Report to General Manager

SUBJECT: Election of Deputy Mayor

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ENDORSED BY: Margaret Palmer, Director Corporate Services

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The term of office for the Deputy Mayor will expire on 30 September 2019. The election of the Deputy Mayor for the period from 1 October 2019 to 5 September 2020 (the day prior to the NSW Council elections) will take place at the Council meeting to be held on Monday 23 September 2019.

Nominations may be made without notice and must be in writing, in accordance with clause 2 of Schedule 7 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 (The Schedule), a copy of which is attached.

A nomination was received for:

- Councillor Stephen Barbour

If only one nomination is received, that Councillor will be deemed to be elected. If more than one nomination is received, an election will be conducted in accordance with The Schedule.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS:

Nil.

RECOMMENDATION:
1. THAT an election for the position of Deputy Mayor for the period 1 October 2019 to 5 September 2020 be held.
2. THAT Council determine the method of voting.
3. THAT the Director-General of the Office of Local Government and Secretary of the Local Government and Shires Association of New South Wales be advised of the election result.

LINK TO COMMUNITY STRATEGIC PLAN

The relationship with the Community Strategic Plan is as follows:

Direction: 5. Our Civic Leadership

Outcome: 5.1 Council leads the strategic direction of North Sydney

BACKGROUND

Section 231 of the Local Government Act 1993 states that:

(1) The Councillors may elect a person from among their number to be the Deputy Mayor.
(2) The person may be elected for the mayoral term or a shorter term.
(3) The Deputy Mayor may exercise any function of the Mayor at the request of the Mayor or if the mayor is prevented by illness, absence or otherwise from exercising the function or if there is a casual vacancy in the office of Mayor.
(4) The Councillors may elect a person from among their number to act as Deputy Mayor if the Deputy Mayor is prevented by illness, absence or otherwise from exercising a function under this section, or if no Deputy Mayor has been elected.

The Deputy Mayor will be elected for the period of 1 October 2019 to 5 September 2020, the day prior to the NSW Council elections.

A report was submitted to the Governance and Finance Committee on 9 September 2019 (see Item 1), which resolved to recommend:

1. THAT Councillors note that nominations for the position of Deputy Mayor close at 12pm on Wednesday 18 September 2019.
2. THAT the election of the Deputy Mayor for the period from 1 October 2019 to 5 September 2020 take place at the Council meeting to be held on Monday 23 September 2019.

CONSULTATION REQUIREMENTS

Community engagement is not required.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

The sustainability implications are of a minor nature and did not warrant a detailed assessment.

DETAIL

Following the report to the Governance and Finance Committee, nominations were received for:

• Councillor Stephen Barbour

Part 3 of The Schedule 7 provides that if more than one councillor is nominated, the council is to resolve whether the election is to proceed by preferential ballot, by ordinary ballot or by open voting.

Once Council has determined the method of voting, the Mayor will hand over to the General Manager (or a person appointed by the General Manager) to conduct the election as the Returning Officer (The Schedule, Part 3)

The result of the election (including the name of the candidate elected as Deputy Mayor) is:

(a) to be declared to the Councillors at the council meeting at which the election is held by the Returning Officer, and
(b) to be delivered or sent to the Director-General and to the Secretary of the Local Government and Shires Association of New South Wales. (The Schedule, Part 13)

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New South Wales Consolidated Regulations

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (GENERAL) REGULATION 2005 - SCHEDULE 7

LOCAL GOVERNMENT (GENERAL) REGULATION 2005 - SCHEDULE 7

SCHEDULE 7 – ELECTION OF MAYOR BY COUNCILLORS

(Clause 394)

Part 1 - Preliminary

1 RETURNING OFFICER

The general manager (or a person appointed by the general manager) is the returning officer.

2 NOMINATION

(1) A councillor may be nominated without notice for election as mayor or deputy mayor.

(2) The nomination is to be made in writing by 2 or more councillors (one of whom may be the nominee). The nomination is not valid unless the nominee has indicated consent to the nomination in writing.

(3) The nomination is to be delivered or sent to the returning officer.

(4) The returning officer is to announce the names of the nominees at the council meeting at which the election is to be held.

3 ELECTION

(1) If only one councillor is nominated, that councillor is elected.

(2) If more than one councillor is nominated, the council is to resolve whether the election is to proceed by preferential ballot, by ordinary ballot or by open voting.

(3) The election is to be held at the council meeting at which the council resolves on the method of voting.

(4) In this clause:

"ballot" has its normal meaning of secret ballot.

"open voting" means voting by a show of hands or similar means.

Part 2 - Ordinary ballot or open voting

4 APPLICATION OF PART

This Part applies if the election proceeds by ordinary ballot or by open voting.

5 MARKING OF BALLOT-PAPERS

(1) If the election proceeds by ordinary ballot, the returning officer is to decide the manner in which votes are to be marked on the ballot-papers.

(2) The formality of a ballot-paper under this Part must be determined in accordance with clause 345 (1) (b) and (c) and (6) of this Regulation as if it were a ballot-paper referred to in that clause.

(3) An informal ballot-paper must be rejected at the count.

6 COUNT--2 CANDIDATES

(1) If there are only 2 candidates, the candidate with the higher number of votes is elected.

(2) If there are only 2 candidates and they are tied, the one elected is to be chosen by lot.

7 COUNT--3 OR MORE CANDIDATES

(1) If there are 3 or more candidates, the one with the lowest number of votes is to be excluded.

(2) If 3 or more candidates then remain, a further vote is to be taken of those candidates and the one with the lowest number of votes from that further vote is to be excluded.

(3) If, after that, 3 or more candidates still remain, the procedure set out in subclause (2) is to be repeated until only 2 candidates remain.

(4) A further vote is to be taken of the 2 remaining candidates.

(5) Clause 6 of this Schedule then applies to the determination of the election as if the 2 remaining candidates had been the only candidates.

(6) If at any stage during a count under subclause (1) or (2), 2 or more candidates are tied on the lowest number of votes, the one excluded is to be chosen by lot.

Part 3 - Preferential ballot

8 APPLICATION OF PART

This Part applies if the election proceeds by preferential ballot.

9 BALLOT-PAPERS AND VOTING

(1) The ballot-papers are to contain the names of all the candidates. The councillors are to mark their votes by placing the numbers "1", "2" and so on against the various names so as to indicate the order of their preference for all the candidates.

(2) The formality of a ballot-paper under this Part is to be determined in accordance with clause 345 (1) (b) and (c) and (5) of this Regulation as if it were a ballot-paper referred to in that clause.

(3) An informal ballot-paper must be rejected at the count.

10 COUNT

(1) If a candidate has an absolute majority of first preference votes, that candidate is elected.

(2) If not, the candidate with the lowest number of first preference votes is excluded and the votes on the unexhausted ballot-papers counted to him or her

are transferred to the candidates with second preferences on those ballot-papers.

(3) A candidate who then has an absolute majority of votes is elected, but, if no candidate then has an absolute majority of votes, the process of excluding the candidate who has the lowest number of votes and counting each of his or her unexhausted ballot-papers to the candidates remaining in the election next in order of the voter's preference is repeated until one candidate has received an absolute majority of votes. The latter is elected.

(4) In this clause,
"absolute majority" , in relation to votes, means a number that is more than one-half of the number of unexhausted formal ballot-papers.

11 TIED CANDIDATES

(1) If, on any count of votes, there are 2 candidates in, or remaining in, the election and the numbers of votes cast for the 2 candidates are equal--the candidate whose name is first chosen by lot is taken to have received an absolute majority of votes and is therefore taken to be elected.

(2) If, on any count of votes, there are 3 or more candidates in, or remaining in, the election and the numbers of votes cast for 2 or more candidates are equal and those candidates are the ones with the lowest number of votes on the count of the votes--the candidate whose name is first chosen by lot is taken to have the lowest number of votes and is therefore excluded.

Part 4 - General

12 CHOOSING BY LOT

To choose a candidate by lot, the names of the candidates who have equal numbers of votes are written on similar slips of paper by the returning officer, the slips are folded by the returning officer so as to prevent the names being seen, the slips are mixed and one is drawn at random by the returning officer and the candidate whose name is on the drawn slip is chosen.

13 RESULT

The result of the election (including the name of the candidate elected as mayor or deputy mayor) is:

(a) to be declared to the councillors at the council meeting at which the election is held by the returning officer, and

(b) to be delivered or sent to the Director-General and to the Secretary of the Local Government and Shires Association of New South Wales.