/41]
- "Create a network of new and existing useable, public open spaces....";" Ensure the size, distribution and program of open spaces is proportional to the future needs of residents." [2.4 Key themes and objectives: pg. 11/41]
- "...the provision and upgrade to existing open space needs to increase with the proposed increase to the population in and surrounding the Crows Nest Precinct"

The master plan also meets many of the objectives espoused in the NSW Government's *Greener Places Design Guide* [NSW Government Architect, 2020]:

- Understand the demands on existing open space, and plan for open space in new and growing communities
- Encourage physical activity by providing better parks and better amenity
- Provide open space that is multifunctional and fit for purpose
- Design versatile, flexible spaces
- Use open space to connect people to nature

Whilst the TOD references the proposed master plan (for example Figure 2; Figure 5; Figure 7; [SJB, 2024]), it does not clearly articulate the funding mechanism through which it can be delivered.

Whilst state government funding facilitated the redesign of the Holtermann Street car park site as public open space (and an underground car park), funding for construction was not provided. Again, the TOD provides no mechanism to enable this project to be realised.

The future provision of open space in Sinclair Street mooted by the TOD is dependent on the redevelopment of the entire privately-owned site. There is no time frame attached to this potential redevelopment, and indeed no assurance that it will ever occur.

In addition to the substantial capital investment required to deliver new public open space and improvements to the streetscape, another funding-related consideration is the ongoing inherent and increasing lifecycle costs of managing and maintaining the infrastructure delivered.

#### **Recommendation:**

• Explore funding models between State and local governments to partner for sustainable provision of public space to support TOD population concentrations.

#### The increased open space is needed now

The North Sydney LGA already has a well-documented, critical shortage of existing open space to meet the needs of the current population. The North Sydney Open Space Provision Strategy 2009, the North Sydney Recreation Needs Study 2015, and the Open Space and Recreation Study Discussion Paper 2024 all substantiate this.

The existing open space in the Crows Nest area is already over capacity. This situation will only become more acute with the opening of the Crows Nest Metro in August 2024, and will be further exacerbated as density increases. It is critical that open space expansion is funded now so that the space is available as soon as is practical.

The provision of public open space is vital for both the physical and mental well-being of the community. Quality public open space provides an array of well-recognised environmental, social, cultural, and economic benefits. The proposed uplift in population including children, youth, seniors and dog-owners necessitates the provision of immediate access to a large area of quality public open spaces for gathering, enjoying the sunshine, grass and other natural elements, and for both passive and active recreation. A network of high quality, useable and attractive public open space is fundamental to building connected neighbourhoods and it will provide the foundation for liveability of this area.

#### **Recommendation:**

• That funding is allocated by the State government specifically for the delivery of additional open space.

#### New open space must be well-designed and of high quality to ensure capacity

The TOD prescribes numeric guides for provision but pays scant attention to achievable, qualitative issues. Solar access, protection from strong prevailing winds, views into and out of open space and connectivity between open spaces and the wider public domain are all factors that will contribute to the provision of high quality, desirable and useable public open space infrastructure to support an uplift in population density.

Although Hume Street Park currently provides more that 1500m2 of public land, the public open space is of relatively poor quality, primarily due to its high use, and it has limited capacity in its current configuration and slope. The park is proof that relatively small open spaces, under pressure from high use, do not support grass. Providing additional open space at this location will enable provision of higher quality open space with increased capacity to meet the population's need for open space and recreation, including grassed areas and spaces for groups and gatherings.

There is a need to balance tree canopy and solar access, both in public open spaces and in connecting streets, and consideration should be given to guiding tree planting at certain sites, including Hume Street Park. Whilst deciduous trees can somewhat alleviate the issue, the more trees there are, the less solar access. Dense canopy is less compatible with maintaining grass cover, particularly if the trees are planted in the grass, and the roots are competing for water and nutrients.

#### Recommendation

15

• Dividing funding opportunities by attempting to meet numerical standards for provision of open space (by providing open space at the Holtermann and Sinclair Street sites) should not compromise delivery of more useful and usable additions to the public open space at Hume Street Park.

## Significant deficit of active recreation spaces to cater for intensified sporting needs of the community uplift generated by the TOD

While the Crows Nest TOD seeks to address provision and access to public open space, this provision appears to be predominantly focused on supporting passive recreational needs. There is no provision for the addition of public open space infrastructure that facilitates active recreation.

The North Sydney LGA has an existing substantial deficit of public outdoor sporting sites to meet even the current population needs. The NSROC Regional Sportsground Strategy Review 2023 calculates the current deficit of sporting parks at approx. 53ha to meet demand by 2036. This figure excludes the demand intensification delivered by the Crows Nest TOD.

With limited public land available to accommodate active outdoor sporting needs, creative solutions are needed. Where uplift is planned, provision should be made for additional indoor sporting facilities. Future management of these facilities will require a partnering approach between site owners and public authorities to ensure access for community use is prioritised.

#### Recommendation

• Explore opportunities on selected TOD sites to help deliver active sporting infrastructure to respond to intensification of use.

## Increased residential density cannot solely rely on public open space to address the recreation needs of new households

Given the shortage of suitable and sufficient public open space and recreation opportunities within the North Sydney LGA to meet demand from increased population numbers, the provision of quality private open space is critical.

High density design of apartments should acknowledge and/or mandate floor space ratios that result in additional internal spaces for play and the practicalities of family and

community life such that public open space is not placed under further pressure to fulfil basic family celebration and social needs.

Although the value of high quality and varied public open space is central to housing uplift, it cannot offset a poor-quality private domain that does not respond to and support the needs of a range of household types, family life stages and population ages from newborn to aging.

#### **Recommendation:**

• The Urban Design Report together with the Design Guide which inform the TOD should strengthen the requirement for private development to contribute to quality private open space within the footprint of any new high-density development.

### 3.10 Environmental sustainability

#### **KEY MOVE**

# NSC24 Incorporate design standards into the Design Guide to ensure all new developments are to use only electricity for all energy requirements associated with normal operations.

Include provisions for an All Electric Precinct including residential and commercial developments to assist in achieving State Government and Council net zero targets. This is in keeping with the Utilities Study that suggested replacing gas for a sustainable electrical supply for heating and cooling.

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.10.1 DESIGN GUIDE

#### Key themes and objectives

Table 1 of the Design Guide:

- Built form: There is no reference to sustainable buildings. Recommended to include and highlight adherence to existing State Government documents including the Apartment Design Guide; Sustainable Buildings SEPP 2022; BASIX SEPP and National Construction Code 2022
- Environment: No reference to water resilience in the precinct. Recommend including WSUD principles in landscaping and designs.
- Environment: No reference to urban heat. This is now a resilience priority and should be referenced as a key design consideration.

#### Recommendations

- Include reference and adherence to existing Government documents relating to sustainable buildings.
- Include incorporation of WSUD principles in landscaping and designs.
- Include minimising urban heat as a key theme in design.

#### 3.10.2 PRECINCT WIDE DESIGN PRINCIPLES

#### J2 All electric precinct

As per the key move outlined above, include provisions for an All Electric Precinct including residential and commercial developments to assist in achieving State Government and Council net zero targets. This is in keeping with the Utilities Study that suggested replacing gas for a sustainable electrical supply for heating and cooling.

The objectives for this include:

- 1. To minimise the installation of plant and equipment in new buildings that rely upon onsite combustion of fossil fuels.
- 2. To reduce indoor and outdoor air pollutants associated with the combustion of gas or wood and improve air quality and reduce health hazards.
- 3. To reduce the ongoing cost to occupants by avoiding ongoing gas connection charges.
- 4. To reduce the contribution of gas combustion to the anthropogenic heat contribution flux in the urban area.

#### **Recommendation:**

• All new developments are to use only electricity for all energy requirements associated with normal operations.

#### No reference to Sustainable Building Design

Reference to existing government documents including the Apartment Design Guide; Sustainable Buildings SEPP 2022; BASIX SEPP and National Construction Code 2022 needs to be included. Reference to these documents will provide guidance and controls on building siting; design; configuration; and performance including passive design, energy and water efficiency, waste management and water conservation.

#### Recommendations

 Include reference to existing State Government documents as controls and guidance on best practice.

#### Reference should be made to green walls and green roofs on a building façade

Planting on structures contributes to the quality and amenity of communal and public open spaces as well as contributing to the thermal performance of the buildings and reduction of the urban heat island effect.

#### **Recommendation:**

 Include reference to, and provisions for green walls and green roofs on a building façade.

#### No reference to water resilience and WSUD design principles in public spaces

To improve biodiversity terrestrial habitat features should be incorporated into landscape plans and building designs. This should provide micro-habitats and stratified habitats and improve connectivity along existing or broken habitat corridors wherever practicable.

#### **Recommendation:**

- Include reference to water resilience and WSUD design principles in public spaces.
- Include provision for terrestrial habitat features in landscape plans.

## Je The current provisions for EV charging in Section 3.10 Carparking, need to reflect the provisions as outlined in the NCC 2022.

Provision of EV charging infrastructure needs to be provided for car share and visitor car parking spaces.

#### **Recommendations:**

- All new developments are to meet the relevant Deemed-to-Satisfy Provisions of NCC 2022 Volume One Part J9D4 Facilities for electric vehicle charging equipment or any subsequent amendment, except where varied by this clause.
- 10% or a minimum of 4, of all car-share spaces and spaces allocated to visitors must have a Minimum Level 2 40A charger.

#### 3.10.3 GENERAL ENVIRONMENT/ SUSTAINABILITY

#### Biodiversity: Inclusion of green walls as an objective

Reference is provided to maximising tree canopy and deep soil plantings to encourage growth of local biodiversity. To further encourage biodiversity and to help alleviate the effects of urban heat, inclusion of green walls and green roofs should be listed as an objective.

#### **Recommendation:**

• Include provisions for green roofs and green walls to increase biodiversity.

#### Renewable energy production and storage

There is no reference to onsite renewable energy production. Including opportunities for onsite generation of power from renewable sources including solar PV will reduce the cost to households and businesses to meet operational needs.

Provision of space in the building footprint for storage of renewable energy in batteries also needs to be provided for.

#### **Recommendation:**

• Include provisions for onsite generation and storage of renewable energy.

#### J9 Refrigerants

There is no reference to the use of refrigerants in building equipment such as air conditioning, refrigeration and heat pump equipment. It should be a requirement of the building design that it aims to minimise the installation of equipment that relies on hydrofluorocarbons (HFC's) and prioritises the installation of equipment that uses natural refrigerants and has a global warming potential less than 10.

#### **Recommendation:**

• Include provision to install equipment including air-conditioning, refrigeration and heat pumps that uses natural hydrofluoroolefin (HFO) refrigerants with a global warming potential less than 10.

#### J10 Waste Management

There is no reference to waste management in the precinct pertaining to residential or commercial areas. With FOGO collection mandated for commercial businesses by 2025 and residential areas by 2030, the provision of adequate space within the buildings footprint is required.

Including reference to waste management will improve the separation of waste streams through the provision of necessary infrastructure.

#### **Recommendation:**

• Include provisions for the integration of waste management infrastructure to facilitate the separation of waste, bulky waste, recycling and organics. This includes integration wholly within the built form and is to be sufficiently sized to accommodate all waste streams. Provision to include space for on-site equipment to reduce the waste volume leaving the development. Eg onsite composting facilities.

## 3.11 Transport

#### **KEY MOVES**

NSC25 Prioritise pedestrian safety and connectivity with reduced speed limits, traffic calming treatments and pedestrian signal prioritisation at traffic signals.

NSC26 Deliver safe and connected cycleways to promote cycling and encourage young people to cycle to school.

NSC27 Implement parking maximums to reduce car ownership and deliver the aims of Transit Oriented Development.

#### **ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### 3.11.1 PEOPLE THAT WALK

#### K1 Integrate Crows Nest Metro with density on the western side of Pacific Highway

Considerable density is proposed on the western side of the Pacific Highway. This area is poorly integrated with the Crows Nest Metro site. In some instances, pedestrians are required to wait at multiple crossings on one signalised intersection to access the Crows Nest Metro or St Leonards Train Station. All intersections along Pacific Highway should have pedestrian signals on each approach, including:

- Pacific Highway and Herbert Street
- Pacific Highway and Christie Street
- Pacific Highway and Albany Street
- Pacific Highway and Oxley Street
- Pacific Highway and Hume Street

Poor connectivity to the metro and train stations increases pedestrian journey times and the catchment area of Transit Oriented Development.

#### K2 Reduce speed limits on local streets

A majority of streets in the Crows Nest precinct have a speed limit of 50km/hr. Pedestrians hit by a car at 50km/hr have a 10% chance of surviving, this increases to 60% and 90% for 40 and 30km/hr respectively.

In April 2020, North Sydney Council resolved to adopt the 40km/h and 10km/h Shared Zone Masterplan and Action Plan. The majority of the area identified within the CN TOD EIE falls within Zone 8 of Council's adopted Masterplan.

Lowering speeds on local streets will reduce the incidence of serious injuries and death. The proposed density will increase pedestrian activity in the precinct and as a result the risk of vehicle conflicts. All local streets in the precinct should have reduced speed limits to minimise the risk of serious and fatal injuries. This would require associated infrastructure to physically reduce vehicle speeds such as traffic calming at the entry to the local road network from the higher speed state road network.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Implement missing pedestrian signals on all intersections with Pacific Highway.
- Pedestrian phases should be frequent and above minimum requirements.
- Pedestrian phase should comfortably accommodate an older or less able-bodied person to cross the street.
- Implement reduced speed limits on all local streets within the Crows Nest precinct including continuous footpath treatments at all entry points to the State Road Network.

#### 3.11.2 PEOPLE THAT RIDE A BIKE

#### K3 Fund and deliver safe, fully separated cycling connections to schools

A majority of the Crows Nest Precinct set for uplift is situated in a school catchment with one primary school (Anzac Park Public School). This school is located approximately 1km from the Crows Nest Metro station (see figure K3.1). It is acknowledged that a second primary school is planned for the area, however this is still in the planning stages and a location has yet to be identified.

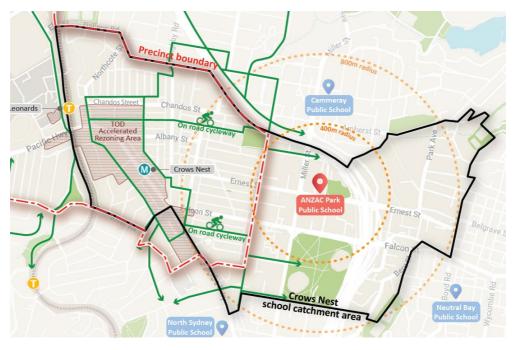


Figure K3.1. School catchment for primary schools highlights the distance parents would need to travel for school drop-off and pick-up necessitating the use of private vehicles.

School Travel Plans for nearby schools suggest that primary school students are more likely to be driven to school (see table K3.2 for example travel patterns for Marist College). Parents 'trip chain' so they can drop their children safely at school and continue to work or other activities.

To reduce this travel pattern, safe, fully separated cycling connections are required so parents can ride with their children to school. This is essential to deliver the precinct aim to be a Transit Oriented Development.

|               | Arrival (AM)   |                                | Departure (PM) |      |  |
|---------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------|--|
| Mode (%)      | Primary School | ool High School Primary School | High School    |      |  |
| Car           | 72             | 26                             | 66             | 13   |  |
| Walk          | 16             | 9                              | 22             | 11   |  |
| Bus           | 5              | 47                             | 4              | 50   |  |
| Train         | 0              | 4                              | 1              | 7    |  |
| Train and Bus | 1              | 11                             | 1              | 17   |  |
| Cycle         | 3              | 0                              | 3              | 0    |  |
| Other         | 3              | 3                              | 3              | 2    |  |
| Total         | 100%           | 100%                           | 100%           | 100% |  |

Table K3.2. Travel patterns for Marist College suggest that most primary aged children are driven to school.

#### K4 Separated cycleway along Pacific Highway

The *Supplementary Transport Technical Note* identifies cycling infrastructure along the Pacific Highway. Transport for NSW has identified this corridor as an immediate opportunity to increase cycling in the Eastern Harbour City Strategic Cycleway Corridor (see figure K4.1).

As a key route through the precinct, this project should be investigated for potential prioritisation. This project would potentially better support a more genuine transit-oriented development precinct.

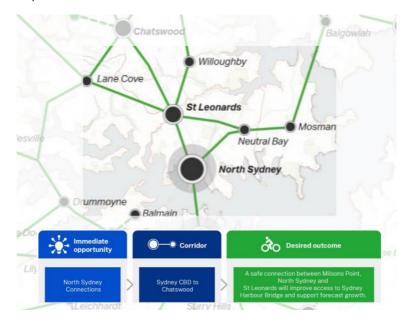


Figure K4.1. A connection between North Sydney and St Leonards is an immediate opportunity

#### K5 Fund North Sydney Council's priority cycling routes

North Sydney Council has prepared designs and consulted with the community on West Street Cycleway Stage 2, proposing 1.1kms of cycleway between Ridge Street and Amhurst Street (see Figure K5.1 West Street Cycleway Stage 2).

This cycleway is on the border of the Crows Nest precinct and will significantly improve cycling connections to the 5 schools within 200 metres.



Figure K5.1. West Street Cycleway Stage 2

The concept designs received a high level of support from the community (see Figure K5.2.) and has been endorsed as a priority project for North Sydney Council. As a result, this is a low-risk project for delivery and an easy win for encouraging cycling in the precinct.

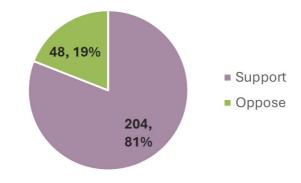


Figure K5.2. From 252 submissions, 204 (81%) supported the proposed West Street Cycleway design

#### **Recommendations:**

- Provide funding for detailed design and construction of West Street Cycleway Stage 2
- Carry out more detailed investigation work on a potential Pacific Highway separated cycleway
- Deliver safe, separated cycling connections between the Crows Nest Precinct and Anzac Park Public School

#### 3.11.3 PEOPLE THAT DRIVE

#### K6 Expand parking maximums to cover all developments in the Crows Nest Precinct.

North Sydney Council has prepared extensive research into car parking rates around the Crows Nest precinct. The report found:

- One parking space can add up to \$300,000 to the cost of an apartment impacting housing affordability.
- There is a strong link between car ownership and, as a result, car driving mode share and congestion.

This extensive research led to the implementation of parking maximums to the North Sydney Development Control Plan (NSDCP) for areas with high public transport access, including the North Sydney portion of the Crows Nest Precinct.

The Crows Nest Precinct proposal defers parking rates to either Willoughby, Lane Cove or North Sydney, whichever council DCP applies. Uplift is planned for areas within the Lane Cove LGA (see Figure K6.1, Lane Cove LGA and proposed FSR map). These developments would have significantly more parking than the North Sydney side and would have a greater impact on the road network. The current proposed parking rates will result in residents driving, causing queuing on the Pacific Highway and 'rat running' on local roads.

Expanding the NSDCP parking maximums to the entire Crows Nest Precinct is aligned with the aims of Transit Oriented Development and essential to transition away from car ownership.



Figure K6.1. Lane Cove DCP has parking minimums and generate more traffic than North Sydney DCP. Density is highlighted using proposed Floor Space Ratio changes.

#### Implement traffic calming measures to reduce short cuts on local streets.

K7

There are existing 'No Right Turn' restrictions for southbound traffic on the Pacific Highway into Hume Street or Shirley Street. Drivers travelling from the north to the proposed uplifted area on the western side of the Pacific Highway will attempt short-cut routes through residential streets to gain access (see Figure K7.1).

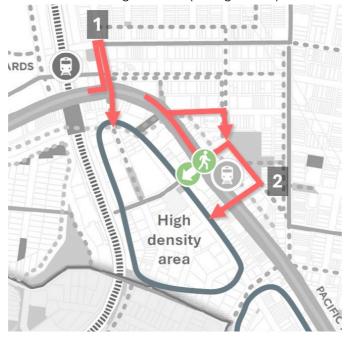


Figure K7.1. Right hand turn bans and the existing road network design will encourage rat-running through local streets.

This is of concern particularly for the areas that are expected to experience increased pedestrian activity as a result of the Crows Nest Metro Station and increased traffic due to current and planned rates of off-street parking provision within mew development. Potential amelioration measures that warrant investigation include:

- removal of the roundabout at the intersection of Chandos Street and Christie Street (identified as point 1 in Figure K7.1) to reduce this travel pattern.
- treatments to minimise through traffic on Hume Street crossing the Pacific Highway (identified as point 2 in Figure K7.1)
- traffic calming measures for the entire precinct to prevent short-cut through movements through local streets. This should include continuous footpath treatments and raised pedestrian crossings on Oxley Street and Clarke Street.

Coupled with maximum parking rates for the precinct, this would help reduce traffic on local roads and promote public and active transport use.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Consideration be given to expand the approach of maximum parking rates throughout the precinct more broadly.
- Implement traffic calming measures to reduce speeds and prevent short-cut vehicle movements on local streets.

### 3.12 Utilities

#### **KEY MOVE**

NSC28 A detailed analysis is undertaken to capture the full scope of the upgrade to infrastructure and services to support the increase in housing supply and recognise how this financial burden will not be borne solely by Council and its residents.

#### ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Development works conflicting with Council capital works programs

Short-term and Long-term Council infrastructure works planning may be impacted by development works arising from the Crows Nest TOD. Impact is not defined at this stage. This can be better identified once Council's Asset Management Plans and capital works forecast are updated (Currently in progress).

#### **Recommendations:**

• Impact is revisited once Council's Asset Management Plans and capital works forecast have been updated.

#### Council drainage infrastructure not shown in the Utilities Report

Consideration for North Sydney Council Stormwater drainage infrastructure does not appear to have been undertaken. Existing infrastructure, such as stormwater drainage, which are within development sites are likely to be impacted directly by developments.

#### **Recommendations:**

 North Sydney Council Stormwater drainage infrastructure is included in the Utilities Report.

#### Impact on distribution of Radio Frequency

Developers commonly use sound proofing materials for the comfort of the occupants – such materials have the unintended impact of affecting radio frequency (RF) to the point of knocking out mobile reception from ground level and up.

Absence of RF adversely impacts the lives of the community and makes them reliant on service providers such as NBN and Co. This creates a financial impact as the community are obliged to purchase NBN units in absence of RF. RF is an integral part of our lives and cities.

#### **Recommendations:**

L4

• If the future Design Guideline or DCP cannot regulate the type of materials employed in buildings then mitigating measures should be considered to compensate for the lack/absence of RF – this is a specialist area requiring expert advice.

#### Service constraints identified for potable water, sewer and electricity

The provided utilities report identifies and acknowledges service constraints in the categories of but not limited to existing potable water, sewer and electrical infrastructure.

An estimate of the future service demands has been calculated based on the maximum proposed development yields resulting in 6683 additional dwellings.

While sustainability initiatives are identified in the report to assist in the management of the increased need to supply these essentials services, a clear focus on the impacts to existing Council infrastructure must also be assessed and understood. The report is silent on the scope relating to accessing the existing infrastructure and the impact and cost this has on council assets such as footpaths, roads and parks. Costs associated with make good works, services diversions or similar pose a financial burden on Council and its rate payers and have not been adequately considered or identified in the report.

#### **Recommendations:**

• That an analysis is undertaken to capture the full scope of the upgrade to infrastructure and services to support the increase in housing supply. The analysis must review and consider all costs and impacts on council assets that are associated with the upgrades. It should also recognise how this financial burden should not be borne solely by Council and its residents

### 3.13 Implementation

#### **KEY MOVE**

NSC29 Ensure Council's future involvement in planning our centres and greater community participation.

#### ISSUES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **3.13.1 WORKING WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT**

## M1 Sharing the responsibility for environmental planning and greater community participation in the North Sydney local governmental area

Council maintains that local government is the most appropriate tier of government to undertake the detailed planning and design of our centres. We know our area best, and we know our community. We are the layer of government that takes on the responsibility for making these high-density centres economically strong, liveable and humane, and environmentally sound.

Moreover, a 4-week exhibition, extended to six weeks late in the exhibition period, that requires Council to review a suite of unseen documents, report that matter to Council and make a submission to the Department, is not good process and will not yield the best result for our growing community.

Whilst the quality of the work that underpins the EIE rezoning proposal and Design Guide is noted, particularly given the short timeframe within which these documents were prepared, there are many errors, incorrect assumptions, omissions or inconsistencies between the proposals, as outlined in the previous sections of this submission – whether through a lack of knowledge of the area, graphic errors, or oversights based on the speed with which the rezoning package was prepared.

Finally, had the Department instead set jobs and dwellings targets for the centre under an updated Metropolitan Plan for Sydney – as was usual practice in strategic planning for Metropolitan Sydney, Council could have worked with the community and our state government colleagues, to develop a strategic plan that incorporated viable projects to increase jobs and housing capacity, increase canopy cover, improve active transport, and identify opportunities for cultural and community services. Such a process empowers both local government and the communities that we serve.

Going forward, it is recommended that Council is involved in the finalisation of the rezoning package.

#### **Recommendation:**

 The Department work with North Sydney Council in finalising any plans for the Crows Nest Precinct • That going forward, the Department recognise the importance of sharing the responsibility for environmental planning and greater community participation in the North Sydney local government area

#### 3.13.2 DEFERRED COMMENCEMENT

## M2 Any SEPP giving effect to the EIE must be subject to a deferred commencement date. A minimum of 2 weeks is preferred.

Once a SEPP is made giving effect to the EIE, it will result in a large number of amendments to North Sydney LEP 2013, relating to:

- zoning
- building heights
- FSR
- non-residential FSRs
- affordable housing incentives
- affordable housing contributions

These amendments will have a direct impact on the information required to be applied to properties on land affected by the SEPP for the purpose of issuing section 10.7 Planning Certificates. Information provided on a Certificate must be correct at the time of issuance, otherwise it may be held liable for a party acting upon incorrect information on the Planning Certificate.

Given the extent of amendments proposed under the EIE, it is anticipated that it could take 2 weeks to correctly implement the required amendments. Accordingly, Council requests that the commencement of the SEPP that gives effect to the EIE be subject to a deferred commencement provision, which would require the SEPP to commence at least 2 weeks after its making/gazettal.

#### **Recommendations:**

That any SEPP giving effect to the EIE is subject to a deferred commencement date. A
minimum of 2 weeks is required.

## Attachment 1:

# Submission by the North Sydney Council Access and Inclusion Committee



200 Miller Street, North Sydney, NSW 2060 | ABN 32 353 260 317 All correspondence P0 Box 12, North Sydney, NSW 2059 P (02) 9936 8100 | E council@northsydney.nsw.gov.au W www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au

The Honourable Paul Scully, Minister for Planning and Public Spaces

The following letter has been compiled by members of the North Sydney Council Access and Inclusion Committee (AIC) to support Council's submission on the proposed Crows Nest/St Leonards Transport Oriented Development (TOD).

The AIC is comprised of community members with lived experience with disability- either as a person with a disability and/or a carer of a person with a disability. We use our collective experience to provide expertise and advice on how to enhance accessibility and promote inclusion within Council's infrastructure, facilities, events, services, systems and processes.

As community members who will be directly affected by the changes proposed in the TOD, the Committee is deeply disappointed by the lack of commitment or even acknowledgement of accessibility and inclusion in the exhibited plan for the <u>Crows</u> Nest/St Leonards Precinct. While there is a plethora of information on topics such as building height and floor space, there is comparatively little detailing how crucial issues such as accessible housing or wayfinding will be implemented. We have each personally experienced significant barriers and obstacles resulting from adherence to current planning and design guidelines. With the TOD proposal representing rapid increases in development and population, we firmly believe that planning and design of the <u>Crows</u> Nest/St Leonards Precinct needs to exceed current guidelines to ensure that the needs of the community are met, now and in the future.

The AIC firmly believes that the <u>Crows</u> Nest/St Leonards Precinct presents an opportunity for the NSW Government to be world leaders in setting new and better standards for accessibility and inclusion. Everybody benefits from good universal design and planning, but people with disabilities, older people, families with young children and those with temporary mobility injuries are particularly affected. The Precinct's high-quality healthcare, transport and education infrastructure makes it a highly attractive destination for people with accessibility requirements to live, work and visit. As such, it is imperative that accessibility and inclusion principles are deeply embedded into the design and development of the whole Precinct.

We implore the NSW Government to aim higher and to become leaders in accessible planning and design to create a precinct that truly achieves the stated objectives of the TOD Program: 'To deliver housing that is supported by attractive public spaces, vibrancy, and community amenity'.

To support in achieving these higher standards, the AIC is seeking further information and commitment from the NSW Government on the following issues:

- Accessible Housing
  - Ensuring all new developments are required to adhere to universal design principles
     Wayfinding
    - Developing a consistent, Precinct-wide wayfinding strategy to ensure that anybody can easily and safely navigate between key points of interest
- Accessible Active Transport
  - Ensuring streets and footpaths between key points of interest can be easily and safely
    navigated by designing with accessibility in mind. <u>Of particular interest to the AIC is</u>

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implementing the recommendations from the Guide Dogs Australia submission to the Design of Roads and Streets Guidelines

- o Ensuring consistent and reliable access to accessible toilets and rest areas
- Infrastructure
  - Ensuring the provision of adequate and high-quality accessible community spaces, such as community centres, libraries, open spaces and sports facilities. These spaces are crucial for connecting isolated and vulnerable community groups such as older people, people with disabilities, neurodiverse people and young people
- Quiet Spaces
  - Ensuring the provision of adequate quiet spaces and noise control to support people disproportionately affected by these issues (e.g. neurodiverse people, people with vision, hearing or other impairments) can safely and easily access public spaces.

The AIC is committed to using our lived experience and expertise to passionately advocate for the best possible outcomes for the future of our community. The AIC acknowledges the complexity and challenges associated with planning and designing a precinct and our intention in writing this letter is to work collaboratively with the NSW Government in achieving this goal.

To that end, the AIC would be honoured to cordially invite the Minister and any relevant staff from the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure to attend the next meeting of the AIC on Tuesday 29<sup>th</sup> of October, 5:30pm-7:30pm.

Yours sincerely,

#### The North Sydney Council Access and Inclusion Committee

Alistair Lee Catherine Wilson Jaci Armstrong Jillian Christie Judy Harwood Kate Hooke Naomi Deck

### 7. The Access and Inclusion Committee

The establishment of the Access and Inclusion Committee (AIC) was a recommended action in Council's Disability Inclusion Action Plan (2022-2026) endorsed by Council in October 2022. The AIC was established by Council in August 2023.

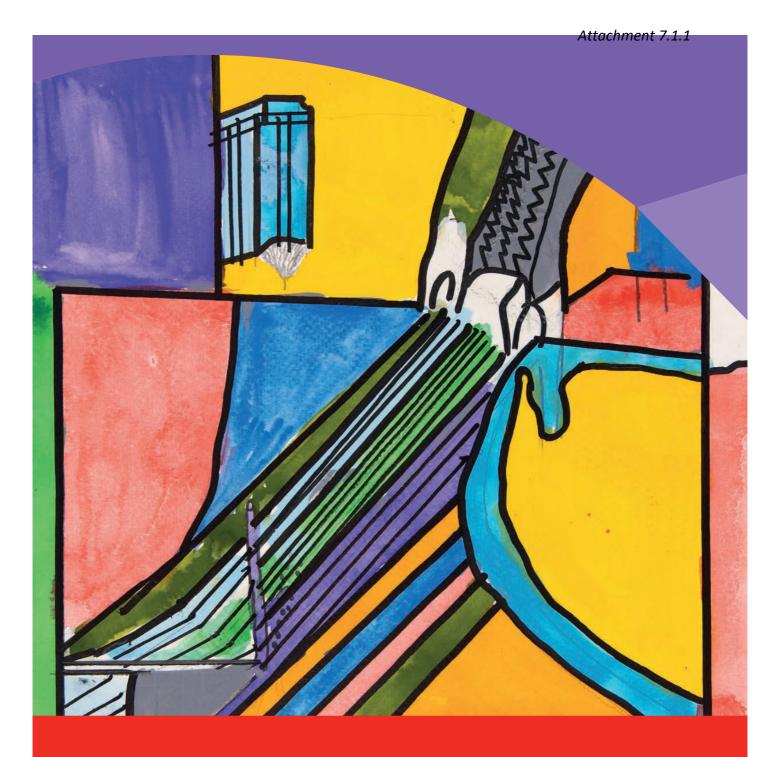
The Access and Inclusion Committee is an advisory body tasked with assisting Council in achieving improved access and inclusion of services and infrastructure in North Sydney.

The role of the Committee is to provide:

- expertise and advice on how to enhance accessibility and promote inclusion within Council's infrastructure, facilities, events, services, systems, and processes for people with disability.
- advice and guidance on the development and implementation of Council's Disability Inclusion Action Plan (DIAP 2022-2026) and other strategies and policies that impact on access and inclusion.
- advice on how to raise awareness and promote attitudinal change within the community to promote inclusion and access for all.
- guidance on embedding the social model of disability across the organisation.

Members of the AIC are the Chair appointed by Council, and community representatives appointed by the Chief Executive Officer.

North Sydney Council's Disability Inclusion Action Plan (2022-2026) is attached.



# North Sydney Council Disability Inclusion Action Plan 2022-2026



### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY**

North Sydney Council acknowledges the Cammeraygal People as the Traditional Owners of this land. The authors of this report pay our respects to Elders, past and present and recognise the inherent connection of the Indigenous people of Australia to Country.

### **Artwork Acknowledgement**

The artwork on the front cover was created by Thom Roberts. Roberts works out of Studio A, a social enterprise based in Crows Nest that supports professional artists living with intellectual disability.

June 2022

North Sydney Council DISABILITY INCLUSION ACTION PLAN 2022-2026

Access and Inclusion Committee - 25 February 2025 Agenda



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North Sydney Council DISABILITY INCLUSION ACTION PLAN 2022-2026

### **MAYOR'S MESSAGE**



I am very proud to introduce you to our new Disability Inclusion Action Plan 2022-2026 (DIAP).

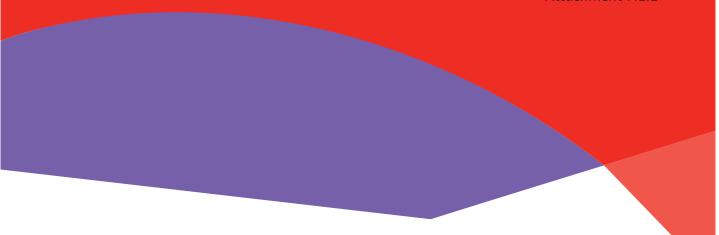
North Sydney Council encompasses some of the most beautiful territory in the world providing our community with a great quality of life and many opportunities. Sadly, these are not equally available for people with disability.

We want a community and environment that responds to the diverse needs of our residents, visitors and workers; designing for universal access and removing the barriers that get in the way. We want people in our community to feel valued, with their autonomy and contributions enabled, respected and welcomed.

Your elected Councillors and I are committed to making this a priority. Our efforts will span across every area of Council. I'm a planner at heart, with a passion for urban design and ensuring our community has a say, so will be taking a strong interest in how the DIAP progresses.

We listened to many voices as we built this plan, starting with people with lived experience of disability. To ensure we continue to capture the input from people with disability, Council will establish an inclusion advisory group who will be instrumental in helping drive and shape a more inclusive community.

Having a DIAP means we will make changes where necessary and continue to have conversations about how we support people with a disability. With 1 in 5 Australians living with a disability the communication channels need to remain open.



I'm proud that we have achieved most of the goals in our previous DIAP. We have identified buildings and facilities where we need to take action and have started making these more accessible. We've also made sure access and inclusion is embedded into staff recruitment, training, project planning and Council reporting.

Moving forward, we will build on these successes, with an emphasis on extending beyond compliance to providing the best experiences we can for people with disability.

I'm confident our new DIAP will better enable people with disability to achieve their rights to equal opportunity, independence, and a high quality of life.

Zoë Baker MAYOR



Everyone has an equal right to be included, respected, contribute and make genuine choices in their lives. People may be born with disability, acquire a disability through their lifetime, experience disability as an older person or have a temporary disability. Their experiences help create our identity and sense of belonging.

Communities are complex. They grow, they evolve. There has been enormous change over the past decade in our expectations of people with disability and how we build for universal access. Legislation is now more explicit about the rights of people with disability and Standards are in place to ensure they have equal access to new public buildings.

A community with environments, buildings, products, services and information that are equally usable and inclusive has social and economic benefits for everyone.

But change takes time. Removing the barriers that make life harder and impede the autonomy and participation for people with disability requires continued effort.

This Disability Inclusion Action Plan 2022 – 2026 (DIAP) builds on the success of Council's previous Plan.

It takes advantage of the transformation of public domain spaces in the North Sydney local government area (LGA), ensuring Council designs for access beyond compliance. It looks backwards to fix things that were in place before access was deemed to be important. It considers how we can better get around our neighbourhoods and take advantage of the outdoors. It looks beyond access to inclusion so that people with disability can enjoy the full benefits of participation in the community.

This Plan has four focus areas:

- 1. Attitudes and behaviours
- 2. Liveable communities
- 3. Employment
- 4. Systems and processes

The activation of the North Sydney CBD and many other spaces provides us with opportunity to design with diversity in mind.



We will incorporate the Principles of Universal Design into our planning:

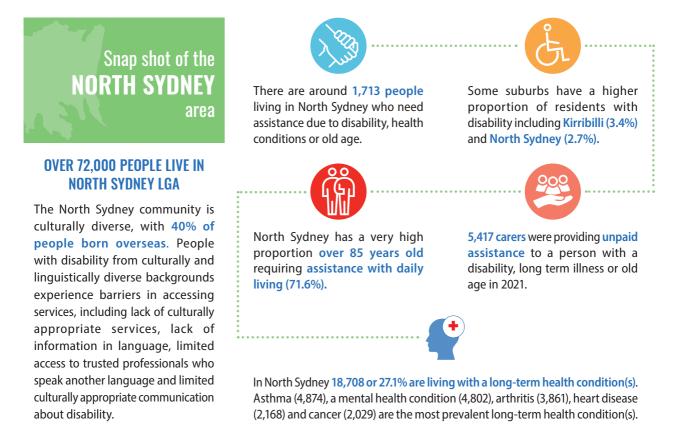


We want everyone that lives, visits or works in our community to feel welcome, respected and included.

### **OUR COMMUNITY**

The North Sydney LGA is both urban and green in character, and is well-connected with various transport options. Its harbour foreshores, parks and open spaces, heritage features and walking and cycling trails provide opportunity for active lifestyles. It is also the second largest business district in NSW; with vibrant shops, restaurants, cafes, pubs and entertainment options.

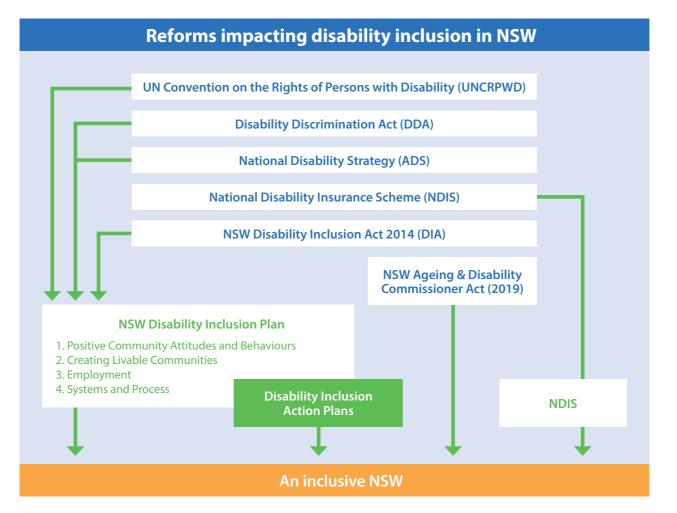
We want to be leading edge in serving the community of North Sydney by caring for its assets, improving its appearance and delivering services to people in a financially, socially and environmentally responsible and inclusive manner.





Attachment 7.1.1

### DISABILITY REFORM AND LEGISLATION





### **LEGISLATION POLICY CONTEXT**

| UN CONVENTION ON THE                                 | DISABILITY DISCRIMINATION ACT                         |
|--|---|
| RIGHTS OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITY                    | 1992 (DDA)  |
| This Convention sets out the fundamental human       | The Disability Discrimination Act is an act passed by |
| rights of people with disability. These promote,     | Parliament which prohibits discrimination against     |
| protect and ensure the full and equal enjoyment      | people with disabilities in employment, education,    |
| of all human rights and fundamental freedoms by      | publicly available premises, provision of goods and   |
| all persons with disabilities, and promote respect   | services, accommodation, clubs and associations,      |
| for their inherent dignity.                          | and other contexts.                                   |
| NATIONAL DISABILITY INSURANCE                        | NATIONAL DISABILITY STRATEGY                          |
| Scheme   | 2021-2031   |
| The NDIS supports people with significant and        | The Strategy's vision is for an inclusive Australian  |
| permanent disability in their daily life, and to     | society that ensures people with disability can       |
| participate in community and reach their goals.      | fulfill their potential, as equal members of the      |
| It emphasises their rights to exercise choice and    | community. It provides national leadership and        |
| control over their lives, access mainstream services | guides activity across public policy, mainstream      |
| and participate and contribute to social and         | services and systems and community to achieve a       |
| economic life.                                       | more inclusive society.                               |
| NSW DISABILITY INCLUSION ACT 2014                    | NSW AGEING & DISABILITY<br>Commissioner Act 2019      |
| This Act commits the NSW Government to making        | The Commissioner provides an important safeguard      |
| communities more inclusive and accessible for        | for adults with disability and older people in NSW,   |
| people with disability now and into the future. It   | with a focus on abuse, neglect and exploitation       |
| requires NSW government, local councils and some     | in family, home and community settings. The           |
| other public authorities to develop and implement    | Commissioner monitors the implementation of           |
| a Disability Inclusion Action Plan.                  | the National Disability Strategy in NSW.              |



### HOW WE DEVELOPED THE PLAN

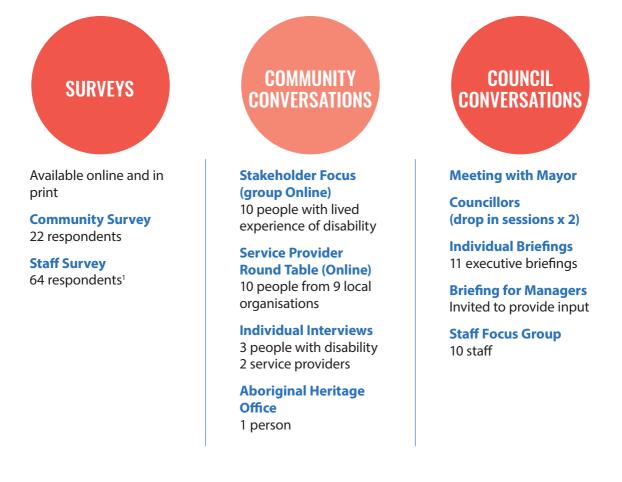
First, we listened to people with lived experience of disability; their stories, their concerns, and their ideas. People working in the sector were invited to a focus group, and more broadly, input was garnered through surveys and community conversations, in accordance with Council's Community Engagement Strategy.

The elected representatives and executive management team were clear that ensuring a diverse and inclusive community was a priority; and the staff

survey and focus group indicated significant support in making this happen.

Towards the end of the consultation, Councillors, Council staff and people with disability met to validate and adjust the priorities and actions in the Plan.

The resulting DIAP provides increased detail about how some of the intents of the Community Strategic Plan will be progressed.



1 There are 384 FTE staff at North Sydney Council

### **GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

The focus on accessibility and inclusion is embedded in all aspects of how the Council does business.

Monitoring and reporting of the DIAP helps ensure we deliver on our plan and are held accountable.

The DIAP will be overseen by senior management at North Sydney Council in consultation with the North Sydney inclusion advisory committee, to be established as an action in this plan. This Committee will provide input into relevant Council policies, strategies and plans to advance the inclusion of people with a disability.

A Progress Report will be provided to Council's executive leadership team (ELT) every six months. The executive also has a role to ensure synergy with other relevant Council strategies including:

- Community Strategic Plan and four-year delivery program
- Older Persons Strategy

The DIAP will be available and accessible on Council's website and a copy will be provided to the Disability Council NSW.

A Progress Report will be included in Council's Annual Report and provided to the Disability Council NSW each year.

Council will review the DIAP and prepare a subsequent Action Plan every four years.

We encourage input, feedback and suggestions about how we can build on the work we are doing to create an inclusive and accessible community. Feedback can be provided to:

Access and Inclusion Coordinator Email: Council@northsydney.nsw.gov.au Phone: 02 9936 8195



## ACTION PLAN What we will do

Access and Inclusion Committee - 25 February 2025 Agenda

Lost Bird Found Proje

Bird

tal health projec

# **6 G I** APPRECIATE (WHEN I AM) TREATED WITH DIGNITY AND RESPECT. **7**

### **FOCUS AREA 1:**

POSITIVE COMMUNITY ATTITUDES & BEHAVIOURS

"In most cases, experience depends hugely on the individual; some are great, some just don't get it."

### AIM

To build community awareness of the rights and capabilities of people with disability and support the development of positive attitudes and behaviour towards people with disability.

### BACKGROUND

The attitudes and behaviours of the general community towards people with disability can be one of the greatest barriers to full access and inclusion and is often driven by misperceptions, unfamiliarity, fear or lack of opportunity to interact.

In our survey, we asked people about their experience of how they were treated in the community. While mostly people had good experiences in their community interactions, there were a few areas of concern: Over 50% of respondents did not have a good experience with Council staff and their neighbours; and 29% did not have a good experience with shops, cafes and restaurants. 33% of respondents felt they had faced discrimination over the past year.

Isolation for people who have health vulnerabilities or are immunocompromised has increased following COVID. People with these conditions tend to stay home, impacting their health, and the health of their carers.

We are aiming for a well-connected community that is confident about how they engage appropriately with people with disability.



#### WHAT WE HAVE ACHIEVED

- provided disability awareness and confidence training to Council's executive leadership team
- delivered, communication and etiquette training on welcoming customers with disability delivered to staff within customer facing teams
- RUOK? Day, Mental Health Month and International Day of People with Disability were celebrated internally and externally and form part of our annual events calendar

### WHAT WE WILL DO NEXT

Action 1.1 Build the disability confidence of Council staff and elected officials to interact with and design for people with disability, their carers and families

- provide experiential disability awareness training for elected officials and executive management team
- require disability awareness training for all staff, with a three yearly refresher
- provide targeted training for all staff responsible for communications, engagement, front line community interfaces and urban planning responsibilities
- use communication outlets such as newsletters and meetings to share good practice and initiatives that embrace and progress inclusion in the workplace
- recognise and celebrate calendar events that increase awareness and promote inclusion of people with disability in our community

### Action 1.2 Support community and local businesses to be more disability confident and inclusive

- provide awareness raising activities and resources for businesses and services
- provide disability awareness training and support to our community centres
- investigate and implement measures to make it safer and easier for people with disability, including those with immune compromised conditions and sensitivity to noise to confidently and safely access services
- provide programs and events that empower people to manage their social and emotional wellbeing



### **L** I HATE BEING DEPENDENT ON OTHERS FOR ACCESS. **77**

### **FOCUS AREA 2:**

### CREATING LIVEABLE COMMUNITIES

"I've seen some improvements to kerbs and road crossings in my area."

"I have given up travelling independently because it is like an obstacle course."

### AIM

To increase participation of people with disability in all aspects of community life, including social and cultural engagement and wellbeing.

### BACKGROUND

A well-designed community provides all residents and others that visit with a great place to be, with opportunities that promote healthy and happy people and community wellbeing. A place where people feel safe, welcome and socially connected, with accessible and affordable places to go and things to do.

The consultation confirmed that many people appreciate the library services and use technology to plan visits, be involved and get around.

People also recognised the challenges associated with the hilly nature of this area and highlighted issues with the Council website, toilets, parking, seating, cluttered footpaths, outdoor areas, getting from one place to another and noisy environments. A number of people with auto immune conditions felt unsafe in the community, particularly with relaxed COVID requirements for mask wearing.

### WHAT WE HAVE ACHIEVED

- undertaken audits of our most commonly used community buildings and parks to better understand the access barriers and develop a plan of works to implement recommendations
- upgraded footpaths, signage and paths of travel around Council Chambers to improve mobility and wayfinding.
- upgraded Primrose Park Arts and Crafts Centre, with the installation of a lift and accessible path of travel from the carpark to create an accessible community facility
- improved accessibility of North Sydney Oval bus stop, one of the principal transport links to access Stanton Library and Council Chambers
- removed the requirement of MLAK from all public amenities to facilitate use by people with disability in line with human rights advice
- developed and implemented a Creating Accessible Events checklist to be used in the planning and delivery of all Council run events
- supported the work of local artists with disability through the procurement of artwork to be included in Council's art collection and displayed throughout Council buildings and public spaces.

#### WHAT WE WILL DO NEXT

### Action 2.1 Improve access to North Sydney Council's facilities

- update external access to the Council Chambers and offices
  - o upgrade external steps, rails and pathways
  - o upgrade designated accessible parking to meet Disability (Access to Premises

     Buildings) Standards 2010 (Premises Standards)
  - o ensure continuous accessible paths of travel between parking and transport, and the office
- upgrade the community centres
  - o develop an implementation plan to prioritise and give effect to the access audits conducted under the previous Plan

#### Action 2.2 Increase accessibility at the Coal Loader

- upgrade existing accessible parking bays to meet the Premises Standards
- provide continuous accessible paths of travel between key features
- develop an accessible Aboriginal Heritage Trail
- provide Auslan tours of the Sustainability Centre and heritage sites
- upgrade wayfinding and signage across the site



#### Action 2.3 Improve access to public toilets

- install an accessible adult change facility in Bradfield Park
- upgrade accessible public toilets at:
  - o Berry Island
  - o North Sydney Oval

#### Action 2.4 Make it easier, safer and more predictable for people with disability to confidently navigate places and access services

- develop a guide to accessible places and experiences in the North Sydney LGA
- develop a Council wayfinding strategy to guide a consistent best practice approach to wayfinding cues and continuous accessible paths of travel
- prioritise provision of continuous accessible paths of travel between key infrastructure, points of interest and disability and aged care facilities
- install tactile street signs at signalised pedestrian crossings and decision points in town centres
- upgrade directional and/or interpretive signage within Council's most commonly used parks, as identified in the previous plan, including information on nearest accessible toilets
- upgrade and increase seating along major paths of travel and at transport hubs and locational features
- review and update the Council's Doctor/Care Worker Parking Permit and market appropriately
- review and update the Disability Parking Policy

# Action 2.5 Provide more and improved inclusive parks, playgrounds and sporting and fitness opportunities

- co-develop a new intergenerational outdoor fitness area in partnership with people with disability
- upgrade existing outdoor fitness areas with equipment suitable across a wider range of abilities at:
  - o Berry Island, Wollstonecraft
  - o Bradfield Park, Kirribilli
  - o Brennan Park, Wollstonecraft
- upgrade playgrounds to be more inclusive for children across abilities at
  - o Lodge Road Park, Cremorne
  - o Prior Avenue Park, Cremorne Point
  - o Merrett Playground, Waverton
- program an annual Active Inclusion Sports Day
- improve accessibility via traversable paths to tables and toilets at Milson Park, Kirribilli
- provide more accessible tables in designated picnic areas



### Action 2.6 Improve access to the harbour vicinity

- provide a designated drop off zone and disability parking close to the lift at the Harbour Bridge
- explore opportunities to provide wheelchair hire for visitors
- make the foreshore walk and art trail more accessible for people with disability
- develop a framework to improve the accessibility of market experiences

## Action 2.7 Improve the accessibility to library services

- increase range of audio books and copies of popular books
- promote eBook, eAudiobook and eMagazine services for online reading
- provide a range of selection, collection and delivery services
- provide tactile listening devices for audiobooks
- deliver training to improve digital literacy skills and support use of library digital resources
- improve customer access and experience in using online services, including to plan their visit to Stanton Library and participate in online discussion groups, book clubs and other activities
- provide direct access to Stanton Library from Ridge Street carpark through the construction of a second entrance into the library.



### **L** (I NEED) FLEXIBILITY AND COMMUNICATION. **7**

### FOCUS AREA 3:

### **EMPLOYMENT**

### AIM

To increase the number of people with disability in meaningful employment, thereby enabling people with disability to plan for their future, exercise choice and control, and increase their economic security.

#### BACKGROUND

Meaningful work challenges you. It stretches your skills, problem solving and interactions with others. It provides social engagement and a level of satisfaction. Payment for work done supports economic independence.

People with disability have significantly lower labour force participation and higher unemployment than people without disability. Almost one in five people in Australia with disability aged 15-24 years experienced discrimination. In almost half of those instances, the source of discrimination is an employer.

Our Council wants to lead by example in pursuing greater employment for people with disability. Our staff survey and focus group demonstrated a high level of interest in making this happen, and showed where we were doing well and where there were opportunities for growth.



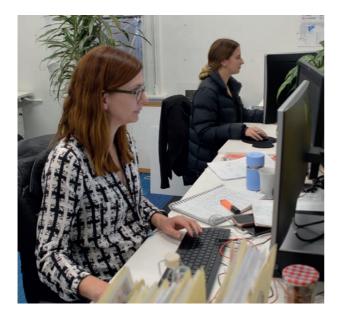
### WHAT WE HAVE DONE

- reviewed and updated Council's Recruitment and Workplace Adjustment policy
- supported staff to access Council's Employer Assistance Program (EAP)
- annually celebrated significant calendar events that raise awareness and promote inclusion, including Mental Health Month and R U OK? Day
- supported the engagement of Australian Disability Enterprises to deliver contracted services

### WHAT WE WILL DO NEXT

Action 3.1 Ensure Council recruitment, onboarding and workplace practices are inclusive of people with disability

 gain recognition from the Australian Network on Disability as a Disability Confident Recruiter



- promote Council's Workplace Adjustment policy across the organisation and ensure workplace needs are reviewed and documented at least six monthly
- develop a Council Carers' Policy
- provide internships or traineeships for people with disability

#### Action 3.2 Provide greater opportunity for artists and performers with disability to hone, exhibit and gain an income from their craft

- support artists with disability to participate in Council-run events, including the Twilight Food Fair
- support Studio A to achieve suitable longer term accommodation close to public transport
- commission an artist with disability to create a mural on the internal stairwell of The Crows Nest Centre building
- support an artist with disability in residence

#### Action 3.3 Leverage for greater inclusion and employment of people with disability through procurement

- review Council's Procurement Manual to ensure accessibility is considered in procurement decisions
- encourage procurement of goods and services from suppliers who promote accessibility and inclusion in their workplace

### **6 G** I HOPE ONLINE VOTING BECOMES MORE READILY AVAILABLE. **7 7**

### FOCUS AREA 4:

SYSTEMS AND PROCESSES

### AIM

To ensure people with disability can make informed choices and can easily and efficiently access information and services.

#### BACKGROUND

People with disability rely heavily on online platforms to participate, access information and plan what they are doing. We want our community to be able to readily access information, in whichever format best meets their needs and are committed to removing any unintended barriers.

"Sometimes I like to do online when it gets too much with others."



### WHAT WE HAVE DONE

- maintained 'AA' compliance of WCAG 2.0 with monthly review of access barriers
- tested and reviewed Council's website for accessibility
- embedded accessibility considerations into the development of Council's Corporate Standards and Style manual
- delivered regular training to Council staff responsible for authoring Council's website and preparing communications and marketing material
- delivered training to Customer Service staff on the needs of people with hearing impairment or who are deaf and how to access the National Relay Service (NRS). Information regarding the NRS is available on our website

#### WHAT WE WILL DO NEXT

## Action 4.1 Ensure that Council's online interactions are accessible

- ensure all Council websites meet WCAG 2.1 Standards
- ensure all Council websites have easily located and useful information on accessibility of places, events and services

#### Action 4.2 Provide information in a range of formats

- provide the DIAP in a range of formats, including Easy Read and Auslan
- develop Digital and Print accessibility guidelines for staff
- provide captioning on Council Meeting webcasts





### Action 4.3 Better utilise systems and policy to understand and support employees with disability

- establish a workforce empowerment group to champion an organisation that is inclusive of people with disability
- improve data on employees and elected officials with disability and their workforce needs
- use online booking systems for meetings that prompt for participant needs such as interpreters

## Action 4.4 Ensure that Council's strategies and designs that impact accessibility and inclusion are well informed and accountable

establish a disability inclusion advisory group to provide strategic advice to Council

- ensure Committees of Council with a design, traffic or pedestrian focus include specialists with either access expertise and/or lived experience of disability
- embed commitments under this plan into the Council's Delivery Program and Budgets

## Action 4.5 Enable and foster civic participation for people with disability

 capitalise on online meeting capabilities so that people, including residents, can better participate in Council meetings



### **MEASURING SUCCESS**

The following is an accountability framework that the Council will use to monitor progress against this Plan.

| FO   | CUS AREA 1: POSITIVE COMMUNITY ATTITUDES &  | BEHAVIOU    | RS            |               |             |                                   |
|--|---|-------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| ACTION   | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  | 2022/23     | 2023/24       | 2024/25       | 2025/26     | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division           |
| 1.1 Build the disability confidence of elected officials a   | nd Council staff to interact with and design for  | people witl | n disability, | , their careı | rs and fami | ies                               |
| 1.1.1 Provide experiential disability awareness training for elected officials and executive management  | Experiential training provided for elected officials  |             |               |               |             | Governance                        |
| team   | Experiential training provided for Council's executive management team  |             |               |               |             | Corporate Services                |
| 1.1.2 Require disability awareness training for all staff, with a minimum three yearly refresher   | Workplace polices and training material updated with mandated training  |             |               |               |             | Corporate Services                |
| 1.1.3 Provide targeted training for all staff responsible<br>for communications, engagement front line<br>community interfaces and urban planning<br>responsibilities  | Targeted training identified and included in corporate training calendar  | •           |               | •             | •           | Corporate Services                |
| 1.1.4 Use communications outlets such as newsletters<br>and meetings to share good practice and initiatives<br>that embrace and progress inclusion in our<br>community | Good practice for disability celebrated in communications   | •           | •             | •             | •           | Community and<br>Library Services |
| 1.1.5 Recognise and celebrate calendar events that increase awareness and promote inclusion of people with disability in our community                                 | Internal and external events hosted for<br>International Day of People with Disability,<br>Mental Health Month and R U OK? Day. | •           | •             | •             | •           | Community and<br>Library Services |
| 1.2 Support community and local businesses to be mo  | re disability confident and inclusive   |             |               |               |             |                                   |
| 1.2.1 Provide awareness raising activities and resources for businesses and services   | Awareness raising activities and resources identified and implemented, including for inclusive sports                           |             |               |               |             | Community and<br>Library Services |

### Attachment 7.1.1

| FO  | FOCUS AREA 1: POSITIVE COMMUNITY ATTITUDES & BEHAVIOURS   |         |         |         |         |                                   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ACTION  | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division           |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2.2 Provide disability awareness training to our community centres  | Community centre staff, volunteers and<br>board members are provided opportunities<br>to participate in disability awareness and<br>confidence training | •       |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2.3 Investigate and implement measures to make it safer and easier for people with disability, including those with immune compromised conditions and sensitivity to noise, to confidently and safely access services | Implementation of quiet times and/or similar measures to promote access to services   |         | •       |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2.4 Provide programs and events that empower people to manage their social and emotional wellbeing  | Delivery of Creating Wellbeing program  |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services |  |  |  |  |

|   | FOCUS AREA 2: CREATING LIVEABLE COMMU  | INITIES |         |         |         |                                      |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| ACTION<br>2.1 Improve access to North Sydney Council's facilities | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division              |
| 2.1.1 Upgrade external access to the Council                      | Main steps to Council Chambers upgraded:   |         |         |         |         | Engineering and                      |
| Chambers and offices  | TGSI's, rails and luminous strips on stair<br>nosings  |         |         |         |         | Property Services                    |
|   | Designated disability parking upgraded in line with Premises Standards   |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services |
| 2.1.2 Upgrade the community centres                               | Implementation plan prepared prioritising<br>the recommendations from the access audits<br>conducted under the previous Plan |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services |
|   | Implementation Plan actioned   |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services |

|        |   |  |         |         |         |         | Attachment 7.1.1   |
|--------|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
|        |   | FOCUS AREA 2: CREATING LIVEABLE COMMU  | INITIES |         |         |         |  |
| ACT    | ION<br>acrease accessibility at the Coal Loader                         | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division  |
|        | •   |  |         |         |         |         |  |
| 2.2.1  | Upgrade existing accessible parking bays to meet the Premises Standards | At least two designated accessible parking bays provided in line with Premises Standards                                   |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services   |
| 2.2.2  | Provide continuous accessible paths of travel between key features      | Continuous accessible paths of travel provided between key features  |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services   |
| 2.2.3  | Develop an accessible Aboriginal Heritage Trail                         | An accessible Aboriginal Heritage Trail developed in consultation with an Aboriginal organisation                          |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services  |
| 2.2.4  | Provide Auslan tours of the Sustainability Centre<br>and heritage sites | Minimum of two Auslan tours scheduled and delivered  | •       | •       | •       | •       | Community and<br>Library Services<br>and Open Space<br>and Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.2.5  | Upgrade wayfinding information and signage across site                  | Wayfinding information improved, including with tactile information  |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services   |
| 2.2.6  | Online information on accessibility                                     | Coal Loader website and social media reviewed<br>and upgraded with easily found information and<br>photos on accessibility |         | •       |         |         | Corporate Services<br>& Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services                  |
| 2.3 lr | nprove access to public toilets   |  |         |         |         |         |  |
| 2.3.1  | Install an accessible adult change facility in<br>Bradfield Park        | Location confirmed for an accessible adult change facility   |         |         | •       |         | Corporate Services<br>& Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services                  |
|        |   | Public accessible adult change facility built,<br>with information uploaded on the National<br>Toilet Map                  |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services   |

### Attachment 7.1.1

|   | FOCUS AREA 2: CREATING LIVEABLE COMMU  | NITIES     |             |             |         |   |
|---|--|------------|-------------|-------------|---------|---|
| ACTION  | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23    | 2023/24     | 2024/25     | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division   |
| 2.3.2 Upgrade accessible public toilets   | Public accessible toilets upgraded at Berry<br>Park and North Sydney Oval  |            |             |             |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services                                       |
| 2.4 Make it easier, safer and more predictable for peop   | le with disability to confidently navigate places  | and servic | es, and rec | eive servic | es      | ·   |
| 2.4.1 Develop a Council wayfinding strategy to<br>guide a consistent best practice approach to<br>wayfinding cues and continuous accessible<br>paths of travel                                | Wayfinding Strategy endorsed   | •          |             |             |         | Engineering and<br>Property Service   |
| 2.4.2 Prioritise provision of continuous accessible<br>paths of travel between key infrastructure,<br>points of interest and disability and aged care<br>facilities                           | Targeted paths of travel identified, and access requirements identified and scheduled for action                                 |            | •           |             |         | Engineering and<br>Property Service<br>& Open Space<br>and Environmen<br>Services |
| 2.4.3 Install tactile street signs at signalised pedestrian crossings and decision points in town centres   | Implementation plan in place and commenced   |            |             |             |         | City Strategy   |
| 2.4.4 Upgrade directional and/or interpretive signage<br>in Council's most commonly used parks, as<br>identified in the previous plan, including<br>information on nearest accessible toilets | Signage installed at Tunks Park  | •          |             |             |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services                                       |
| 2.4.5 Upgrade and increase seating along major paths of travel and at transport hubs and locational features  | Seating to be upgraded and locations for<br>new seating identified. Not to be positioned<br>against building or path shorelines. |            | •           | •           | •       | Engineering and<br>Property Service   |
| 2.4.6 Review and update the Council's Doctor/Care<br>Worker Parking Permit and market appropriately   | Doctor/Care Worker Parking Permit reviewed, update and marketed  |            |             |             |         | City Strategy<br>Services   |
| 2.4.7 Review and update the Disability Parking Policy   | Revised Disability Parking Policy completed and endorsed by Council  |            |             |             |         | Engineering and<br>Property Service   |

|   |   |          |         |         |         | Attachment 7.1.                             |
|---|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|---|
|   | FOCUS AREA 2: CREATING LIVEABLE COM   | NUNITIES |         |         |         |   |
| ACTION  | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  | 2022/23  | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division                     |
| 2.5 Provide more and improved inclusive parks,  | playgrounds and sporting and fitness opportunitie   | s        |         |         |         |   |
| 2.5.1 Co-develop a new intergenerational outdoor fi area in partnership with people with disabili |   |          | •       |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
|   | New outdoor fitness area budgeted and planned for implementation  |          |         |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.5.2 Upgrade existing outdoor fitness areas equipment suitable across a wider range of ab        |   | k        |         |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.5.3 Upgrade playgrounds to be more inclusiv children across abilities                           | e for Playgrounds at Grasmere Reserve, Lodge<br>Road Park, Prior Avenue Park and Merrett<br>Playground upgraded |          |         |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.5.4 Program an annual Active Inclusion Sports D   | Day An Activate Inclusion Sports Day is held annual   | у        |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.5.5 Improve accessibility to toilets at Milson<br>Kirribilli                                    | Park, Paths to public amenities in Milson Park upgrade  | d        |         |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.5.6 Provide more accessible tables in designated pareas   | bicnic More picnic areas have accessible tables wit continuous accessible paths of travel                       | h        | •       |         | •       | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
| 2.6 Provide improved access to the harbour vicin  | ity   |          |         |         |         |   |
| 2.6.1 Provide a designated drop off zone and disa parking close to the lift at the Harbour Bridg  |   |          | •       |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services        |
| 2.6.2 Explore opportunities to provide wheelchair for visitors                                    | hire Wheelchair hire facility in place and advertise  | d        |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |

Attachmont 711

|        |   | FOCUS AREA 2: CREATING LIVEABLE COMMU  | NITIES  |         |         |         |   |
|--------|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|
| ACT    | ION   | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>DIVISION                     |
| 2.6.3  | Make the foreshore walk and Public Art Trail more accessible for people with disability   | The Public Art Trail and associated App<br>are reviewed for increased accessibility,<br>with upgrades scheduled, budgeted and<br>implemented | •       |         |         |         | Open Space and<br>Environmental<br>Services |
|        |   | Accessibility features are incorporated in the planned upgraded foreshore walk   |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.6.4  | Develop a framework to improve the accessibility of market experiences  | Strategy developed with implementation plan  |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7 lr | nprove the accessibility to library services  |  |         |         |         |         | •<br>•                                      |
| 2.7.1  | Increase range of audio books and copies of popular books   | Range of audio books and copies of popular audio books increased   |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.2  | Improve promotion of eBook, eAudiobook and eMagazine services for online reading  | Electronic reading material promoted   |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.3  | Provide a range of selection, collection and delivery services  | Range of library services is in place and<br>described on the Council website, with link to<br>Accessibility page                            |         |         |         | •       | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.4  | Provide tactile listening devices for audiobooks  | Tactile listening devises for audio books in place, and described on the Council's website with a link to the Accessibility page             |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.5  | Deliver training to improve digital literacy skills,<br>and support use of library digital resources  | Training planned and scheduled   |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.6  | Improve customer access and experience in<br>using online services, including to plan their visit<br>to Stanton Library                     | Strategies to improve customer access and experience documented and implemented  |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services           |
| 2.7.7  | Provide direct access to Stanton Library from the<br>Ridge Street carpark through the construction of<br>a second entrance into the Library | Second entrance provided to Stanton Library  |         |         |         |         | Engineering and<br>Property Services        |

|        |  |   |            |                  |         |         | Attachment 7.1.1  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|---|------------|------------------|---------|---------|---|--|--|--|
|        | FOCUS AREA 3: EMPLOYMENT   |   |            |                  |         |         |   |  |  |  |
| ACT    | ION  | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  | 2022/23    | 2023/24          | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>DIVISION                                   |  |  |  |
| 3.1 Er | nsure Council recruitment, onboarding and workp  | place practices are inclusive of people with disa   | bility     |                  |         |         |   |  |  |  |
| 3.1.1  | Gain recognition from the Australian Network on<br>Disability as a Disability-Confident Recruiter                        | Council recognised as a Disability-Confident<br>Recruiter, with its Charter in place. This is<br>marketed and promoted on the Council<br>website and in recruitment processes | •          |                  |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services                         |  |  |  |
| 3.1.2  | Promote the Council's Workplace Adjustments<br>Policy across Council and ensure workplace needs                          | Policies are promoted in disability training,<br>leadership training and on the website   |            |                  |         |         | Corporate Services  |  |  |  |
|        | are reviewed and documented at least six monthly   | Workplace adjustment needs are reviewed and documented  |            | Every six months |         |         | Corporate Services  |  |  |  |
| 3.1.3  | Develop a Council Carers' Policy   | Carers' Policy developed and implemented  |            |                  |         |         | Corporate Services  |  |  |  |
| 3.1.4  | Provide internships or traineeships for people with disability   | Supply relationships identified and selections made   |            |                  |         |         | Corporate Services  |  |  |  |
| 3.2 Pi | rovide greater opportunity for artists and perforn   | ners with disability to hone, exhibit and gain an   | income fro | om their cra     | aft     |         |   |  |  |  |
| 3.2.1  | Support artists with disability to participate in<br>Council-run events, including the Twilight Food<br>Fair             | The program of performers at the Twilight Food<br>Fair include artists with disability  | •          |                  |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services &<br>Corporate Services |  |  |  |
| 3.2.2  | Support Studio A to achieve suitable longer-term accommodation close to public transport                                 | Accommodation has been identified for<br>Studio A   |            |                  |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services                         |  |  |  |
| 3.2.3  | Commission an artist with disability to create a<br>mural on the internal stairwell of The Crows Nest<br>Centre building | Mural has been painted  |            |                  |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services                         |  |  |  |
| 3.2.4  | Support an artist with disability in residence   | Artist in residence has been supported  |            |                  |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services                         |  |  |  |

### Attachment 7.1.1

|       | FOCUS AREA 3: EMPLOYMENT  |  |         |         |         |         |                         |  |  |  |
|-------|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| ACI   | ION   | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division |  |  |  |
| 3.3 L | 3.3 Leverage for greater inclusion and employment of people with disability through procurement                       |  |         |         |         |         |                         |  |  |  |
| 3.3.1 | Review Council's Procurement Manual to ensure<br>accessibility is considered in procurement<br>decision               | Procurement manual reviewed and updated to leverage employment of people with disability |         |         |         |         | Corporate Services      |  |  |  |
| 3.3.2 | Encourage procurement of goods and services from suppliers who promote accessibility and inclusion in their workplace | Identify list of suppliers and promote through internal communication channels           |         |         |         |         | Corporate Services      |  |  |  |

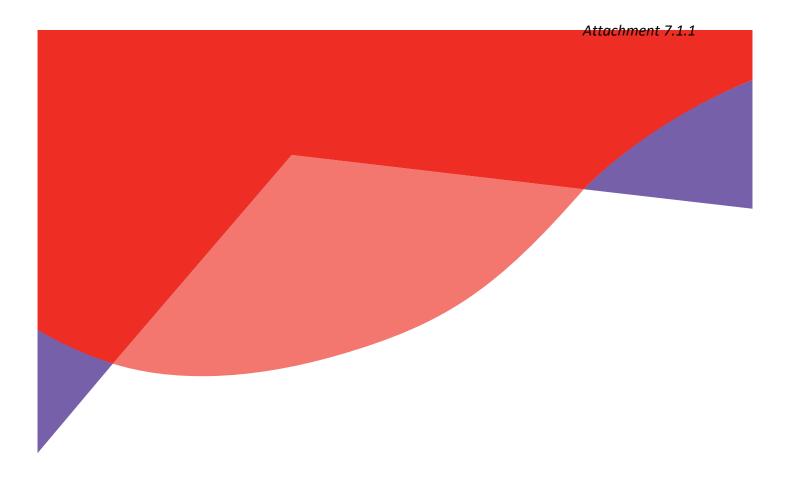
|                                 |  | FOCUS AREA 4: SYSTEMS AND PROCESS  | SES     |         |         |         |                                   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| ACTION                          |  | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS   | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>DIVISION           |
| 4.1 Ensure that Cou             | incil's online interactions are access   | ible   |         |         |         |         |                                   |
| 4.1.1 Ensure all C<br>Standards | ouncil websites meet WCAG 2.1  | All Council websites meet accessibility<br>Standards                                       |         |         |         |         | Corporate Services                |
|                                 | uncil websites have easily located<br>formation on accessibility of places,<br>ervices | All Council websites have been reviewed and updated for accessibility                      |         |         |         |         | Corporate Services                |
| 4.2 Provide informa             | ation in a range of formats  | '  |         | -       |         |         | '                                 |
| 4.2.1 Provide this P            | lan in a range of formats  | This Plan is also provided in Easy Read and Auslan and can be read by a screen reader      |         |         |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services |
| 4.2.2 Develop digit for staff   | al and print accessibility guidelines  | Digital and print guidelines in place that describes accessibility and format requirements |         |         |         |         | Corporate Service                 |
| 4.2.3 Provide Capti<br>webcasts | oning on Council Meeting   | Council webcasts include Captioning  |         |         |         |         | Corporate Service                 |

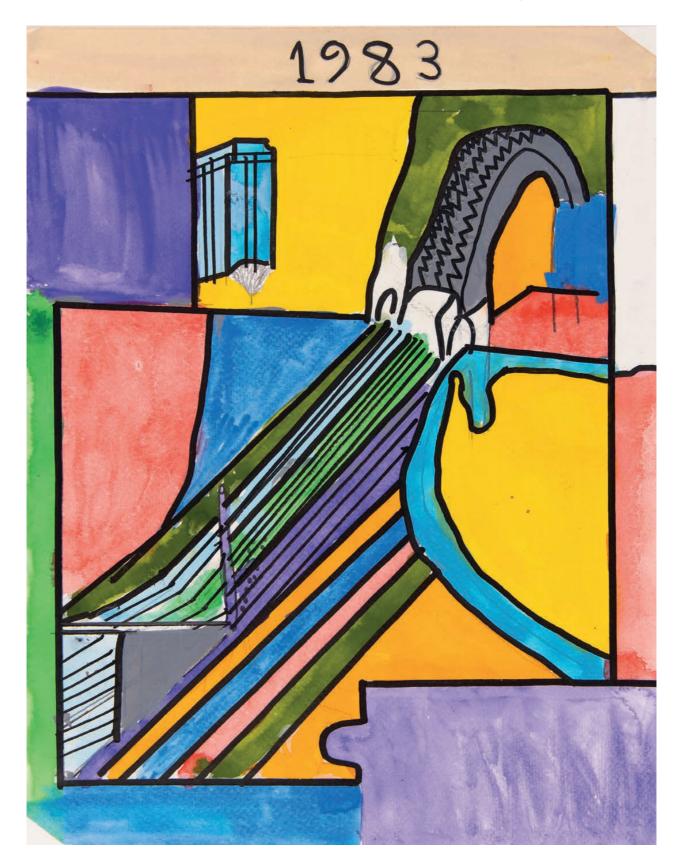
|        |   |   |            |          |         |         | Attachment 7.1.1                   |
|--------|---|---|------------|----------|---------|---------|------------------------------------|
|        |   | FOCUS AREA 4: SYSTEMS AND PROCESS   | ES         |          |         |         |                                    |
| ACT    | ION   | KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS  | 2022/23    | 2023/24  | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | ACCOUNTABLE<br>Division            |
| 4.3 B  | etter utilise systems and policy to understand and  | support employees with disability   |            |          |         |         |                                    |
| 4.3.1  | Establish a workforce empowerment group to champion a workforce that is inclusive of people with disability   | Workforce empowerment group with a Terms of Reference has been convened                                 |            |          |         |         | Corporate Services                 |
| 4.3.2  | Improve data on employees and elected officials with disability, their workforce needs and workforce  | Staff can include confidentially if they have a disability on their online Council profile              |            |          |         |         | Corporate Services                 |
|        | adjustments   | Data systems make it easy to document workforce needs and adjustments                                   |            |          |         |         | Corporate Services                 |
| 4.3.3  | Use online booking systems for meetings to prompt for participant needs such as interpreters  | Online booking systems upgraded to include accessibility measures                                       |            |          |         |         | Corporate Services                 |
| 4.4 Ei | nsure that Council's strategies and designs that in   | npact accessibility and inclusion are well inform   | ed and acc | ountable |         |         |                                    |
| 4.4.1  | Establish a disability inclusion advisory group to provide strategic advice to Council  | Disability inclusion advisory group established and convened with Terms of Reference                    |            |          |         |         | Community and<br>Library Services  |
| 4.4.2  | Ensure Committees of Council with a design,<br>traffic or pedestrian focus include specialists with<br>either access expertise and/or lived experience of<br>disability | Relevant committees identified and Terms of<br>Reference updated to ensure relevant access<br>expertise | •          |          |         |         | City Strategy &<br>Governance      |
| 4.4.3  | Embed commitments under this Plan into the Council's Delivery Plan and budgets  | Commitments in this Plan included in the annual Delivery Plan and budgets                               |            |          |         |         | Governance                         |
|        |   | Commitments in this Plan are included in the four-year Delivery Program                                 |            |          |         |         | Governance                         |
| 4.5 Ei | nable and foster civic participation for people wit   | h disability  |            |          |         |         |                                    |
| 4.5.1  | Capitalise on online capabilities so that people,<br>including residents, can better participate in<br>Council meetings   | Residents are able to actively participate online at Council meetings                                   | •          |          |         |         | Corporate Services<br>& Governance |

### **COUNCIL POLICIES AND STRATEGIES**

THE DIAP SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUCTION WITH THE FOLLOWING OTHER COUNCIL'S PLANS AND STRATEGIES

- North Sydney Community Strategic Plan
- North Sydney DCP 2013
- Aged Management Plan
- Playgrounds Plan of Management
- Older Persons Strategy 2019
- Disabled Parking Policy 2011



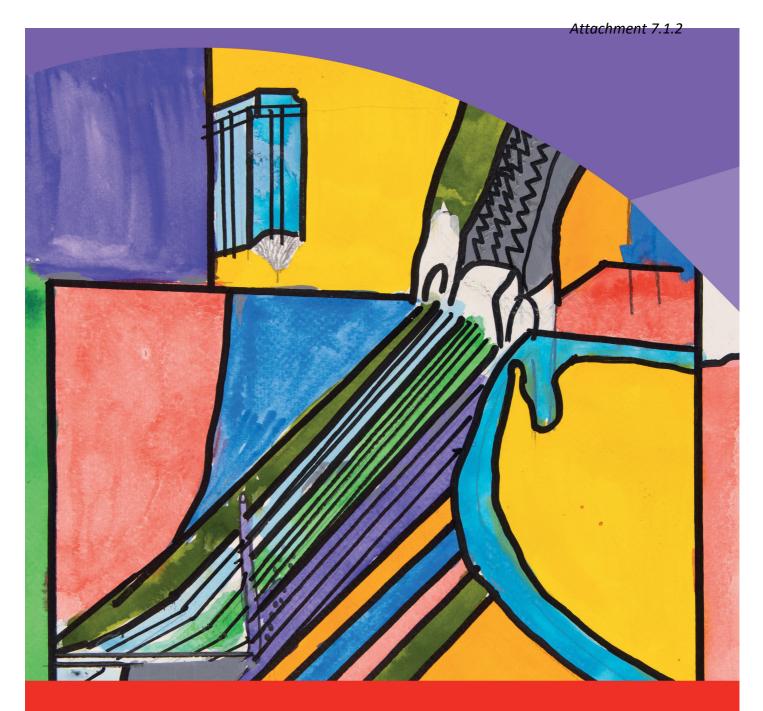


Above is the whole artwork featured on the front cover, *The Sydney Harbour Fridge 2020* by Thom Roberts. Roberts works out of Studio A, social enterprise based in Crows Nest that supports professional artists living with intellectual disability.



Access and Inclusion Committee - 25 February 2025 Agend

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# North Sydney Council Disability Inclusion Action Plan

## 2022–2026

**Easy Read version** 





Access and Inclusion Committee - 25 February 2025 Agenda

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### How to use this plan



North Sydney Council wrote this plan. When you see the word 'we', it means North Sydney Council.



We wrote this plan in an easy to read way.

We use pictures to explain some ideas.



We wrote some important words in **bold**.

This means the letters are thicker and darker.



We explain what these bold words mean.

There is a list of these words on page 48.



We also wrote the name of some laws in *italics*.

This means the letters lean to the right.

Page 2 out of 51





This Easy Read plan is a summary of another plan. This means it only includes the most important ideas.



You can find the other plan on our website. www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au/ Community\_Services/Aged\_Access/ Aged\_Access\_Services



You can ask for help to read this plan. A friend, family member or support person may be able to help you.



We recognise the Cammeraygal peoples as the traditional owners of our land – North Sydney.

They were the first peoples to live on and use the:



lands



• waters.

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# What's in this plan?

| What we want for North Sydney                   | 5  |
|---|----|
| About North Sydney                              | 7  |
| The laws that apply                             | 10 |
| How did we make our Plan?                       | 12 |
| Our Disability Inclusion Action Plan            | 16 |
| 1. Our attitudes and behaviour                  | 19 |
| 2. Communities that are good to live in         | 25 |
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| Making sure our Plan works well                 | 46 |
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| Contact us                                      | 51 |

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### What we want for North Sydney



We want to make North Sydney more **accessible**.



When the community is accessible, it is easy to:

- find and use things
- travel around.



We also want to make North Sydney more **inclusive**.



When the community is inclusive, everyone can:

- take part
- feel like they belong.



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We want North Sydney to be a place where everyone:



• is treated with respect



• can take part in all areas of life.



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# About North Sydney



Over 72,000 people live in North Sydney.



18,708 people in North Sydney live with a health problem that will last for a long time.



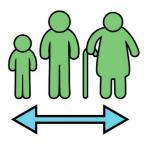
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1,713 people in North Sydney need support for their:





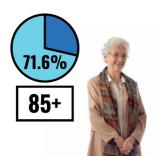
• health



• age.



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71.6% of people 85 years or older need support each day.



5,417 carers provide support to a person with disability.



But they weren't paid for that support.



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### The laws that apply



We have a law in New South Wales called the *Disability Inclusion Act 2014* (the Act).



The Act explains the rules that everyone must follow.



The Act makes sure people with disability in New South Wales are treated fairly.



The Act says we must have a Disability Inclusion Action Plan.



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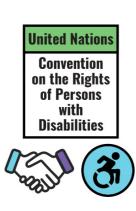
We call it our Plan.

We explain how we made our Plan on page 12.



We also follow Australia's Disability Strategy.

Australia's Disability Strategy is a plan about supporting people with disability in all areas of their life.



We also follow the *United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities* (UN Convention).

The UN Convention is an agreement between different countries.

It sets out the **rights** of people with disability around the world.



Rights are rules about how everyone should be treated:

- fairly
- equally.



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### How did we make our Plan?



We asked the community to share their ideas about how we can be more accessible and inclusive.



• people with disability

This included:



• their families and carers



• disability organisations.



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We asked the community to fill out a survey.



And we ran **focus groups** with the community.



A focus group is a group of people who meet to talk about their:

- ideas
- opinions.



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#### We also had **interviews** with:



• people with disability



• disability organisations.



An interview is when someone:

- asks you questions about your experience
- listens to your answer.



We also talked to different members on the Council.



We included everyone's ideas in our Plan.

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And we shared our Plan with the community.

This means the community could:



• read our Plan



• share what they think about our Plan.



When the community shared what they think about our Plan, we:

- updated our Plan
- included their ideas.



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## **Our Disability Inclusion Action Plan**



Our Plan explains how we will make North Sydney more accessible and inclusive.

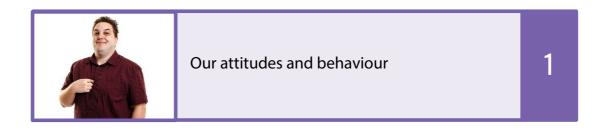


**Themes** are important ideas that come up in different areas of our work and lives.



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Our Plan has 4 main themes.



|  | Communities that are good to live in | 2 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
|--|--------------------------------------|---|

| Helping people with disability get good jobs 3 |
|--|
|--|





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Each theme talks about:



• what we know about that theme



• our goal for that theme



• what we have done before



• what we will do next.

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We talk more about each theme on the following pages.



## 1. Our attitudes and behaviour

### What do we know about attitudes and behaviour?



Our **attitudes** are what we think, feel and believe.



Our attitudes and behaviour can stop people with disability from taking part in the community.



And some of these attitudes and behaviour can come from not understanding disability.



In our survey, we asked people with disability about how they have been treated in the community.



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People with disability told us about when they haven't been treated well, including:



• by their neighbours or Council staff



• at a shop, café or restaurant.



And people with disability also shared when they have experienced **discrimination**.

Discrimination is when you treat someone badly because of something about them they can't change.



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#### What is our goal?

We want our community to understand:



• the rights of people with disability



• what people with disability can do.



We want to support our community to have positive attitudes and behaviour towards people with disability.



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#### What have we done for this theme?



We trained the Council's team of leaders to understand disability.

This includes how to work with people with disability.

We also trained our staff who work with customers to:



• connect with people with disability



 know how to treat people with disability with respect.



And we celebrated special events each year, including International Day of People with Disability.



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#### What will we do next?



We will support Council staff to feel comfortable when they do things that include people with disability.

This includes when they:



• plan things for them



• connect with them



• work with them.

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This includes training all staff about how to do this.



We will also celebrate more events about people with disability.



And we will support our community to be more inclusive.



This includes our local businesses.

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# 2. Communities that are good to live in

#### What do we know about communities that are good to live in?

A community that is good to live in gives everyone the chance to:



• be safe and healthy



• feel welcomed



• connect with the community.



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And we know communities that are good to live are also accessible.



In our survey, people with disability shared that they liked our library services.



And they also liked that they can use technology to:

- plan their visit
- take part
- get around.



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People with disability told us about challenges with our:



• public toilets and seats



• car parks and footpaths



• outdoor spaces.



And they understood challenges with getting from one place to another.



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#### What is our goal?



We want to support people with disability to fully take part in the community.

This includes when we:



• connect with the community



• support the community's health.



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#### What have we done for this theme?



We checked our community buildings and parks to understand what stops people with disability from using them.



This helped us work out how we can support people with disability to use our community buildings and parks.



We made things people use in public more accessible.



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This includes our:







• signs



• toilets.



And we included a lift and accessible path in the Primrose Park Arts and Crafts Centre.



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We also made the North Sydney Oval bus stop more accessible.



We made a checklist we can use when we plan events.

It will help us make sure the event is accessible.



We also supported local artists with disability.



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#### What will we do next?

We will make it easier to find and use:



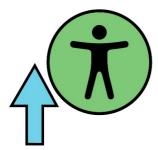
• our offices



• community centres



• public toilets.



And we will make the Coal Loader Centre more accessible.



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We will make it easier for people with disability to:

- travel to different places
- find and use services.

And we will build more:



• parks



• playgrounds



• outdoor areas where people can exercise.



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All of these places will be accessible and inclusive.



We will make our harbour more accessible.



And we will also make our library services more accessible.



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# 3. Helping people with disability get good jobs

What do we know about helping people with disability get good jobs?



We know that when people have a job, they can:



• earn their own money



• learn new skills



• solve problems



• connect with other people.

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But not many people with disability work or have a job.



And we know some people with disability aged 15 to 24 experience discrimination when they work or have a job.



In our survey, the community shared that we should support more people with disability to work or have a job.

They explained what we can do to make this happen.



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#### What is our goal?



We want more people with disability to work or have a job.

This will support people with disability to:



• plan for their future



• have more choice and control

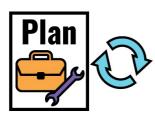


• earn money for themselves.



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# What have we done for this theme?



We have updated a plan we already have.

It explains how we:

- hire new people
- change things at our work to suit people's needs.



And we supported staff to find and use our program for **counselling support**.



Counselling support is when you:

- talk to someone about how you think and feel
- talk about ways to help you feel better.



We also celebrated events about mental health, including R U OK? Day.



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And we also worked with organisations that help people with disability find and keep a job.

# What will we do next?



When we hire new people, we will make sure we are accessible and inclusive.



This includes giving people with disability a chance to do **internships**.

An internship is a:

- job for a certain amount of time
- chance to learn the skills you need for that type of work.



It also includes giving people with disability a chance to do **traineeships**.

When you do a traineeship you:

• learn how to do a job

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• are paid to work.



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We will make sure the Council is an inclusive place to work.

We will also support artists and performers with disability to:



• work on their craft, like dancing or drawing



• show their work



• earn money from their work.



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# 4. Our services and way of doing things

# What do we know about our services and ways of doing things?



We know that most people with disability find and use information on:

- a device, like a phone or computer
- the internet.

And we also know that people with disability use these things to:



• plan what they want to do



• take part in the community.



We want our community to find and use information in a way that suits them.



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# What is our goal?



We want people with disability to be able to make their own decisions.

We also want people with disability to find and use our:



• information



• services.



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# What have we done for this theme?



We tested our website to make sure it was accessible.



And we used what we learned to make it accessible.



We also made a guide about how to make our information more accessible.

This includes our:

- documents
- images.



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We trained Council staff that:

- look after our website
- share what we want to tell the community.

This training was about making information accessible.



We also trained Council staff who work with customers.

This training was about how to support people who:

- are deaf
- have trouble hearing.



And the training explained how to help these people use the National Relay Service (NRS).



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# What will we do next?



We will make sure our websites are accessible.

This includes having good information about what's accessible.



And we will share all our information in different formats. For example, having more Easy Read information.



We will learn how to understand what workers with disability need.

This includes how we can support them.



And we will make sure our plans to be more accessible and inclusive work well.



We will also want to support people with disability to take part in Council meetings.



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# Making sure our Plan works well



We updated our Plan in September 2022.



After we updated it, we shared our Plan with the community.



And we will keep track of how well it is going.



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We will make sure our Plan:



• includes how we work towards our goals



• stays up to date



• meets the needs of people with disability.



We will write a report about our Plan each year.



Our Plan will last for 4 years.

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# Word list

This list explains what the **bold** words in this document mean.



# Accessible

When the community is accessible, it is easy to:

- find and use things
- travel around.



# Attitudes

Our attitudes are what we think, feel and believe.



# **Counselling support**

Counselling support is when you:

- talk to someone about how you think and feel
- talk about ways to help you feel better.



# Discrimination

Discrimination is when you treat someone badly because of something about them they can't change.



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# **Focus group**



A focus group is a group of people who meet to talk about their:

- ideas
- opinions.



# Inclusive

When the community is inclusive, everyone can:

- take part
- feel like they belong.



# Internship

An internship is a:

- job for a certain amount of time
- chance to learn the skills you need for that type of work.



### Interview

An interview is when someone:

- asks you questions about your experience
- listens to your answer.



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# Rights

Rights are rules about how everyone should be treated:

- fairly
- equally.



# Themes

Themes are important ideas that come up in different areas of our work and lives.



# Traineeship

When you do a traineeship you:

- learn how to do a job
- are paid to work.



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# **Contact** us



You can call us.

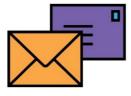
(02) 9936 8100



You can send us an email.

# council@northsydney.nsw.gov.au

You can write to us.



North Sydney Council 200 Miller Street North Sydney NSW 2060



You can visit our website.

www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au/Home



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# 8. Reports for consideration by the Committee

| AUTHOR      | George Carrick, Access and Inclusion Coordinator                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ENDORSED BY | Marcelo Occhiuzzi  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATTACHMENTS | Appendix 1- Detailed Accessibility Analysis of Individual Sporting Grounds |  |  |  |  |  |
| CSP LINK    | 1. Our Living Environment  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 1.4 Well utilised open space and recreational facilities                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 2. Our Built Infrastructure  |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 2.1 Infrastructure and assets meet diverse community needs                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 3. Our Innovative City   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 3.2 North Sydney is smart and innovative                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 3.3 Distinctive sense of place and design excellence                       |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 4. Our Social Vitality   |  |  |  |  |  |
|             | 4.1 North Sydney is connected, inclusive, healthy and safe                 |  |  |  |  |  |

# 8.1. Gender Equity and Accessibility Audit of Council Sporting Facilities

# Background

At its meeting on the 11 November 2024 the Council resolved the following:

**1. THAT** Council conduct an urgent review of allocation of sporting fields, facilities and amenities including changing rooms and toilets, to be undertaken before the commencement of the winter season to measure access to facilities for training and competition for girls and women and that the review include a breakdown of training and playing hours, times of day allocated between genders and that the review initially focus on Cammeray Park, Anderson Park and North Sydney Oval (including Ovals 1 and 2).

**2. THAT** Council undertake an audit in relation to opportunity for access to sporting fields and facilities for people with a disability including policies and actions of any sporting clubs hiring Council fields and facilities.

**3. THAT** Council also review any Hiring Policies and Conditions of Use to ensure that they align with gender equity and access and inclusion principles.

**4. THAT** a further report be provided to Council and the Access and Inclusion Committee for consideration prior to commencement of the winter sporting season.

This report responds to the above resolution.

### **RECOMMENDATION:**

**1. THAT** the Access and Inclusion Committee note the report and provide feedback on how Council may most effectively work towards sporting facilities, policy and processes being inclusive and accessible.

# Report

## 1. SPORTING FACILITIES FOR GIRLS AND WOMEN

The increasing participation of women and girls in sport and active recreation requires attention to ensure equity of access. Council aims to align contemporary practice, to achieve equitable provision of, and access to, inclusive infrastructure, practice and processes to support and enhance opportunities of engagement for women, girls and people with disability to sporting and recreational opportunities.

North Sydney Council provides the community with 13 sports fields across the following eight locations within the Local Government Area.

- Anderson Park (single field)
- Waverton Park (single field)
- Cammeray Park (single field)
- Forsyth Park (2 fields)
- Tunks Park (3 fields)
- Primrose Park (3 fields)
- Bon Andrews Oval (single field) and
- North Sydney Oval (single field)

Each location is equipped with both public toilets and changing rooms. A safe and welcoming environment is a critical component of any change room. Noting this, Council staff have undertaken an audit of the change room amenities, associated to each location, based on the following guiding principles for female friendly facilities:

- a privacy screen at the entry to the change room
- individual toilet cubicles
- individual lockable shower cubicles with change seats inside each cubicle
- appropriately located hygiene disposal points
- mirror/vanity/shelving for personal items
- fold away baby change tables
- provision of Sanitary receptacles

The above principles were taken from the following references

- Female Friendly Sport Infrastructure Guidelines <a href="http://sport.vic.gov.au">http://sport.vic.gov.au</a>
- Female Friendly Change Rooms @ Sporting Facilities <a href="http://www.sport.act.gov.au">http://www.sport.act.gov.au</a>

| Facility<br>Name         | Privacy<br>Screen | Individual<br>toilet<br>cubicles | Lockable<br>showers<br>with<br>change<br>seat | Vanity<br>shelves | Sanitary<br>Bins | Baby<br>change<br>tables | Power<br>Points | Secure<br>Private<br>Lockers |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| Cammeray<br>Park         | х                 | ü                                | х   | х                 | ü                | х                        | х               | x                            |
| Anderson<br>Park         | х                 | ü                                | х   | х                 | х                | х                        | х               | x                            |
| Bon<br>Andrews<br>Oval   | x                 | ü                                | х   | x                 | x                | x                        | x               | x                            |
| North<br>Sydney<br>Oval* | x                 | ü                                | х   | ü                 | ü                | x                        | ü               | ü                            |
| Primrose<br>Park         | ü                 | ü                                | х   | х                 | х                | х                        | x               | х                            |
| Tunks Park<br>1          | x                 | ü                                | х   | ü                 | х                | х                        | ü               | х                            |
| Tunks Park<br>2**        | x                 | ü                                | х   | х                 | х                | х                        | х               | x                            |
| Waverton<br>Park         | x                 | ü                                | ü   | х                 | х                | x                        | x               | х                            |
| Forsyth<br>Park*         | х                 | ü                                | ü   | ü                 | х                | х                        | x               | х                            |

\*Is equipped with lockable showers but no change seat \*\*No showers at this facility

**Note:** The above table contains a summary of the facilities present at each location, with ticks (presence) and crosses (absence) indicating provision of facilities. The information has been transcribed for screen reader use below:

# **Forsyth Park**

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- Lockable showers but no change seat
- Vanity Shelves- Yes
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

### Waverton Park

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- Yes
- Vanity Shelves- No

- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

### Tunks Park 1

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No
- Vanity Shelves- Yes
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- Yes
- Secure private lockers- No

### Tunks Park 2

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No showers available
- Vanity Shelves- No
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

## **Primrose Park**

- Privacy Screens- Yes
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No
- Vanity Shelves- No
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

### North Sydney Oval

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- Lockable showers but no change seat
- Vanity Shelves- Yes
- Sanitary Bins- Yes

- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- Yes
- Secure private lockers- Yes

### Bon Andrews Oval

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No
- Vanity Shelves- No
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

### Andersen Park

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No
- Vanity Shelves- No
- Sanitary Bins- No
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

### **Cammeray Park**

- Privacy Screens- No
- Individual toilet cubicles- Yes
- Lockable showers with change seat- No
- Vanity Shelves- No
- Sanitary Bins- Yes
- Baby change tables- No
- Power points- No
- Secure private lockers- No

Lighting in the surrounding area, proximity to parking, and pedestrian activity, are also factors which contribute to safety for sports participants.

The new Open Space and Recreation Strategy is indicating the Renewal and upgrade to the public amenities at the following Sports fields:

- Forsyth Park
- Waverton Park

As well as delivering gender-neutral player facilities, at the following key sports sites, to encourage and cater for the growth in inclusive participation, including for girls and women:

- North Sydney Oval
- Primrose Park
- Tunks Park

# Sports Field Use

North Sydney Council hires sports fields to clubs, associations, schools, individuals and commercial customers for specific periods of time. It is currently up to those hirers, as to how they allocate training and games for both female and male participants.

During the high impact winter season, Council's turf/grass fields have limited usage of 32 hours per week. The exception to this, is the Cammeray Synthetic field, which can be utilised for over 60 hours a week. During the summer period, the hours of use for the low impact sports like cricket is unlimited.

### **Training and Games**

Generally, training hours are allocated during the week from 3pm to 9.30pm Monday to Friday. Saturdays and Sundays are scheduled competition/game days, however, in recent times, clubs have been scheduling matches on Friday nights as well.

Council does not currently collect data on how hirers allocate training times, and current policies do not place any requirements on hirers in relation to this.

Council staff reached out to two (2) of the main hirers of council facilities and they have provided the following information, as an example regarding training and games

### Football (Soccer) – North Sydney United (NSU)

NSU's women's development teams (Division 1) are scheduled to train on Tuesday and Friday afternoons/early evenings at Cammeray Park.

Lower-grade and social teams train on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings at various locations, including Primrose Park, Waverton, and Anderson Park. Each team will select a training day and time based on what works best for the group. There are no designated training days for male or female participants.

As there are so many participants, there will be more than one team training on a field. Depending on the age of the users, there could be up to 6 teams training at any one time. As an example, for teams under 8 years of age, it's possible to fit 6 teams on a field and for adult teams it would be 2 teams, assuming half a field is used by each team.

From ages 12 and up, most women's games are played on a Sunday from 8.30am and can be played right through to 7pm in the evening.

# Cricket – UTS North Sydney District Cricket Club (NSDCC)

NSDCC women's teams train each Wednesday on the turf practice wickets at Bon Andrews Oval as well as the Primrose Park synthetic nets from 5.30pm until 8pm.

The higher-grade teams that play on Turf wickets, will always play their matches on a Sunday. Lower grades will play on Synthetic wickets on a Saturday.

# Schools

School sport competition is mainly played during the week, between 9am and 3pm but can also be scheduled on weekends for selected sports

# 2. ACCESSIBILTY OF SPORTING FACILITIES

To conduct an effective audit on accessible features of each facility, an assessment criterion was developed based on best practice principles and guidelines (see references section for full resource list). It should be noted that this audit was conducted by Council staff and not by a qualified access consultant. As such, the findings of this audit identify broadly the access strengths and challenges associated with each facility but will not provide the detail and expertise of a qualified access consultant.

The following criteria have been used to establish a baseline level of features, utilities and amenities relating to accessibility.

- Parking and access to facility
- Pathways
- Entrances
- Ramps/elevators
- Seating/spectator areas
- Wayfinding and signage
- Bathrooms
- Changing rooms
- Other

# **General Challenges**

### Wayfinding

Wayfinding resources, to key accessible points of interest (POIs) across all nine facilities is poor. Council's website contains no directions to accessible entrances, seating or bathrooms, nor any mention of the capacity of those facilities. Once at the facility, signage to each POI is poor and largely only indicated by signage on the door.

The cumulative impact of poor wayfinding resources is that it is challenging for anyone interested in attending North Sydney Council facilities to effectively plan their trip and more difficult still for them to utilise these resources once they have accessed the facility.

# Accessible Parking

All of the audited facilities, except Tunks Park and Primrose Park, lack designated accessible parking within 5 minutes walking distance. There are potentially accessible drop-off options at most sites, however, these are largely not designated drop-off points and are instead service entrances or private car parks. As such, access to these drop-off points is not always guaranteed.

A lack of accessible parking spaces and drop-off points adds additional barriers to accessing these facilities, further compounded by the lack of wayfinding resources. Cumulatively, these two barriers make it incredibly challenging for an individual to effectively plan their trip and access Council sporting facilities.

# Accessibility Summary

In most sporting facilities in North Sydney, accessibility is at a fair standard, with some exceptions. In addition to the general challenges highlighted in this report, each facility has individual areas in which accessibility could be improved (for a detailed analysis of each facility, refer to the accessibility audit – Attachment 1). While no facility could be considered an exemplar of accessibility, most meet basic accessibility requirements and can be fairly easily accessed by players, spectators and casual users of the facilities.

North Sydney Oval, Waverton Park and Primrose Park are the exceptions to this conclusion and will require significant upgrades, if they are to be considered truly acceptable. These facilities are lacking in some basic accessibility features that present significant barriers to entry for players, spectators and casual users.

In the cases of Waverton and Primrose Parks, there are no accessible entrances and footpaths that allow easy access to these facilities. What pathways exist, either require the user to navigate down large flights of stairs or down steeply graded grassy hills. This is of particular concern at Primrose Park where there are high quality fields and cricket nets, that would be desirable to use if they were easily accessible. They also lack accessible bathrooms and changing facilities which further disincentivise usage by the wider community.

The facilities at North Sydney Oval are considerably better than Waverton and Primrose Park, however, are not sufficient for its status as a flagship sporting facility in North Sydney, particularly for spectators. The ground hosts high profile and highly attended sporting events (including recently a Women's Ashes cricket match), however the accessible entrance, footpaths, bathrooms and seating all contain significant barriers that would disincentivise usage for a significant number of attendees.

# 3. SPORTING FACILITIES BOOKING POLICY

North Sydney Council's Sporting Facilities Booking Policy provides a booking process for sporting facilities that is fair and transparent for all users and which prohibits exclusive use.

The Sporting Facilities Booking Policy, adopted by Council on the 8 May 2023, is attached as Appendix 2. The Policy is supported by the How To Make A Booking document (Appendix 3).

In summary the provisions of the policy are as follows:

- Booking of sporting facilities is to be made on a seasonal basis in the first instance
- Seasonal hirers of Council's sporting facilities will be given preference over occasional hirers
- Bookings are not based on precedent
- Preference will be given to local hirers
- Schools, sporting clubs and sporting associations will have priority over commercial hirers.

In determining the allocation of requested bookings, staff will take into consideration:

- a. The number of players/participants represented by the hirer
- b. If the booking is for training/competition/social (priority will be given to training/competition over social)
- c. A fair distribution of hours between the respective hirers
- d. Whether the hirer has previously complied with Council's bookings conditions of hire
- e. The impact of a particular sport on the grounds during the maintenance and growing periods. Council Officers will advise the applicant of the current terms and conditions
- f. Special events such as holiday camps will be considered on a case-by-case basis.

There are currently no guidelines within this policy that indicates any alignment with gender equity and access and inclusion principles.

# Accessibility of Booking Policy and Process

While the booking process is designed to be fair and inclusive, the format and process may exclude some groups, due to the lack of digital accessibility of each form. The current process requires that hirers download or print a copy of the booking form, to fill out- either physically or digitally and return to Council for processing. This presents numerous accessibility barriers.

Firstly, the booking form contains small, cramped text with multiple check boxes and tables, that would make it challenging for a blind or low vision person to read and complete the form. Secondly, the process is time consuming and arduous, requiring either a high degree of digital literacy to edit a PDF effectively and/or access to a printer and the ability to physically fill out the form by hand. This can be challenging for several reasons, including, but not limited to, fatigue management, executive functioning and cognition. Simplifying the booking process with an online form that contains accessibility features and tools to support use, would greatly improve its accessibility.

# Permit for Use of a Sporting Resource

Hirers are required to adhere to the terms and conditions of the Permit for Use of a Sporting Resource, with separate forms for summer, winter and casual hire. These documents are attached as appendix 4.

Some of the main conditions within the permit are as follows

- Use of amenities/infrastructure
- Booking conditions
- Grounds allocation/seasons
- Insurances
- Storage
- Wet weather/ground closure protocols

There are currently no guidelines within this permit, that indicates any alignment with gender equity and access and inclusion principles

### **Outcomes of Audit**

This report has broadly identified some of the key barriers to gender equity and accessibility to access Councils sporting facilities. Following input on this report from the Access and Inclusion Committee, the key findings will be presented in a separate report to Council.

#### North Sydney Oval (NSO)

#### Parking and Access

NSO contains no designated accessible parking with the closest accessible parking spaces being in Ridge St carpark.

Public transport links to the space are strong, with Victoria Cross Metro Station and bus stops on Miller St located within two to three minutes of the oval.

The entrance at Fig Tree Lane contains a lay-by area which is often used as a drop off point by visitors, however, is not a designated space for this purpose.

The lack of designated accessible parking spaces and/or drop off zones greatly increases the access challenges for those seeking to enter the facility.

#### <u>Entrance</u>

The main entrance gate to NSO on Miller Street, requires spectators to ascend a flight of stairs, so is therefore not an accessible entry point.

The alternate entrance on Ridge street is accessible through a larger gate. It is worth noting, that this entrance is also used as a service entrance, so further obstacles may be present at times.

#### Pathways and Lifts

The footpaths in NSO do not meet current access standards. Unsuitable gradients and poor surfaces provided in some areas are challenging to navigate for many people. All accessible bathrooms (excluding the one located under the Ken Irvine Scoreboard), kiosks and bars require spectators to navigate the footpaths and/or utilise stairs to access these facilities.

There is a purpose-built accessible footpath from the entrance in Ridge Street to an accessible bathroom and designated accessible seating in the McCartney Stand via a lift. However, were a person to move off this designated line of travel (for example to purchase food or drink), accessibility is negatively impacted

#### Seating/Spectator Areas

NSO has limited accessible seating which can be accessed via the aforementioned pathway and lift. At the lift level, there is bench seating for approximately 10 people, along with 4–5 designated wheelchair spaces. While this may be adequate for most events, it may not always meet the needs of spectators, as some views may be obstructed.

#### Accessible Bathrooms

Access to accessible bathrooms at NSO is poor, with only two available for spectators. Of these, only one is located near the designated accessible seating and entrance, while the other requires navigating steeply graded footpaths. Additionally, the designated accessible bathroom presents further challenges due to limited circulation space both inside and at the entrance.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

The facilities for players, umpires, and staff are well-equipped, having undergone more recent renovations and as such, contain the following features

- Accessible changing spaces for players, umpires and staff
- Accessible shower facilities for players, umpires and staff
- Accessible and secure lockers for players, umpires and staff

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

Upon arrival at the facility, signage for each Point of Entry (POI) is inadequate. There is no clear indication of which entrances, if any, are accessible. Additionally, accessible bathrooms are only marked with signs on the door, with minimal directional signage nearby. This lack of guidance makes it difficult for visitors who rely on these features to locate and access them efficiently.

#### Bon Andrews Oval (BAO)

#### Parking and Access

BAO is located within St Leonards Park (as is NSO) and as such has similar challenges with parking and access. However, access to BAO is more difficult, as it sits several hundred meters further east from Miller street, increasing the distance required to travel from both public transport and accessible parking.

BAO, contains no designated accessible parking, with the closest accessible parking spaces being located in Ridge St carpark, a 5–10-minute walk to BAO with the distance from public transport links likewise increasing.

#### Entrance, Ramps and Footpaths

The footpaths and entry ramp to the facility are in good condition and easily accessible. The ramp features tactile ground indicators and there is good circulations space and a shallow gradient to facilitate entrance to the facility. It is noted that depending on who is using the space, there is potential for footpaths to be blocked by sporting equipment.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

The BAO facility features one large viewing platform which also leads into the change rooms. Given the size of the ground, there is adequate seating available with a good vantage point from which to view events. It should be noted that there is no permanent seating in the grandstand, so temporary seating is needed to ensure there is a safe and easily accessible place to sit and rest.

#### Accessible Bathrooms

The accessible bathroom at BAO is conveniently located at the foot of the accessible ramp at the entrance of the facility. The bathroom is of a high standard for accessibility, containing good circulation space and an accessible shower and change table.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

There are no designated accessible changing rooms at BAO. Any user of BAO who requires access to an accessible changing space, would be encouraged to use the accessible bathroom which features a shower and a changing table.

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

Wayfinding resources to key accessible POI across BAO are poor. Council's website contains no directions to accessible entrances, seating or bathrooms, nor any mention of the capacity of those facilities. Once at the facility, it is easier to navigate largely due to the size of the facility and the location of the accessible bathroom and changing space by the entrance.

Accessible bathrooms are marked only with signs on the door and limited signage nearby.

#### Anderson Park

#### Parking and Access

With no accessible parking nearby and limited parking spaces, access is challenging. To cross Clark Rd, pedestrians must use the crossing located approx. 20 meters NW of Margaret St.

There is the potential for a safe and accessible drop off point using the facilities driveway off Kurraba Rd. This joins the accessible footpath leading through the park and to the amenities building. This option greatly reduces access barriers to entering the facility for service vehicles.

#### Entraces, Ramps and Footpaths

The footpaths and entry ramps to the facility are in good condition and easily accessible. The ramp features tactile ground indicators and there is good circulations space and a shallow gradient to facilitate entrance to the facility.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

The Anderson Park facility features one large viewing platform which also leads into the change rooms. There is adequate seating available with a good vantage point from which to view events. It should be noted that there is no permanent seating around the amenities block, so temporary seating is needed to ensure there is a safe and easily accessible place to sit and rest.

#### Accessible Bathroom

The accessible bathroom at Anderson Park is located at the top of the accessible ramp at the entrance of the facility. The bathroom is of a high standard for accessibility, containing good circulation space and a seated accessible shower and change table.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

There are no designated accessible changing rooms at Anderson Park. Any user of the facility who requires access to an accessible changing space would be encouraged to use the accessible bathroom which features a seated shower and a changing table.

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

There is signage on the door of the accessible bathroom, however it is not obviously displayed.

#### **Cammeray Park**

#### Parking and Access

With no accessible parking nearby and limited street parking spaces, access can be challenging. There is a private car park leased by Cammeray Golf Club, where it is possible to drop off safely, however traffic conditions and private use can make this difficult, particularly at peak usage times.

#### Entrances, Ramps and Footpaths

The footpaths and entry ramp to the facility are in good condition and easily accessible. The ramp features tactile ground indicators and there is good circulations space and a shallow gradient to facilitate entrance to the facility.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

The Cammeray Park facility, features one large viewing platform which also leads into the change rooms. There is adequate seating available with a good vantage point from which to view events. There is no permanent seating in the grandstand, so temporary seating is needed to ensure there is a safe and easily accessible place to sit and rest.

#### Accessible Bathroom

The accessible bathroom at Cammeray Park is located at the top of the accessible ramp at the entrance of the facility. The bathroom is of a high standard for accessibility, containing good circulation space and a seated accessible shower and change table.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

There are no designated accessible changing rooms at Cammeray Park. Any user of the facility who requires access to an accessible changing space would be encouraged to use the accessible bathroom which features a seated shower and a changing table.

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

There is signage on the door of the accessible bathroom, however it is not obviously displayed.

#### **Tunks Park**

#### Parking and Access

Tunks Park has two designated accessible parking spaces located in the main car park in the corner nearest to the sporting facilities. There is a curb ramp located parallel to the corner parking space which could theoretically be used to easily ascend onto the footpath, however the presence of a car in the adjacent space would block its use. If this ramp is not accessible, pedestrians would be required to either step up onto the curb or navigate up the road itself to the nearest curb ramp ~10m away.

#### Entrance, Footpath and Ramps

The footpaths and entry ramp to the facility are in good condition and easily accessible. There is good circulations space and a shallow gradient to facilitate entrance to the facility, as well as to fields 2 and 3.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

The main pavilion at field 1 contains ample bench space and seating easily accessible on the main footpath. There are other bench spaces scattered along the footpath which provide adequate seating space for each field.

#### Accessible Bathroom

There is one accessible bathroom located next to field 1. It is easily accessible, however the circulation space is limited and it does not contain a changing table.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

There are no designated accessible changing rooms at Tunks Park. Any user of the facility who requires access to an accessible changing space would be encouraged to use the accessible bathroom.

#### Wayfinding

There is signage on the door of the accessible bathroom, however it is not obviously displayed.

#### Primrose Park

#### Accessible Parking

While there is one designated accessible parking space located next to Primrose Arts Centre, it is not possible to easily access any sporting facilities except for the tennis courts from this space. Additionally, the carpark surface is uneven due to uplifted tree roots. This poses additional barriers to access and are potential trip hazards.

Best parking for the sporting fields and cricket nets is located in Primrose Park carpark, however there are no designated accessible spaces.

#### Entrance, Footpath and Ramps

There are no accessible entrances or accessible ramps and footpaths through which to access Primrose Park sporting facilities (except the tennis courts). Accessing the fields and cricket net either requires a visitor to walk down a steeply graded grassy hill, or to walk down a series of steps. A lack of these features poses significant barriers to entry and it would not be possible for many people who struggle with mobility to access these facilities.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

There are no accessible spectator seating areas at Primrose Park

#### Accessible Bathroom and Changing Spaces

There are no accessible bathrooms or changing spaces at Primrose Park. The best option would be to utilize the bathroom within the Primrose Arts Centre, however from the sporting fields and cricket nets, this would require navigating up either a sizeable flight of stairs or a steeply graded hill.

#### Wayfinding

There are little to no wayfinding resources available at Primrose Park

#### **Forsyth Park**

#### Parking and Access

There are no accessible parking spaces at Forsyth Park. Best parking to access this facility is via Montpelier St, where street parking is available outside of the entrance to the Top Field facility. However, Montpelier St is situated on a steep hill which would pose significant challenges to access the footpath from the car. There is a service vehicle entrance located at the bottom of the hill near the Bottom Field where it may be possible to drop off easily, however there are no accessible entrances or footpaths to either field located near this space.

#### Entrance, Footpath and Ramps

If you are able to navigate to the entrance of the Top Field facility, there are gates both at the street level and at the entrance to the facility which have latches located ~1m from the ground. These gates pose a slight barrier to entry as it could be challenging to simultaneously open the latch and maneuver through the gate- especially given the gradient of the footpath at street level. Once through the gates, the footpaths and ramps are accessible and in good condition.

There are no accessible entrances, footpaths or ramps to the Bottom Field

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

The Top Field has adequate seating space if temporary seating is provided, however there are no benches or other permanent seating available. The Bottom Field has no accessible seating.

#### Accessible Bathrooms

There is one accessible bathroom located in the Top Field facility. It is easily accessible, however the circulation space is limited and it does not contain a changing table. There are no accessible bathrooms in the Bottom Field.

#### Accessible Changing Rooms

There are no designated accessible changing rooms at Forsyth Park. Any user of the facility who requires access to an accessible changing space would be encouraged to use the accessible bathroom.

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

There is signage on the door of the accessible bathroom, however it is not obviously displayed.

#### Waverton Park

#### Parking and Access

There are no accessible parking spaces at Waverton Park. Best parking to access this facility is via John Street, where street parking is available a short walk from the facility. John St may also be used as a drop off point, however there are no accessible entrances or footpaths to either field located near this space.

#### Entrance, Footpath and Ramps

There are not accessible entrances or footpaths through which to access Waverton Park. A lack of these features poses significant barriers to entry and it would not be possible for many people who struggle with mobility to access these facilities.

#### Seating and Spectator Areas

There are no accessible seating areas at Waverton Park

#### Accessible Bathrooms and Changing Rooms

There are no accessible bathroom or changing room at Waverton Park

#### <u>Wayfinding</u>

There are no wayfinding resources at Waverton Park.



# SPORTING FACILITIES BOOKING POLICY

D5-47

Page 1 of 4

Policy Owner: Director Corporate Support

Category: Operational

Direction: 5. Our Civic Leadership

# 1. STATEMENT OF INTENT

- 1.1 To provide a bookings system for North Sydney Council's sporting facilities that is fair and transparent for all users and which prohibits exclusive use.
- 1.2 Council adheres to the principles of a child safe organisation and is committed to the care and protection of all children and young people. These principles also apply to any event organisers who are holding events in parks, open spaces or streets under the ownership and/or control of the Council.

# 2. ELIGIBILITY

2.1 This Policy applies to all hirers of Council sporting facilities as defined below.

# 3. **DEFINITIONS**

- 3.1 Hirer is a school, club, association or individual.
- 3.2 Commercial Hirer is a company or a business.
- 3.3 Sporting facilities includes ovals, netball courts and practice nets; it excludes North Sydney Olympic Pool, North Sydney Oval, North Sydney Indoor Sports Centre and passive parks.
- 3.4 Local refers to a resident or hirer who resides or is located, or whose members generally reside, in the North Sydney local government area.
- 3.5 High impact sports are defined as hockey, oztag, all football codes or any other sport that is deemed to have a heavy impact on the sports field surface.
- 3.6 Low impact sports are defined as traditional summer sports such as cricket or any other sport that is deemed to have a low impact on the sports field surface.

# 4. **PROVISIONS**

4.1 Booking of sporting facilities is to be made on a seasonal basis in the first instance.

Re-adopted by Council 8 May 2023

- 4.2 Seasonal hirers of Council's sporting facilities will be given preference over occasional hirers.
- 4.3 Bookings are not based on precedent.
- 4.4 Preference will be given to local hirers.
- 4.5 Schools, sporting clubs and sporting associations will have priority over commercial hirers.
- 4.6 Hire/use of Council facilities including Filming and Media launches the hire/use of community, recreational or sporting facilities managed by Council cannot be used for the promotion, advertising or displaying of any services or products related to gambling, tobacco, vaping or alcohol.
- 4.7 Schools and junior clubs will have priority for bookings between 7.00am and 5.30pm, Monday to Friday.
- 4.8 Applications for seasonal bookings will close each year as follows:

| Summer Season: | First Friday in August   |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| Winter Season: | First Friday in February |

Late applications will only be dealt with after bookings have been allocated to on-time applicants.

Traditional summer sports have priority during the summer season e.g. cricket, as do traditional winter sports e.g. all football codes and hockey have priority during the winter season.

- 4.9 In determining the allocation of requested bookings, Bookings staff will take into consideration:
  - a) the number of players/participants represented by the hirer;
  - b) if the booking is for training/competition/social (priority to will be given to training/competition over social);
  - c) a fair distribution of hours between the respective hirers;
  - d) whether the hirer has previously complied with Council's bookings conditions of hire;
  - e) the impact of a particular sport on the grounds during the maintenance and growing periods. Council Officers will advise the applicant of the current terms and conditions; and
  - f) special events such as holiday camps will be considered on a case by case basis.

#### SPORTING FACILITIES BOOKING POLICY

- 4.10 In accordance with Council's *Fees and Charges Schedule*, permanent hirers that pay the entire season bookings seven days in advance of the season commencing will receive a 10% reduction on the scheduled fee.
- 4.11 Dispute Resolution where there is a conflict in relation to dates and/or time slots of the requested bookings, Council Officers will contact the hirers and attempt to work out a compromise arrangement with them on an individual basis.

Where attempts to find a compromise have failed, the parties will be invited to attend a pre-season hirer meeting in order for Council Officers to mediate a solution with the parties. Council's Manager Parks and Reserves will chair the meeting assisted by Customer Services and Records Department staff.

If the impasse cannot be resolved, Council will hold a ballot to allocate the disputed times or Council staff will determine allocation having taken into consideration the needs of the parties.

4.12 Communication with Stakeholders - Council's Manager Parks and Reserves will maintain contact with the various stakeholders on a formal basis, through the Sport and Recreation Reference Group.

### 5. **RESPONSIBILITY/ACCOUNTABILITY**

- 5.1 Customer Service and Records Department (Bookings Section) are responsible for processing applications for seasonal hire of sporting facilities.
- 5.2 Council's Manager Parks and Reserves is the point of contact with stakeholders to address sport and recreation matters.
- 5.3 Council's Manager Parks and Reserves is responsible for chairing meetings to resolve conflicts between hirers.

#### 6. RELATED POLICIES/DOCUMENTS/LEGISLATION

The Policy should be read in conjunction with the following documents/legislation:

- Child Safe Policy
- Fees and Charges Schedule
- Recreation Needs Study
- Smoke Free Environment Declared Public Areas Policy
- Terms and Conditions/Permit for Use of Sporting Resource

### SPORTING FACILITIES BOOKING POLICY

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| Version | Date Approved    | Approved by | Resolution No. | Review Date |
|---------|------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1       | 5 June 2006      | Council     | 412            | 2008/09     |
| 2       | 16 February 2009 | Council     | 61             | 2012/13     |
| 3       | 18 February 2013 | Council     | 61             | 2016/17     |
| 4       | 25 June 2018     | Council     | 214            | 2020/21     |
| 5       | 8 May 2023       | Council     | 144            | 2024/25     |

# BOOKING OF SPORTING FACILITIES

# How to Make a Booking



Note: This is not for bookings of North Sydney Oval (oval 1) or for Bon Andrews Oval (oval 2), instead please contact Kristen Wren on (02) 9936 8585.

### **CASUAL HIRERS**

A 'casual' hirer is a hirer that reserves an oval fewer than 12 times per season.

To check the availability of an oval please call Customer Service-Bookings on 9936 8200 / 9936 8427. Casual bookings cannot be accepted during March and September due to maintenance schedules.

There are two 'booking' seasons each year:

- 1. Summer Season October to February
- 2. Winter Season April to August
- **N.B.** Casual Winter code sports e.g. rugby league, touch, soccer, hockey etc. are not permitted September to March (inclusive).

All bookings must be applied for in writing by completing the **Casual Hire of a Sporting Resource Application Form.** Ensure you read the **Terms & Conditions** prior to lodging your application.

#### Payment:

Payment can be made by cash, cheque or credit card. Casual bookings require full payment up front.

The following **may** also need to be submitted:

- Certificate of Currency. If you don't have your own insurance, in some instances it may be taken out through North Sydney Council.
- Litter Bin form. Litter bins are essential if you are serving food or drink. As a guide one bin is required for every 30 people attending the event. Cost: \$81.00 each.

Bookings will only be confirmed when the application form and full payment is received. Once processed, you will be sent a booking confirmation within 7 working days.

The application must be finalised one month prior to the event date (this includes forwarding the certificate of currency and completed indemnity form from your service provider(s)).

The booking is subject to cancellation if not finalised by the agreed date.

\*Bookings can be accepted within one month but this will incur a \$25 late fee. No bookings can be accepted within 7 days of the event date.

#### How to Make a Booking

### PERMANENT HIRERS

A 'permanent' hirer is a hirer that reserves an oval 12 or more times in a season.

Please ensure you read the **Terms and Conditions** and the **Booking of Sporting Facilities Policy** prior to lodging your application. A copy of your Certificate of Currency must also be included with your application.

The seasons are slightly different for permanent hirers:

The Summer Season is held between the third week of September through to the end of March. Applications for this season close on the first Friday in August.

The Winter Season is held between April and around the first week of September. Applications for this season close on the first Friday in February.

### Winter Code Sport during Summer:

Winter code sports are permitted during October – March although the hours are strictly limited:

| October - January | Restricted to 5 hours per week and only permitted Tunks Park   |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | No. 2, 3, 4 and 5 (Junior/school sport only)                   |
| February - March  | Restricted to 10 hours per week but can be played on ALL ovals |
|                   | (excluding Tunks Park Turf Wicket)                             |

Complete a Summer Season Application Form if you wish to reserve an oval during October - March.

All bookings must be applied for in writing by completing the application form:

- Summer Season Application Form (September to March)
- Winter Season Application Form (April to September)

Bookings will **not** be accepted if your account balance is in arrears.

Permanent hirers who pay for their seasonal booking no later than 7 working days prior to the commencement of the season will receive a 10% discount off the scheduled fee.

Late applications will only be dealt with after on time applications have been allocated.

Council will endeavour to meet requests, however there is no guarantee that sufficient sports fields will be available to meet user demand. Seasonal Bookings will be confirmed 4 weeks prior to the commencement of the season. Any ad hoc applications made through the season will be confirmed within 7 working days.

Permanent hirers are required to give at least 2 working days' notice when requesting 'casual' bookings or if they wish to cancel a booking.

# Sporting Fields Seasonal Hire - Summer Season September to March inclusive



A minimum of two (2) working days applies when requesting occasional bookings. Written confirmation will be forwarded to you upon completion. Forward your application to:

| In person: | 200 Miller Street, North Sydney NSW 2060 | Phone: | (02) 9936 8200 or (02) 9936 8427 |
|------------|--|--------|----------------------------------|
| Postal:    | PO Box 12, North Sydney NSW 2059         | Email: | Bookings@northsydney.nsw.gov.au  |

### **PART 1 - APPLICANT'S DETAILS**

Complete all details below. Use a **black** pen.

| Organisation/Association/Club Name: |         | ABN (if applicable): |  |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|--|
| Address:                            | Suburb: | Post Code:           |  |
| Contact Name:                       |         | Position:            |  |
| Telephone Number:                   |         | Mobile Number:       |  |
| Email Address                       |         |                      |  |

Email Address:

Bookings will not be accepted if your account is in arrears.

Seasonal bookings paid in full by the prepayment deadline will receive a 10% 'prepay' discount.

An invoice will be issued once at the commencement of the season.

Additional bookings made after the seasonal bookings has been confirmed, will be invoiced on a monthly basis.

There is no refund if cancelling a seasonal booking.

Do you wish to have your association/club contact details as provided above made available on Yes  $\Box$  No  $\Box$  Council's website, information directory and to local residents?

### Contact Details for Invoicing (if different to those above):

| Contact Name: |  |
|---------------|--|
|               |  |

Telephone Number:

Email Address:

### PART 2 – SPORTING FIELD REQUIREMENTS

High impact sports are permitted during November - March although the hours are strictly limited:

November – January <u>SCHOOL SPORT/ JUNIOR SPORT ONLY</u> Restricted to 5 hours per week and only permitted on Tunks Park No. 2, 3, 4 & 5

February - March Restricted to 10 hours per week but can be played on ALL ovals (excluding Tunks Park Turf Wicket) No Studs permitted during this period on natural grass fields.

| Resour   | rce:                             | Day:   | Time:                | (Incl Set/Pack Up)     |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|
| Field: 1 | . 🛛 2. 🗆 3. 🗆 4. 🗆 5. 🗆          | Tunks Turf: 🛛 Tunks Mini: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌 3. 🗌 4. 🗌  | 5. 🛛 Net: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌  | Court: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌       |
|          |                                  | 00 Lux (Training – Standard) □ 200 Lux (Game)<br>Iam to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat 8.00 |                      | Dam to 5.00pm          |
| Activit  | y: Cricket 🛛 Rugby League        | e 🛛 Union 🗆 Touch 🗆 Oztag 🗆 Soccer 🗆 Hock  | ey 🛛 Softball 🗆 Netb | all 🛛 Other 🗆          |
| Session  | n: Training 🛛 Game 🗆             | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🛛 (12-18 yrs) 🗆 S  | eniors (over 18s) 🛛  | No of Users: 🗆         |
| Individu | ual Dates: List individual dates | (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)   | Office Use O         | nly - Booking No.      |
| Aug      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Sep      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Oct      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Nov      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Dec      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Jan      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Feb      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
| Mar      |                                  |  |                      |                        |
|          | Total Cost:                      |  | Late Booking         | g Staff Notified Yes 🛛 |

### Sporting Fields Seasonal Hire - Summer Season

### Organisation/Association/Club Name: \_\_\_\_

### COPY THIS PAGE IF ADDITIONAL BOOKINGS ARE REQUIRED

| Resour   | ce:  | Day:  | Time:    | (Incl Set/Pack Up)                |
|--|--|---|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Field: 1   | Field: 1. 🛛 2. 🗆 3. 🗆 4. 🗆 5. 🗋 Tunks Turf: 🗋 Tunks Mini: 1. 🗠 2. 🖂 3. 🖂 4. 🖂 5. 🖂 Net: 1. 🖂 2. 🖂 Court: 1. 🗌 2. 🖂 |   |          |                                   |
|  | • • • •  | 00 Lux (Training – Standard) □ 200 Lux (Game) □<br>am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat 8.00ar                     |          | 0pm, Sun 8.00am to 5.00pm         |
| Activit  | y: Cricket 🗆 Rugby League  | D Union D Touch D Oztag D Soccer D Hockey   | y□ Sof   | tball Netball Other               |
| Session  | n: Training 🛛 Game 🗆   | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🛛 (12-18 yrs) 🗆 Ser   | niors (o | ver 18s) 🛛 No of Users: 🗆         |
| Individu   | al Dates: List individual dates  | (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)  |          | Office Use Only - Booking No.     |
| Aug  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Sep  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Oct  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Nov  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Dec  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Jan  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Feb  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Mar  |  |   |          |                                   |
|  | Total Cost:  |   |          | Late Booking Staff Notified Yes   |
| Resour   | ·ce:   | Day:  | Time:    | (Incl Set/Pack Up)                |
| Field: 1   | . 🛛 2. 🗌 3. 🗌 4. 🗌 5. 🗌  | Tunks Turf:  Tunks Mini: 1.  2.  3.  4.  5  | 5. 🗆 N   | et: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌 Court: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌    |
|  | • • • •  | <b>00 Lux</b> (Training – Standard) □ <b>200 Lux</b> ( <i>Game</i> ) □ am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat 8.00ar | m to 8.0 | 0pm, Sun 8.00am to 5.00pm         |
| Activit  | y: Cricket 🗆 Rugby League  | Union 🛛 Touch 🗌 Oztag 🗆 Soccer 🗆 Hockey   | y□ Sof   | tball 🛛 Netball 🗆 Other 🗆         |
| Session  | n: Training 🛛 Game 🗆   | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🗌 (12-18 yrs) 🗌 Ser   | niors (o | ver 18s) 🛛 No of Users: 🗆         |
| Individu   | al Dates: List individual dates  | (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)  |          | Office Use Only - Booking No.     |
| Aug  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Sep  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Oct  | Oct  |   |          |                                   |
| Nov  | Nov  |   |          |                                   |
| Dec  | Dec  |   |          |                                   |
| Jan  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Feb  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Mar  |  |   |          |                                   |
|  | Total Cost:  |   |          | Late Booking Staff Notified Yes   |
| Resour   | ·ce:   | Day:  | Time:    | (Incl Set/Pack Up)                |
| Field: 1   | . 🛛 2. 🗌 3. 🗌 4. 🗌 5. 🗌  | Tunks Turf:  Tunks Mini: 1.  2.  3.  4.  5  | 5. 🗆 N   | et: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌 Court: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌    |
|  | • • •  | <b>00 Lux</b> (Training – Standard) □ <b>200 Lux</b> ( <i>Game</i> ) □ am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat 8.00ar |          | 0pm, Sun 8.00am to 5.00pm         |
| Activit  | Activity: Cricket 🗌 Rugby League 🗌 Union 🗌 Touch 🗌 Oztag 🗌 Soccer 🗌 Hockey 🗌 Softball 🗌 Netball 🗌 Other 🗌          |   |          |                                   |
| Session: Training 🗆 Game 🔲 Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🗆 (12-18 yrs) 🗆 Seniors (over 18s) 🗆 No of Users: 🗆 |  |   |          |                                   |
| Individu   | al Dates: List individual dates  | (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)  |          | Office Use Only - Booking No.     |
| Aug  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Sep  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Oct  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Nov  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Dec  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Jan  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Feb  |  |   |          |                                   |
| Mar  | Tablest  |   |          |                                   |
|  | Total Cost:  |   |          | Late Booking Staff Notified Yes 🗌 |

### Sporting Fields Seasonal Hire - Summer Season

### PART 3 – FEES

Current fees and charges are available on our website www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au. Once your application is lodged and assessed Council will contact you regarding the applicable fees. Do not pay until an invoice is received.

Lighting fees will be invoiced after usage.

#### **PART 4 – INSURANCE DETAILS**

Provide a current copy of Certificate of Currency.

The Certificate of Currency must insure you for legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage for a limit of indemnity of not less than \$20 million (\$AUD).

### PART 5 - DECLARATION AND INDEMNITY

I declare to the best of my knowledge that the information provided in this application is accurate and correct. I also undertake to advise North Sydney Council should there be any alterations or additions to the information supplied immediately.

I have read, understand and agree to the conditions of use as outlined in the Sporting Fields Terms and Condition of Hire. (See Council's website at www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au for Terms and Conditions). I understand that if any of the conditions are breached the permit may be cancelled. I have supplied a copy of the Certificate of Currency.

I (referred to hereafter as the Permit Holder) hold North Sydney Council (referred to hereafter as the Council) harmless, and releases and indemnifies and keeps released and indemnified, from and against all actions, suits, claims, demands, costs, charges, and expenses for which Council, its servants, agents or employees may be held liable in respect of any loss, damage, accident or injury of whatsoever nature or kind and however sustained or occasioned and whether to property or persons in connection with the use of this public area and any work connected therewith pursuant to this permit but excluding such liability arising from any negligent act, default or omission, on the part of Council, its servants, agents or employees either solely or in contribution thereto.

Applicant Name:

**Applicant Signature:** 

Date:

#### PART 6 - PRIVACY AND PERSONAL INFORMATION

North Sydney Council is collecting your personal information for the purposes of processing an application or submission. The supply of personal information is entirely voluntary. If you elect not to provide or do not wish to provide your personal information, Council may not be able to process your application or act on or acknowledge your submission. North Sydney Council shall be regarded as the agency that holds your personal information by interested parties, may be released in line with Council policies. North Sydney Council may publish any personal information included in a submission on a proposal or proposed development. You have a right to access your personal information held by Council. You also have a right to have your personal information corrected or amended by Council. Applications by members of the public to view Council's records which are not in the public arena are subject to the provisions of Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998, Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and North Sydney Council's Privacy Management Plan.

I have read and understand the Privacy Statement.

Signed:

Date:

## Sporting Fields Seasonal Hire - Winter Season April to September inclusive



A minimum of two (2) working days applies when requesting occasional bookings. Written confirmation will be forwarded to you upon completion. Forward your application to:

| In person: | 200 Miller Street, North Sydney NSW 2060 | Phone: | (02) 9936 8200 or (02) 9936 8427 |
|------------|--|--------|----------------------------------|
| Postal:    | PO Box 12, North Sydney NSW 2059         |        |                                  |
| Email:     | Bookings@northsydney.nsw.gov.au          |        |                                  |

#### **PART 1 - APPLICANT'S DETAILS**

Complete all details below. Use a **black** pen.

| Organisation/Association/Club Name: |         | ABN (if applicable): |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|
| Address:                            | Suburb: | Post Code:           |
| Contact Name:                       |         | Position:            |
| Telephone Number:                   |         | Mobile Number:       |
| Email Address:                      |         |                      |

Bookings will not be accepted if your account is in arrears.

Seasonal bookings paid in full by the prepayment deadline will receive a 10% 'prepay' discount.

An invoice will be issued once at the commencement of the season.

Additional bookings made after the seasonal bookings has been confirmed, will be invoiced on a monthly basis.

There is no refund if cancelling a seasonal booking.

Do you wish to have your association/club contact details as provided above made available on Yes  $\Box$  No  $\Box$  Council's website, information directory and to local residents?

Contact Details for Invoicing (if different to those above):

Contact Name: Email Address: Telephone Number:

### **PART 2 – SPORTING FIELD REQUIREMENTS**

Winter code sports are permitted on all fields (excluding Tunks Turf) for no more than 32 hours per week.

Cammeray oval can be hired up to 62 hours per week.

| Resour   | ce:                            | Day:  | Time:                 | (Incl Set/Pack Up)     |
|----------|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Field: 1 | 2 3 4 5                        | Tunks Turf: 🛛 Tunks Mini: 1. 🗆 2. 🗆 3. 🗆 4.   | □ 5. □ Net: 1. □ 2. □ | Court: 1. 🛛 2. 🗆       |
|          | • • • •                        | <b>00 Lux</b> (Training – Standard) □ <b>200 Lux</b> ( <i>Game</i> )<br>am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri - 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat - 8 |                       | 8.00am to 5.00pm       |
| Activity | 1: Cricket 🛛 Rugby League      | e 🛛 Union 🗆 Touch 🗆 Oztag 🗆 Soccer 🗆 Hoc  | key 🛛 Softball 🗆 Netb | all 🛛 Other 🗆          |
| Session  | : Training 🛛 Game 🗆            | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🛛 (12-18 yrs) 🗆   | Seniors (over 18s) 🛛  | No of Users: 🗆         |
| Individ  | ual Dates: List individual dat | es (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)   | Office Use 0          | Only - Booking No.     |
| Mar      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| Apr      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| May      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| Jun      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| Jul      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| Aug      |                                |   |                       |                        |
| Sep      |                                |   |                       |                        |
|          | Total Cost:                    |   | Late Bookin           | g Staff Notified Yes 🛛 |

#### Organisation/Association/Club Name: \_

# SPORTING RESOURCE HIRE - WINTER SEASON

### COPY THIS PAGE IF ADDITIONAL BOOKINGS ARE REQUIRED

| Resource  | e:                            | Day:   | Time:      |                 | (Incl Set/Pack Up) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--|------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Field: 1. | □ 2. □ 3. □ 4. □ 5. □         | Tunks Turf: 🗌 Tunks Mini: 1. 🗌 2. 🗌 3. 🗌 4. 🗌 5  | . 🗆 Net    | :1. 🗆 2. 🗆 C    | ourt: 1. 🛛 2. 🗆    |
|           |                               | 00 Lux (Training – Standard) 🗆 200 Lux (Game) 🛛  |            |                 |                    |
| Hours of  | use: Mon, Tue, Wed - 7.00     | am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri - 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat - 8.00   | )am to 8.0 | 00pm, Sun - 8.0 | 0am to 5.00pm      |
| Activity: | Cricket 🛛 Rugby League        | □ Union □ Touch □ Oztag □ Soccer □ Hockey  | □ Softb    | all 🛛 Netball   | 🗆 Other 🛛          |
| Session:  | Training 🛛 Game 🗆             | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🗆 (12-18 yrs) 🗆 Se   | eniors (o  | ver 18s) 🛛      | No of Users: 🗆     |
| Individua | al Dates List individual date | s (excluding school and public holidays if applicable)   |            | Office Use O    | nly - Booking No.  |
| Mar       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Apr       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| May       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jun       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jul       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Aug       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Sep       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
|           | Total Cost:                   |  |            | Late Booking    | Staff Notified Yes |
| Resource  | e.                            | Day:   | Time:      |                 | (Incl Set/Pack Up) |
|           |                               | Tunks Turf:  Tunks Mini: 1.  2.  3.  4.  5   | _          | :1. 🗆 2. 🗆 0    |                    |
|           |                               | 00 Lux (Training – Standard) 🗆 200 Lux (Game) 🗆  |            |                 |                    |
|           | • • • •                       | am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri - 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat - 8.00   | )am to 8.0 | 00pm, Sun - 8.0 | 0am to 5.00pm      |
| Activity: | Cricket 🛛 Rugby League        | □ Union □ Touch □ Oztag □ Soccer □ Hockey  | □ Softb    | all 🗆 Netball   | 🛛 Other 🗆          |
| Session:  | Training 🛛 Game 🗆             | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🛛 (12-18 yrs) 🗆 Se   | eniors (o  | ver 18s) 🛛      | No of Users: 🛛     |
| Individua | al Dates List individual da   | tes (excluding school and public holidays if applicat  | ole)       | Office Use O    | nly - Booking No.  |
| Mar       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Apr       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| May       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jun       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jul       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Aug       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Sep       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
|           | Total Cost:                   |  |            | Late Booking    | Staff Notified Yes |
| _         |                               |  |            | 1 I-            |                    |
| Resource  |                               | Day:   | Time:      | (Incl Set/Pa    | • *                |
|           |                               | Tunks Turf:         Tunks Mini:         1.         2.         3.         4.         5  | .⊔ Net     | :1. ∐ 2. ∐ C    | ourt: 1. 📋 2. 🗌    |
|           | • • • •                       | <b>00 Lux</b> (Training – Standard) □ <b>200 Lux</b> ( <i>Game</i> ) □<br>am to 9.00pm, Thur, Fri - 7.00am to 9.30pm, Sat - 8.00 | )am to 8.0 | 00pm, Sun - 8.0 | 0am to 5.00pm      |
| Activity: | Cricket 🛛 Rugby League        | 🗉 Union 🗆 Touch 🗆 Oztag 🗆 Soccer 🗆 Hockey  | □ Softb    | all 🗆 Netball   | 🗆 Other 🗆          |
| Session:  | Training 🗆 Game 🗆             | Age: Juniors (under 12 yrs) 🗌 (12-18 yrs) 🗌 Se   | eniors (ov | ver 18s) 🗆      | No of Users: 🗆     |
| Individua | al Dates List individual da   | tes (excluding school and public holidays if applicab  | ole)       | Office Use O    | nly - Booking No.  |
| Mar       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Apr       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| May       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jun       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Jul       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Aug       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
| Sep       |                               |  |            |                 |                    |
|           |                               |  |            |                 |                    |

**Total Cost:** 

Late Booking Staff Notified Yes

### NORTH SYDNEY COUNCIL SPORTING RESOURCE HIRE – WINTER SEASON

### PART 3 - FEES

Current fees and charges are available on our website www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au. Once your application is lodged and assessed, Council will contact you regarding the applicable fees. Do not pay until an invoice is received.

Lighting fees will be invoiced after usage.

### **PART 4 - INSURANCE DETAILS**

Provide a current copy of Certificate of Currency.

The Certificate of Currency must insure you for legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage for a limit of indemnity of not less than \$20 million (\$AUD).

### **PART 5 - DECLARATION AND INDEMNITY**

I declare to the best of my knowledge that the information provided in this application is accurate and correct. I also undertake to advise North Sydney Council should there be any alterations or additions to the information supplied immediately.

I have read, understand and agree to the conditions of use as outlined in the Sporting Fields Terms and Condition of Hire. (See Council's website at www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au for Terms and Conditions). I understand that if any of the conditions are breached the permit may be cancelled. I have supplied a copy of the Certificate of Currency.

I (referred to hereafter as the Permit Holder) hold North Sydney Council (referred to hereafter as the Council) harmless, and releases and indemnifies and keeps released and indemnified, from and against all actions, suits, claims, demands, costs, charges, and expenses for which Council, its servants, agents or employees may be held liable in respect of any loss, damage, accident or injury of whatsoever nature or kind and however sustained or occasioned and whether to property or persons in connection with the use of this public area and any work connected therewith pursuant to this permit but excluding such liability arising from any negligent act, default or omission, on the part of Council, its servants, agents or employees either solely or in contribution thereto.

Applicant Name:

Applicant Signature:

Date:

#### **PART 6 - PRIVACY AND PERSONAL INFORMATION**

North Sydney Council is collecting your personal information for the purposes of processing an application or submission. The supply of personal information is entirely voluntary. If you elect not to provide or do not wish to provide your personal information, Council may not be able to process your application or act on or acknowledge your submission. North Sydney Council shall be regarded as the agency that holds your personal information and access to your personal information by interested parties, may be released in line with Council policies. North Sydney Council may publish any personal information included in a submission on a proposal or proposed development. You have a right to access your personal information held by Council. You also have a right to have your personal information corrected or amended by Council. Applications by members of the public to view Council's records which are not in the public arena are subject to the provisions of Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998, Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and North Sydney Council's Privacy Management Plan.

I have read and understand the Privacy Statement.

Signed:

Date:

# Casual Hire of a Sporting Resource Incl. Turf/Synthetic Wickets, Netball Courts and Practice Nets



Complete this form Field and Wickets, Netball Courts and Practice Nets if you wish to reserve a sporting resource on a casual or one-off basis. Applications can be forwarded:

| In person: | 200 Miller Street, North Sydney NSW 2060 | Email: Bookings@northsydney.nsw.gov.au  |
|------------|--|---|
| Postal:    | PO Box 12, North Sydney NSW 2059         | Phone: (02) 9936 8200 or (02) 9936 8427 |

**N.B.** You will need to contact Council prior to lodging your application to determine availability.

Payment in full is required with lodgement of your application. Bookings <u>must</u> be finalised within <u>one month</u> of the event date. Written confirmation / tax receipts will be mailed to you upon completion.

#### FEES AND CHARGES

The following fees are applicable until 30 June 2025 and include GST.

| Juniors (up to 18yrs)<br>Daylight Hours<br>Lights Required<br>Lights Required<br>Touch Football Daytime<br>Touch Football Lights Required<br>Touch Football Lights Required<br>Turf Wicket<br>Practice Net<br>Netball Court | <ul> <li>\$108.00 per hour</li> <li>\$143.00 per hour (Training - 100 Lux)</li> <li>\$168.80 per hour (Game - 200 Lux)</li> <li>\$132.00 per hour</li> <li>\$167.00 per hour (Training - 100 Lux)</li> <li>\$192.00 per hour (Game - 200 Lux)</li> <li>\$168.00 per hour</li> <li>\$ 81.00 per hour</li> <li>\$ 63.00 per hour</li> </ul> |
|---|---|
| Seniors<br>Daylight Hours<br>Lights Required<br>Lights Required<br>Touch Football Daytime<br>Touch Football Lights Required<br>Touch Football Lights Required<br>Turf Wicket<br>Practice Net<br>Netball Court               | <ul> <li>\$123.00 per hour</li> <li>\$158.00 per hour (Training - 100 Lux)</li> <li>\$183.00 per hour (Game - 200 Lux)</li> <li>\$144.00 per hour</li> <li>\$179.00 per hour (Training - 100 Lux)</li> <li>\$204.00 per hour (Game - 200 Lux)</li> <li>\$186.00 per hour</li> <li>\$ 87.00 per hour</li> <li>\$ 87.00 per hour</li> </ul> |
| Cammeray Oval (All Ages)<br>Daylight Hours<br>Lights Required<br>Lights Required<br>Additional Items<br>Litterbin<br>Cancellation Fee<br>Amendment Fee<br>Casual Insurance Fee  | \$193.00 per hour<br>\$228.00 per hour (Training - 100 Lux)<br>\$255.00 per hour (Game - 200 Lux)<br>\$ 81.00<br>\$ 50.00<br>\$ 25.00 (per occasion)<br>\$183.00  |

\*As a guide one bin is required for 30 people.

Bubble Soccer is only permitted on Cammeray Oval. Please ensure you include any setting up / packing up within the timeframe reserved.

### **INSURANCE DETAILS**

All hirers must have public liability insurance. Private individuals (who don't have their own insurance) can purchase Council's 'casual' insurance (\$183.00 per occasion). Bookings on behalf of a company must provide their own insurance. In this instance, the booking will be entered in the name of the insured and public liability insurance must be for no less than \$20 million (\$AUD).

#### For a full list of the Terms and Conditions, please refer to Council's website www.northsydney.nsw.gov.au

### **Casual Hire of a Sporting Resource**

### **APPLICANT'S DETAILS**

Complete all details below. Use a **black** pen.

| Organisation/Individual: | ABN (if applicable) | :          |
|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Contact Name:            | Position:           |            |
| Address:                 | Suburb:             | Post Code: |
| Postal Address:          |                     |            |
| Telephone:               | Mobile:             |            |
| Email:                   |                     |            |

Number of Paid Service Providers: \_\_\_\_\_

|        |                        |      |           | Council Use Onl | у           |
|--------|------------------------|------|-----------|-----------------|-------------|
| Paid S | Service to be provided | Name | Indemnity | Insurance       | Expiry Date |
|        | Musician               |      |           |                 |             |
|        | Caterer                |      |           |                 |             |
|        | Amusement Device       |      |           |                 |             |
|        | Animal Farm            |      |           |                 |             |
|        | Other                  |      |           |                 |             |

### SPORTING FIELD REQUIREMENTS

Sporting fields are <u>not</u> available for hire during March and September (grounds are closed to allow for new season field preparation and maintenance).

| Location/Resource:   |                         | Number of Players:             |  |  |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Oval: Turf Wicket 🛛 Mini Oval: 🖸   | . 🗆 2. 🗆 3. 🗆 4. 🗆 5. ( | Oval: 1. □ 2. □ 3. □ 4. □ 5. □ |  |  |
| Practice Net: 1.  2.   | Netball Court: 1. 🛛     | 2.                             |  |  |
| Date: Time: to Number of Litter Bins:  |                         |                                |  |  |
| Activity: Cricket 🛛 Rugby 🗆 Union 🗆 Touch 🗆 Oztag 🗆 Soccer 🗆 Hockey 🗆 Softball 🗆 Netball 🗆 Other 🗆 |                         |                                |  |  |

| FOR COUNCIL USE                      |                          |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
|                                      |                          |  |
| Code: Hourly Fee                     | Amount Paid:             |  |
| Code: 253 Public Liability Insurance | Date:                    |  |
| Code: 249 Litter Bin \$ x            | Receipt No:              |  |
| Code: 103 Bond:                      | Booking Reference No:    |  |
| Code:                                | Correspondence No:       |  |
|                                      | Litter Bin Ordered:      |  |
| Total:                               | Turf Wicket Approved On: |  |
| Comments:                            | · · · ·                  |  |
|                                      |                          |  |
|                                      |                          |  |
|                                      |                          |  |
|                                      |                          |  |
|                                      |                          |  |

### **Casual Hire of a Sporting Resource**

### **HIRER'S INDEMNITY AND CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY**

The top section of this form must be completed and signed before a booking confirmation can be issued. The lower section of this form must be completed if you have your own insurance.

#### Name of Applicant:

(Applicant's name must be the same as insurance policy holder)

(referred to hereafter as the Permit Holder) holds North Sydney Council (referred to hereafter as the Council) harmless, and releases and indemnifies and keeps released and indemnified, from and against all actions, suits, claims, demands, costs, charges and expenses for which Council, its servants, agents or employees may be held liable in respect of any loss, damage, accident or injury of whatsoever nature or kind and however sustained or occasioned and whether to property or persons in connection with the use of this public area and any work connected therewith pursuant to this permit but excluding such liability arising from any negligent act, default or omission, on the part of Council, its servants, agents or employees either solely or in contribution thereto.

#### Signed:

Date:

### **CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY DETAILS**

#### **Insurance Details**

This section must be completed if you are providing your <u>own</u> insurance.

#### **Insurance Information**

I hereby declare that I (name of applicant) \_

as permit holder and North Sydney Council are insured for legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage for a limit of indemnity of not less than \$20 million (\$AUD).

Name of Insurance Company:

| Public Liability Policy No: |     |  |
|-----------------------------|-----|--|
| Period of Insurance from:   | to: |  |
| Limit of Indemnity: \$      |     |  |

Location: Anywhere in the North Sydney Council area

Cover: The Insured's legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage

I understand that this insurance shall not be cancelled or lapse without the agreement of North Sydney Council and the policy document shall be endorsed to this effect.

This insurance includes the cross liability clause.

Signed:

Date:

**N.B.** If providing your own insurance a copy of your Certificate of Currency **must** be included with your application at the time of lodgement.

| PRIVACY STATEMENT  |  |
|--|--|
| North Sydney Council is collecting your personal information for the purposes of pro-<br>information is entirely voluntary. If you elect not to provide or do not wish to provide<br>your application or act on or acknowledge your submission. North Sydney Counci-<br>information and access to your personal information by interested parties, may be re-<br>publish any personal information included in a submission on a proposal or propo-<br>information held by Council. You also have a right to have your personal information of<br>the public to view Council's records which are not in the public arena are subject to<br>Act 1998, Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and North Sydney Council | your personal information, Council may not be able to process<br>il shall be regarded as the agency that holds your personal<br>deased in line with Council policies. North Sydney Council may<br>used development. You have a right to access your personal<br>corrected or amended by Council. Applications by members of<br>the provisions of Privacy and Personal Information Protection |
| I have read and understand the Privacy Statement   |  |
| Signed:  | te:  |

### Casual Hire of a Sporting Resource

### SERVICE PROVIDER'S INDEMNITY & CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY DETAILS

This form needs to be completed by each **paid** service provider you have engaged in conjunction with your booking. This may include but is not limited to musicians, caterers, photographers etc.

**N.B.** A separate form is required for each service provider. If there are several providers in the one group and they are not covered by a group policy, then each member will need to complete a separate form.

| Contact:                               | Email:         |  |
|--|----------------|--|
| Business Name:                         | Mobile:        |  |
| Service to be provided (e.g. caterer): |                |  |
| Location of Event:                     | Date of Event: |  |

The service provider hold North Sydney Council (referred to hereafter as the Council) harmless, and releases and indemnifies and keeps released and indemnified, from and against all actions, suits, claims, demands, costs, charges and expenses for which Council, its servants, agents or employees may be held liable in respect of any loss, damage, accident or injury of whatsoever nature or kind and however sustained or occasioned and whether to property or persons in connection with the service provided and any work connected therewith pursuant to this permit but excluding such liability arising from any negligent act, default or omission, on the part of Council, its servants, agents or employees either solely or in contribution thereto.

### **CERTIFICATE OF CURRENCY DETAILS**

#### **Insurance Details**

Complete this form, giving details of your public liability insurance.

#### **Insurance Information**

As a service provider I am insured for legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage for a limit of indemnity of not less than \$20 million (AUD).

Name of Insurance Company:

| Public Liability Policy No: |     |  |
|-----------------------------|-----|--|
| Period of Insurance from:   | to: |  |
| Limit of Indemnity: \$      |     |  |

Location: Anywhere in the North Sydney Council area.

Cover: The Insured's legal liability to the public in respect of personal injury and property damage.

I understand that this insurance shall not be cancelled or lapse without the agreement of North Sydney Council.

| Signed: | Date: |
|---------|-------|
|         |       |

**N.B.** A copy of the current Certificate of Currency and completed service indemnity form **must** be forwarded to Council no later than one week prior to the event date.

| Casual | Hire | of | а | Sporting | Resource |
|--------|------|----|---|----------|----------|
|--------|------|----|---|----------|----------|

### **PART 8 - QUESTIONNAIRE**

If you answer 'Yes' to any of the following, provide details.

| 1.      | Will food be served?   | Yes | 🗌 No |
|---------|--|-----|------|
| 2.      | Will the event be privately catered?   | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 3.      | Will there be any amplification?   | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 4.      | Is the event open to the public?   | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 5.      | Will there be any form of payment, entry fee or a condition of entry?              | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 6.      | Will the event be advertised?  | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 7.      | Will any goods be bought or sold?  | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 8.      | Will there be fundraising?   | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 9.      | Will alcohol be served?  | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 10.     | Will prizes be awarded?  | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 11.     | Will there be any music/entertainment? (N.B. Amplification is strictly Prohibited) | Yes | 🗌 No |
| 12.     | Will there be equipment/structures (incl. animal farm, BBQ etc)?                   | Yes | 🗌 No |
| Signed: | Date:  |     |      |

ABN (if applicable):

Mobile:

# LITTER BIN HIRE



# Code 249

CONTACT

Name:

Company:

Address:

Telephone (during b/hours):

Email:

### LOCATION

### FUNCTION DETAILS

Number of Bins required:

Date of Function:

| FOR COUNCIL USE       |                       |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Processed by:         | Date Ordered:         |  |
| Cost per Bin: \$81.00 | No. of Bins Required: |  |
| Amount Paid: \$       |                       |  |
| Receipt No:           |                       |  |
| Date:                 |                       |  |
|                       |                       |  |

# **BOND LODGEMENT**

**Bond Refunds (if applicable):** Refunds can only be refunded into a bank account (ie not directly back into a credit card)

| Applicant  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
|--|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------|--|
| Applicant  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Company Name / Individual:   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Address:   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| ABN:   |           |                 | Contact No:                    |         |                    |  |
| Email address for remittance advice:   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Category   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| DA Bond/s Carpark Debtor Account   |           | 🗆 Во            | Bookings   Advertising Permit  |         | Advertising Permit |  |
| Contract Access Council Property   |           | □ Ot            | Other (Please provide details) |         |                    |  |
| Banking Details for Refund   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| I authorise the bond money to be refunded to bank account listed below   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Name: Date Date  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Account Holder Name(s):  | ame(s):   |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| BSB Number:  |           | Account number: |                                |         |                    |  |
| PRIVACY STATEMENT<br>North Sydney Council is collecting your personal information for the purposes of processing an application or submission. The supply of personal<br>information is entirely voluntary. If you elect not to provide or do not wish to provide your personal information, Council may not be able to<br>process your application or act on or acknowledge your submission. North Sydney Council shall be regarded as the agency that holds your<br>personal information and access to your personal information by interested parties, may be released in line with Council policies. North Sydney<br>Council may publish any personal information included in a submission on a proposal or proposed development. You have a right to access your<br>personal information held by Council. You also have a right to have your personal information corrected or amended by Council. Applications by<br>members of the public to view Council's records which are not in the public arena are subject to the provisions of Privacy and Personal<br>Information Protection Act 1998, Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and North Sydney Council's Privacy Management Plan.<br><i>I have read and understand the Privacy Statement</i><br>Signed: |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Bond Details (Office Use)  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Name:  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Bond Type:   | Trust ID: |                 |                                | Amount: |                    |  |
| Property Address:  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Bond Description:  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| DA Number / Reference Number:  |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |
| Entered By:  |           |                 | Memo Added to Authority:       |         |                    |  |
| Date Bond Received:  |           |                 | Receipt Number:                |         |                    |  |
| Finance / NAR Office Use:<br>Check employee/company/individual has a creditor account already? Yes-update No- Create   |           |                 |                                |         |                    |  |



## 8.2. Key Projects and Works

| George Carrick, Access and Inclusion Coordinator           |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Marcelo Occhiuzzi, Director Planning and Environment       |  |  |  |  |
| Nil  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Our Living Environment                                  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.4 Well utilised open space and recreational facilities   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Our Built Infrastructure                                |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1 Infrastructure and assets meet diverse community needs |  |  |  |  |
| 2.2 Vibrant public domains and villages                    |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Our Innovative City                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 Our commercial centres are prosperous and vibrant      |  |  |  |  |
| 3.2 North Sydney is smart and innovative                   |  |  |  |  |
| 3.3 Distinctive sense of place and design excellence       |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Our Social Vitality                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 4.1 North Sydney is connected, inclusive, healthy and safe |  |  |  |  |
| The worth synney is connected, inclusive, nearing and sale |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Our Civic Leadership                                    |  |  |  |  |
| 5.1 Lead North Sydney's strategic direction                |  |  |  |  |
| 5.3 Community is engaged in what Council does              |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

### Background

In mid 2024, Council undertook a comprehensive community engagement program, the 'have your say', on North Sydney's next ten years' campaign, to understand the needs and priorities of our community. Following the preparation of the resulting Strategies from this engagement, Council endorsed for public exhibition, seven 10 Year Informing Strategies. This exhibition process occurred between 27 November 2024 to 10 January 2025.

Each strategy includes an overarching outcome of where we want to be in 10 years and strategic directions with clear measurable objectives, that outline how we will strive towards the outcome. Under each strategic direction are specific projects and initiatives that will help us achieve the objectives. There is also a list of Council's existing services that support each strategic direction.

An overview of the draft Strategies was provided to the Access and Inclusion Committee in early December 2024.

At its meeting on 10 February 2025, Council endorsed the draft Strategies.

### RECOMMENDATION

**1. THAT** the Access and Inclusion Committee note the report.

## Report

With the finalisation of Council's 10-year Strategic documents, Council is currently in the process of developing its next Community Strategic Plan and related Operational Plan. The Community Strategic Plan will include the recommendations and key projects identified in the seven informing strategy documents. All initiatives are due to be completed over the course of the next 10 years, while the Delivery Plan and Operational Plan will assign deadlines, budget and responsibility for each key action to take place in a 4-year period.

These plans are in development and are scheduled to be completed by April 2025. Of significance is Council's proposed Special Rate Variation (SRV), the outcome of which will shape whether Council is able to deliver the asset, and infrastructure works and where relevant, new and upgraded infrastructure identified in the informing strategies. Council has selected Special Rate Variation (SRV) Option 2a, which encompasses these projects, however the SRV will not be confirmed until the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) makes its final decision, expected to occur in May 2025. While there is still some uncertainty regarding the outcome of the SRV, Council will commence work to identify key projects and capital works scheduled to begin in Year 1 (commencing July 2025) of the upcoming operational plan.

Council is committed to ensuring that the Access and Inclusion Committee (AIC) forms an integral component of the planning, design, and implementation of these works. Proactive measures to ensure access and inclusion principles are embedded into each of these projects from the inception are crucial for long-term success and sustainability. As such, in this meeting of the AIC, the committee will be briefed on the most significant projects which were highlighted as priorities in the 10-year strategic plans. These projects will be among the largest works completed in this planning cycle and it is suggested they would be of particular interest to the AIC. The key projects identified in the 10 year strategic plans include:

- Redevelopment of the Hume St Park site
- Redevelopment of the Holtemann St carpark site
- Preparation of a Cammeray Golf Course Masterplan
- Balls Head Quarantine Depot Redevelopment
- Council wide Wayfinding Strategy
- Accessible Neutral Bay Community Centre
- Review Council's communication approach to improve accessibility
- Develop new Disability Inclusion Action Plan
- Develop a North Sydney Walking Action Plan
- Review of Disability Parking Policy

It is proposed that the AIC meeting scheduled for Tuesday 27 May, be presented a comprehensive report on planned capital works for Year 1 (2025/26). This will be an opportunity for further detailed conversation and engagement regarding the projects highlighted above and a host of smaller scale projects which may be of interest to the AIC.

## 9. General Business

- Recent employment of two people with disability in partnership with Jigsaw Australia
- Farewell to Committee member Naomi Deck

# **10.** Confirmation of 2025 meeting dates

The following change in meeting dates (for the rest of 2025) were recently circulated to the Committee:

Tuesday 27 May 2025 Tuesday 26 August 2025 Tuesday 25 November 2025

# **11.** Vote of thanks and Closure of Meeting